The Nile: Egypt's lifeline under threat, Page 23

Monday 30 November 1987

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World News

France and Iran move to break deadlock

France and Iran appear to have made significant progress to resolve their diplomatic dead-lock. It could eventually lead to normalisation of relations

normalisation of relations.

Concrete signs of a breakthrough emerged last night
when Mr Wahid Gori, helieved
to be number two at the Iranian
embassy in Paris, finally agreed
to be questioned by a French
magistrate about the terrorist
bombings which shook the
French capital in 1985 and 1986.

Meanwhile, the French consul
in Tetran appeared before a soein Tehran appeared before a spe-cial tribunal there, according to the Iranian news agency. Page

Polish turnout

A total of 55 per cent of the Polish electorate had turned out by 5 pm yesterday in the national referendum on speeding up the government's economic reforms as well as cautious political changes. Final results are expected this evening. Page 2

Airliner missing

Bodies recovered

In South Africa's worst air disas-ter. five bodies have been recovter, five bodies have been recovered from the Indian Ocean after a South African Airways Boeing 747 with 160 passengers and crew crashed in deep waters 130 miles north east of Mauritius.

Ozai claims victory

Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal said his conservative Motherland Party was heading for victory in the parliamentary election. He said results so far showed "we will be the party in power slone".

Afghan rocket attack

Moslem guerrillas exploded a rocket near a hall in Kabul where the Afghan capital's Soviet-backed leader Najibullah was condemning the rebeis during a Grand National Assembly. Page 24

Italian diplomats worldwide are to hold their first strike today in protest against a proposed law allowing hundreds of junior For-eign Ministry staff to be pro-moted to the clite diplomatic corps. Page 3

Failure by British and Spanish foreign ministers to reach agreement over the disputed Gibraltar airport issue has imperilled the adoption of an air deregulation package by the European Trans-port Council. Page 3

The widow of Nikolai Bukharin the most famous Communist leader executed by Stalin in the 1930s, has written to Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, asking for her husband to be rehabilitated. Page 3

Milan magistrates have lodged an appeal with Italy's constitu-tional court against a Supreme Court decision to quash arrest warrants issued against Archbishop Paul Marcinkus, the chairman of the Vatican Bank.

Albanian anniversary

Albania does not want to live in isolation and is interested in international cooperation as long as it is free of interference, the country's leader Ramiz Alia said on the 75th aniversary of Alba-nian independence.

Ferry tragedy

Nearly 100 people were missing, feared drowned, when an over-crowded river ferry capsized after a collision about 100 km north of Dhaka, Bangladesh.

Parisians protest

Overseas

Britain.

Tens of thousands of people marched through central Paris on Sunday to protest against rac-ism and discrimination against immigrants.

Companies .

Companies .

World Guide

Appolicments

Arts - Reviews

Construction .

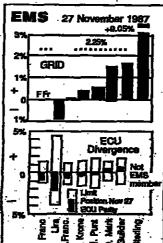
Business Summary

EUROPEAN Monetary Sys-tem: Central banks acted last week to try to reduce the build-up of pressure caused by further dollar weakness. The West German Bundesbank cut its West German Bundesbank cut its gers the unity of the nation and securities repurchase rate, the Bank of France responded with a eign powers in the country's similar move in its money mar, internal affairs' and of violating let intervention rate and the even its own electoral laws. sank of France responded with a similar move in its money market intervention rate and the Dutch authorities reduced several key rates, including the discount rate. Finally, the Belgian central bank cut its three-month Treasury bill rate.

These allowed the French franc a brief respite although pressure started to mount again on Fri-day, pushing the franc below the Belgian franc in the table, with the D-Mark finishing at its best level of the week.

A South Korean airliner with 97 passengers and 20 crew disappeared over Burma during a flight from Baghdad to Seoul. Korean Airlines said the Boeing 707 lost radio contact as it approached Bangkok for a refuelling stop.

Badica reconstant



The charf shows the two con-straints on European Monetary System exchange rates. The approach to debtors difficulties. est currency in the system, defines the cross-rates from which no currency (except the lira) may move by more than 24 per cent. The lower chart 2% per cent. The lower cnar-gives each currency's diver-gence from the "central rate" Init (Ecu), itself derived from a basket of European currencies.

PORSCHE, West German luxury sports car manufacturer, said its workforce would be on short time for part of next year because of a 30 per cent drop in US sales. Page 26

BOFORS, Swedish armaments manufacturer under investiga-tion for weapons snuggling, has won a SKr220m (\$35.8m) order from the Dutch Defence Ministry to modernise 60 40mm anti-aircraft guns. Page 4

BANCO DE Bilbao, Spain's third largest bank, postponed its decision on a public bid for con-trol of Banco Espanol de Cre-dito (Banesto) after the resig-nation of the latter's vice-chairman and chief execu-

NEWS CORPORATION, Mr Rupert Murdoch's Australian media company, is understood to be buying the Fatriax group's stakes in the domestic news wire service and Australian News-print Mills for A\$275m

(\$191m). Page 26 DRESSER INDUSTRIES, US energy and industrial products concern, has signed a letter of intent to acquire M W Kellogg, specialist in the design and construction of petrochemical, refinery and other energy-related projects. Page 26

Haiti cancels elections THE ORGANISATION for Economic Co-operation and Development, the industrial countries leading economic policy institution, could run out of the budget difficulties in Washington and long overdue payments from the US, Page 24 EUBOPEAN Monetary Systems Central banks a result of the budget difficulties in Washington and long overdue payments from the US, Page 24 EUBOPEAN Monetary Systems Central banks are suited and suited and

The cancellation of the elections is a victory for the armydominated interim government which has been running the country since the Duvalier dictatorship collapsed last year. It dissolved the Independent Electoral Council, the body responsible for organising yesterday's poll. In a decree read over national television, the National Governing Council of action that "endangers the unity of the nation and

Heavy gunfire was heard in the capital, Port-au-Prince, yes-terday and the streets were des-

Voting had already been post-

Jean-Claude Duvalier, who fied the country in February, 1986, after a wave of popular protest toppled the dictatorship started by his father.

The gangs instigating the violence were organised by former members of the Tonton Macoutes - the militia created by the Duvalier family - and by members of the army. Hundreds of former militianmen have been secreted in the army during the past year, almost doubling its 6,000-man strength.

Members of the election council have frequently accused the



Haitian soldiers enter a Port as Prince polling station where 14 people were killed ye during abortive presidential elections

Latin debtor nations join forces to demand renegotiated terms

LATIN AMERICA's biggest foreign debtors are to seek negotiations with their creditors in terms and to support each other
which they will demand sharply if this leads to confrontation
lower interest rates on their
debts and cuts in debt service
payments to reflect the diminished market value of their debt.
It is the first time Latin American

not met.

This was the main outcome of an historic summit here of the presidents of the recently constituted Group of Eight - Brazil, Maxico, Argentina, Venezuela, their debt in the secondary man-Peru, Colombia, Uruguay and Panama - which has a collective debtors - Brazil, Mexico and foreign debt of over \$350bb.

This is the closest the region has come to setting up a "debtors and the proper cartel" since the foreign debt of the large are the foreign debt of the large are the foreign debt or "The market save the Latin foreign debt of over \$350bn.
This is the closest the region has come to setting up a "debtors' cartel" since the foreign debt crisis broke in Mexico in August

1982. Since then, each country has negotiated individually with

is ned market value of their debt.

It is the first time Latin Amerites the real levels of the late 1970s, ica's debtor countries have when the US prime rate was threatened, in a conciliatory tone around half its present level. It but with unmistakable intent, to take unilateral action against of the money now owed was borcreditors if their demands are nowed and thus when the repayment flows were calculated.

This was the main external of their debt.

"The market says the Latin American debt is not worth \$400tm, but \$200bm. You have two ways of responding to it; reduce the interest rate or reduce the stock (of the debt). If we believe in the market, then why don't we follow 12° sate More The Latin American leaders don't we follow it?," said Mr Enrique Iglesiss, the Uruguyan Foreign Minister and former Head of the UN Economic Com-mission for Latin America.

ing to ministers attending the summit. He said, however, he would not insist on this demand if there was no clear majority in

if there was no clear majority in its favour.

The final agreement says the countries will show solidarity with other debtors which "could find themselves obliged to take unilateral measures" to get their debt service reduced to such levels which would permit renewed economic development.

Although the meeting's decis-ration - and the ministers themration - and the ministers them-selves - are vague on what forms such solidarity would take, the summit was characterised by an almost self-conscious feeling of unity and an unusual clarity of strategy.

Mr Luiz Carios Bresser Persira.
Brazil's Finance Minister, said there had to be a discount for the region's debtors. Speaking before leaving for New York and negotiations with Brazil creditors beginning on Tuesday, he said: "Can Argentina, Brazil and Mexico pay the interest on their debt at present rates and grow and have price stability? I say not the banks say they can if you accept that these countries have to have

Dollar may plumb new depths as fears grow

FOREIGN EXCHANGE trad

ers are braced for a volatile week during which many expect to see the dollar test new lows as the US Congress starts to flesh out the agreement on cutting the country's budget deficit. The dollar remained under pressure in weekend trading in the Middle East

and on Far Eastern exchanges. It had closed on exchanges. If mad closed on Friday at record closing lows in New York of DM1.6515 and Y138.45 and slipped further at the week-end against the West Ger-man D-Mark to test the DM1.65 level.

DM1.65 level.

Friday's US market movements were ominous. Gold surged to its highest level for almost three years, the US Treasury bond market fell to its lowest level since October 21, two days after the major abare price collapse on Wall Street, and the Dow Jones Industrial Average had its worst points loss for a week.

The perception is growing

The perception is growing that there is not enough common ground within the Group of Seven industrial nations to prevent a further sharp fall in the dollar. Mr James Baker, US Trea-sury Secretary, has made clear that he is not keen to take part in a Group of Seven meeting to discuss

growth and exchange rates Continued on Page 24

Bonn responds to critics with cheap credit

THE West German Government is expected to approve measures this week aimed at stimulating investments in the sluggish domestic economy by making special cheap credit available.

Up to DM15bn (\$9bn) of capital spending by local authorities and small and medium-sized and small and medium-sized companies could be encouraged through the new programme.

The first sketchy details of the Government's response to growing foreign and domestic criticism of its policies emerged at the weekend, along with rising speculation that the Bundesbank could also cut its discount rate on Thursday.

could also cut its discount rate on Thursday.

This key rate was last lowered, to 3 per cent, in January. It has only once been below this level, in 1959. Last week Mr Walter Seipp, chairman of Commerzbank, argued for a cut to 2.5 percent in the interrests of world economic co-operation. economic co-operation.

accommic co-operation.

The programme could be approved by the cabinet on Wednesday. This could then pave the way for a discount rate cut by the Bundesbank on Thursday, although Germany's central bank makes its decisions independently of Benny. ndependently of Bonn.
The Bundesbank has already

lowered money market rates with other European central banks in an attempt to check the dollar's fall and prevent an early realignment in the European Eberhard von Kuenn Monetary System (EMS). But the rival BMW car US currency fell further towards DM1.65 on Friday.

Germany's latest trade figures, a further slowdown realignment in the European

Walter Selpp: defending rate

showing a surplus of BM10.1bn (\$6hn) in October, indicate the extent of continuing world economic imbalances. However, the surplus was down on the DM11.5bn of September, as imports rose faster than exports.

The Government has recently The Government has recently aced an unusual wave of criticism from German bankers and businessmen, irked at the apparent lack of policy-making initiative from Bonn. Both Mr Edzard Reuter, chair-

man of Daimier-Benz, and Mr Eberhard von Kuenheim, head of the rival BMW car group, have called on Bonn to adopt a more growth-minded stance to prevent

Latin America's leaders had met to discuss their problems outside the confines of the US-dominated Organisation of America States (OAS). These countries have taken the ceiling on interest rates, according to the process there. Latin America's leaders Argentina told his colleagues that these countries have to have a discount on the debt' The Acapulco Pact, also commits the countries to promoting a reconstruction programme for Central America to underpin the ceiling on interest rates, according the countries have taken the countries have taken the ceiling on interest rates, according the countries have to have a discount on the debt' The Acapulco Pact, also commits the countries to promoting a reconstruction programme for Central America to underpin the ceiling on interest rates, according the countries have to have a discount on the debt' The Acapulco Pact, also commits the countries to promoting a reconstruction programme for Central America to underpin the ceiling on interest rates, according the countries have to have a discount on the debt' The Acapulco Pact, also commits the countries to promoting a reconstruction programme for Central America to underpin the countries have to have a discount on the debt' The Acapulco Pact, also commits the countries to promoting a reconstruction programme for Central America to underpin the countries have to have a discount on the debt' The Acapulco Pact, also commits the countries to promoting a reconstruction programme for Central America to underpin the countries have to have a discount on the debt' West German move threatens hopes for EC farm agreement

WEST GERMANY last night surprised the emergency talks of currently proposed by the European Community foreign pean Commission and the Danministers called to prevent a ship residency.

That would mean extra costs of export subsidies to the time of export

Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the West German Foreign Minister, arrived at the talks in Brussels, insisting that there could be sels, insisting that there could be Brussels in the opposite state of no question of trying to solve, the mind to Mr Genscher - ready to negotiate in detail on farm policiters last week in their efforts to agree on spending controls throughout the Common Agricultural Policy.

"We cannot expect to make progress where the agriculture ministers have failed," he told his fellow foreign ministers.

The hard-line German attitude immediately cast doubt on the the West German Foreign Minis-ter, arrived at the talks in Brus-

intent to acquire M Kellogg, specialist in the design and construction of petrochemical, refinery and other energy-related projects. Page 26

AGENCE HAVAS, French advertising agency privatised earlier this year, expects profits for 1988 to rise by around 20 per cent after an upgrading of earnings forecasts for the current year. Page 27

MANNESMANN, West German steel pipes and engineering group, reported a drop in profits for the first nine months. Page 26

The hard-line German attitude immediately cast doubt on the ability of the foreign ministers, summoned by the Danish presidency of the EC Council of Ministers for 2 last-ditch bout of negotiations, to prepare a package of budget discipline agreeing on a total cash limit for farm spending ing for the next five years there remain wide divergences of view.

A major debate yeaterday was end of the week by the heart of state and government.

The German plan would tackle the current year Page 27

MANNESMANN, West German steel pipes and engineering group, reported a drop in profits for the first nine months. Page 26

Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British

inition of exceptional circum-stances to include the need to resist international trade pressures, and weather conditions. Another unresolved issue is how to deal with the huge backlog of food stocks - the cereals, beef, dairy and other mountains.
The UK has proposed taking the cost outside the spending limits, in order to keep down the overall growth rate of farm spending. all growth rate of farm spending below the growth rate of GNP.

Mr Jacques Delors, the presi-dent of the European Commis-sion, which first advanced the



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Intl. Capital Markets 9-12

Men and Matters Money Markets

UE gilts Unit Trusts US bonds



MONDAY PAGE

INTERVIEW David Bucken talks to Peter Levene, Head of the Procurement

Africa: Debtors seek a way out ... Management: Moulding the international British industry: Bridging the manufac-

Airline choices, Competition rules The Nile: Egypt's lifeline under threat

Executive at the Ministry of Defence, Page 6

turing gap Editorial comment: The pressure on Iran;

from drought Lex: Tricky times for Opec ... Survey: Northern England Section III

White House in move to extend aid to Contras

THE REAGAN Administration is

supporting the Contras with small blocks of non-military aid

supporting the Contras with small blocks of non-military aid in an effort to avoid sabotaging the delicately-poised Central American peace plan which calls for negotiated cease-fires in Nicaragua, El Salvador and the region.

But US officials worry that the Leftist Nicaraguan government wants to spin out talks on a settlement and wait till the rebels' ammunition and morale run low. They want to keep up the pressure on Managua to negotiate with the Contras through renewed aid from Washington.

sounding out key Congressmen yesterday that President (\$16.6m) of requested non-lethal aid for the Nicaraguan Contra rebels to include helicopters and military training, according to reports in Washington.

At present, the US Congress is supporting the Contras with

between the Administration and

Israelis open fire on protesting Palestinians

at least four Palestinian youths yes-terday during protests to mark the 40th anniversary of UN resolution calling for the partition of Palestine spokesman said. into Jewish and Arab states, Reuter

reports from Jerusalem. An army spokesman said two All army spacesman scan were protesters were injured at the Bala-ta refugee camp in the occupied West Bank, when dozens of teenagers hurled stones, tyres and raised outlawed Palestinian flags.

The army clamped a curiew on Balata, where shopkeepers closed their stores to protest against the UN plan, adopted on November 29,

rs hurled stones, tyres and raised In the occupied Gaza Strip, soldi-utiawed Palestinian flags.

Another demonstrator, an 18- leg in Rafah on the Egyptian bor-

Reagan to urge end of two-term amendment

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan said he planned to cam-paign for the abolition of a constitutional amendment that restricts a President to serving two four-year terms US presidents, like British prime ministers, should be allowed to "go on and on", Mr Reagan told David Frost in a interview for the BBC television's This Week,

Next Week yesterday. "Once I get out of the job, I would like to start a movewouldn't do that for wouldn't do that for

wouldn't do that for myself."

The rule, which took effect in 1951, was introduced to prevent the abuse of power by long-serving leaders.

"It is the only office that is elected by all the people and it seems to me it is an interference with the people's democratic right that they are restricted and casnot vote for someone as often as they want to do often as they want to do that," he said.

The interview, which was recorded earlier this month,

was shown in the same pro-gramme as interviews with two former White House incumbents - Mr Jimmy Carter and Mr Gerald Ford. Carter and Mr Gerald Ford.

Mr Reagan said recent
events on world stockmarkets were, "to a certain
limit" a correction,

However, he thought
there were reasons to be
cheerful. "I think economically we have had the longest period of economic
expansion in our nation's
history," he said.

Renewed pressure on Waldheim to quit DR KURT WALDHEIM, the Austrian President, who is embroiled versy and criticism of Dr Walin a bitter controversy surround-dheim who has been abunned by

Air Canada to shut after

AIR CANADA'S domestic and to return to the table, but the international operations are to union has refused until Air Canbe shut down by tonight because ada yields on the issue of using of a deadlock in negotiations pension plan surphuses to index with the international Associa-

deadlock with union

placed on a list drawn up in 1949 by the United Nations Commission for Human Rights. The

sion for Human Rights. The reports say that those on the list were apparently catalogued as persons who could be prosecuted because of their activities during the Second World War.

Dr Waldheim, who was elected president of Austria in June 1998, has consistently denied the two main allegations that he knew about or was involved in the deportation of thousands of Greek Jews from Salonika to the Greek Jews from Salonika to the concentration camps as well as the murder of Yugoslav parti-

tion of Machinists representing 8,500 ground workers.

in a bitter controversy surrounding his wartime activities, is coming under renewed pressure to resign following reports that the was involved in deaths during the Second World War.

Dr Waldheim, the former UN secretary-general, has said that "all rumours of resignation are nonsense and unfounded".

The reports, published in the British newspaper the Sunday Express, say that Dr Waldheim and in an interview at the weekend with the Austrian daily newspapers Kurier and Kronen Zeitung that the deciplaced on a list drawn up in 1949 "not binding".

kronen Zeitting that the decisions of the commission were not binding.

He said however that he and the government would take the necessary conclusions from the findings. Dr Waldheim repeated that he would "vigorously" defend himself against any charges that he knew about war crimes committed by the Nazis. crimes committed by the Nazis.

Meanwhile the Socialist Party
and the Conservative People's
Party, which form the coalition government, are reported to be holding private meetings to dis-cuss the "Waldheim affair". Die Presse, the Austrian daily which has staunchly defended Waldheim in the past, reported

pany said this would amount to a blank cheque for C\$70m

a blank cheque for C\$70m (\$33m).

Air Canada has nearly 50 percent of the domestic market and Mr John Crosbie, Transport Minister, claimed that other airlines could pick up the slack.

The company has proposed pay increases of between 4 and 5 percent over three years. The unions want 7.2 percent in one year.



on Saturday that both parties are considering possible candidates to succeed Dr.-Waldheim if he This is the first time Die Presse

BY TONY WALKER IN CAIRO

Cairo ordered the closure of PLO offices because of its displeasure at a resolution of the Palestine National Council meeting in Algiers. The resolution expressed solidarity with elements inside Egypt opposed to the Camp David accord that led to the peace treaty with Israel.

respectable way out of this situa-

PA adds: The British Government is coming under increasing pressure to act on the allegations that Dr Waldheim played a key role in the murder of British

commandos. Labour MP Mr Greville Januar is to raise the matter in the Com-roons after the opening of 40-year-old UN files on war crimi-nals led to the disclosure of evi-dence claiming that Dr Wal-dheim lied about his Nazi past and the part he played in the murder of the soldiers, jaws and

partisans.

Mr Janner, secretary of the all-party war crimes perliamentary group and MP for Leicester West, said the government no longer had any excuse for keeping its own files under wraps.

Now that the truth is coming out about Weldheim we want to out about Waldheim, we want to know the whole truth and noth-ing but the truth since British prisoners were among those sent

has ever mentioned the possibiity of Dr Waldheim resigning.
This suggests the climate of
opinion may be slowly turning
in favour of seeking some

for extermination.*

He plans to question Foreign
Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe and
Attorney General Sir Patrick
Mayhew.

Poles turn out to vote on market reforms

POLES YESTERDAY voted in the country's first referendum in over 40 years on a speeding of the government's economic reform as well as a cantious programme of political change which continues, however, to exclude any return of the ban-ned Solidarity trade union. Almost 27m voters were emi-

tled to vote in the referendum which will be valid only if over 50 per cent turn out. The govern-ment also has to get over half of those entitled to vote to say 'yes' those entitled to vote to say year to their economic programme, for the result to be binding.

By afternoon yesterday, the government spokeaman, Mr Jerzy Urhan, said 40 per cent had aiready voted and this implied the turnout will exceed 50 per cent. The results are expected today.

60 per cent. The results are expected today.

A negative vote, officials have said, would complicate talks planned for next year with the international Monetary Fund which is demanding the implementation of the market reforms as a condition for providing standby credits to help service Poland's \$36bn debt.

Recole word mostly on their

People voted mostly on their way to or coming back from church. Plainclothes police kept

EGYPT yesterday in effect restored normal relations, which were suspended in April, with the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

Cairo ordered the closure of PLO's senior representative in Cairo.

Cairo ordered the closure of PLO's senior representative in the decision was in harmony with the recent emergency Arab Summit in Amman whose final resolution enabled Arab states to resume full diplomatic relations with Egypt, broken off at the lime the peace treaty was signed in 1979.

Egypt's decision to suspend a discreet eye on proceedings and riot police were placed on

People at work have been told by their superiors they should vote. One young voter entering a polling station in a village out-side Warsaw said he was voting because he was "obliged to". expressed solidarity with elements inside Egypt opposed to the Camp David accord that led to the peace treaty with Israel.

A brief Foreign Ministry statement said: "It has been decided to raise the Palestine flag as of today on the headquarters of the PLO in Cairo." Dr Esmat Abdel Meguid, Egypt's Foreign Ministry and Egyptian officials in the meantime. Local voting figures are not be published which will make it impossible even to speculate about the veracity of the national results the authorities

Polish TV and radio have also been hammering out a concerted message to get people to rote yes on the economic question, while the banned Solidarity movement has merely advised in supporters to ignore the event

SHIPPING REPORT

Egypt permits PLO to

re-open Cairo offices

Rates firm for tankers loading in the Gulf

scale 92 was paid for a cargo of 80,000 tonnes to East Africa, and

RATES FOR very large crude carriers joading in the Gulf firmed last week, but brokers said the improvement was largely due to the two-day Thanksgiving holidsy in the US, which compressed trading into three days.

Galbraith's, the London brokers, said Worldscale 49 was paid for a cargo of 270,000 tonnes from the Middle East to the US Worldscale 39 for Charge with a one-point pre-

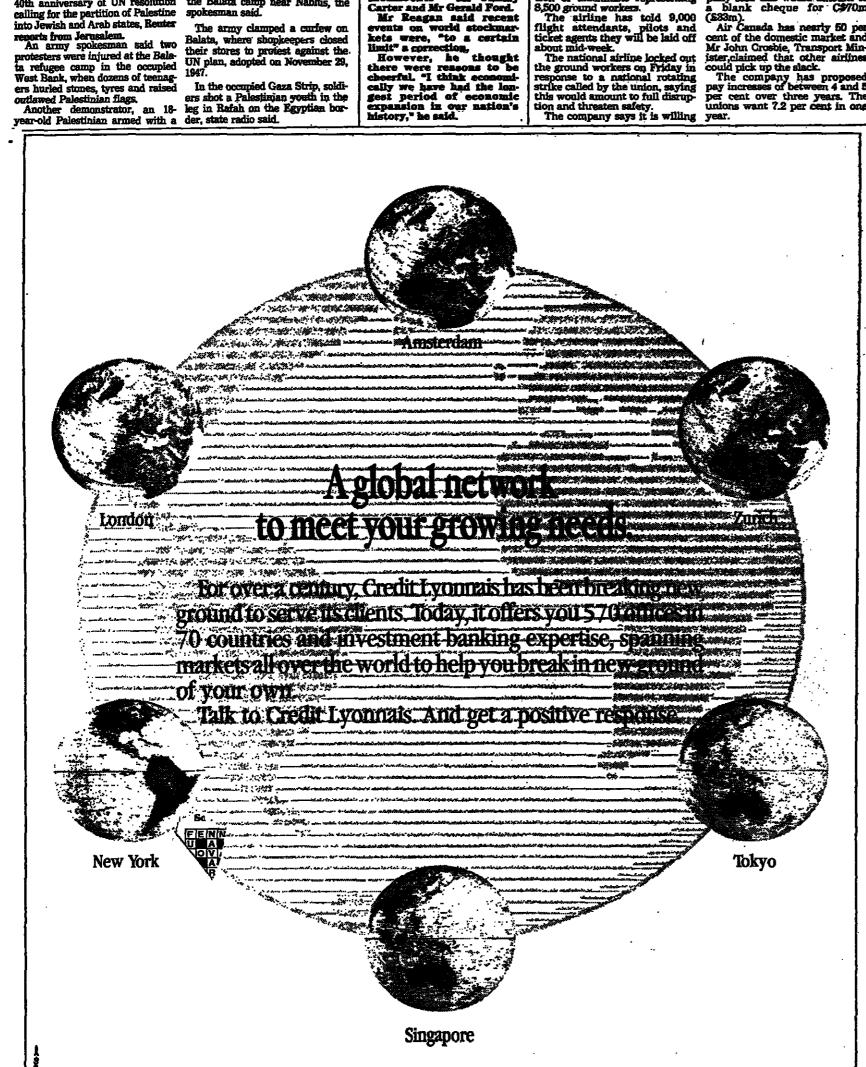
Gulf, and Worldscale 39 for charge with a one-point pre-345,000 tonnes to the same desti-mium for UK/Continent, Gib-

iterranean or to the UK.

IRAN'S deputy Foreign Minister for Economie and International Affairs, Mohammad Javad Lari-jani, will leave for the United Nations today to hold talks about a Gulf war ceasefire resolution, according to Tehran Radio, Rea-ter reports.

Iran envoy to UN

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Gibraltar talks failure threatens air fares deal

FAILURE by the British and FAILURE by the British and Spanish foreign ministers to reach an agreement in Madrid over the disputed Gibraltar airport issue at the weekend has imperilled the adoption of an air deregulation package by the European Transport Council when it meets in Brussels a week from nodey.

from today. Sir Geoffrey Howe and Mr Francisco Fernandez Ordonez agreed after 10 hours of talks to meet again in London on Wednesday, together with the transport ministers of the two countries, in what will be a last attempt to reach a compromise before the transport ministers

meet.

The deregulation package, which implies cheaper European air travel, was vetoed by Spain before the summer on the grounds that it refers to Gibraltar's Royal Air Force controlled landing strip as a British regional airport.

Spain contends that the airport, located on the isthmus that links the rock to mainland

Spain, is built on what is juridi-cally no-man's land under the the possibilities of a potential terms of the 1713 treaty of dual use by Spain and by Britain Utrecht by which Spain ceded Gibraltar to the British crown.

The presence of the talaspart wednesday is aimed at reviewing grounds that the adoption of the grounds that the adoption of the legislation threatens its vital national interests. This would in effect put cheaper European air fares on the shelf.



Spanish terminal for passengers arriving at Gibraltar and entering Spain rather than the Rock proper, Spanish assistance in the running of the airport and Span-ish collaboration in its future

While there is a large m of consensus between London and Madrid in these areas, despite widespread hostility on the part of Gibraltarians to any Spanish role in the airport, the eal sticking point remains polit-

Spain is understood to be demanding that any agreement should clearly state that Spain does not recognise Britain's sovereignty over the isthmus where the airport is located.

In theory, under the terms of the Single Act, the air deregulation package requires the endorsement of only a majority of the EC partners for its approval.

Spain is understood to be

However, Spain could invoke the so-called Luxembourg com-

She says that Bukharin, leaving home for the last time, "sensing he would never return, and having in mind I was still young, begged me to fight for a posthumous declaration of his innocence." He also made her memorise the contents of a letter called "To a Fature Generation of Party Leaders" in which Bukharin denounces Stalin and the purges. "I feel myself helpless before a hellish machine which has acquired gigantic power," Bukharin wrote.

Bukharin appealed to future party leaders "whose mission will include the obligation to take apart the monstrous cloud of crimes

widow in

clear name

THE WIDOW of Nikolai

Bukharin, the most famous Communist leader executed by Stalin in the 1830s, has written to Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, asking for her husband to be rehabilitated.

His rehabilitation would be welcomed by the Soviet intelligentsia as a sign that Mr Gorbachev is prepared

mr Gorbachev is prepared to see a general re-examination of Soviet history.

Mrs Anna Larina, Bakharin's wife in 1938 when he was shot after a show trial, says in her letter published in the weekly Ogonyok that her husband had asked her to fight to establish his

to fight to establish his innocence.

plea to

monstrous cloud of crimes that is growing ever huger in these frightful times, taking fire like a flame and suffocating the party."

Publication of the letter, with a sympathetic accompanying article five pages long, appears to indicate that the decision to rehabilitate has already been itate has already been

Bukharin's EC to debate oils tax proposal

proposal for a tax on vegetable oils and fats, which threatened to spark a major trade conflict with the US until it was blocked by member states in June, is to be thrust back on to the table at this week's Copenhagen summit.

Mr Frans Andriessen, the Farm Commissioner in Brussels, made it clear last week he is not

Farm Commissioner in Brussels, made it clear last week he is not prepared to give up his fight for the proposed measure, which has aroused widespread antagonism from consumer and food industry groups within the European Community and from key trading partners outside the EC.
Officials in Brussels appear to have been encouraged by an independent study carried out in Britain, France, Italy and West Germany which showed that even if the full consequences of the so-called "stabilisation mechanism" were transferred to the

to raise about Ecu 2bn for the Community budget in a full year, as a key complement to the

restrictive price measures it is seeking for the increasingly expensive oilseeds regime (likely to top Ecu 4bn this year).

Without the tax, officials doubt whether the Mediterra-

doubt whether the Mediterranean countries will be prepared
to swallow the tough price medicine being proposed in the bundle of agricultural reforms
known as 'stabilisers'.

As agreed in June, the Commission is to present the conclusions of its recent studies to the
Copenhagen summit on Friday,
though there is little expectation
that those member- states most
readily opposed to the tax Britain, the Netherlands and
West Germany - will drop their

West Germany - will drop their fierce opposition.

At the least, the Commission is

Italian strikes renew calls for institutional reform

BY JOHN WYLES IN ROME

AN APPARENTLY endless series of Italian transport strikes in the run-up to Christmas is the dis-mal backcloth to a sudden flowering of political interest in reforms capable of raising the performance of government in

the country.

Although there is no direct link between the strikes and talk of political reform, the Governor pointical retorm, the Government's inability to respond to the the transport stoppages is seen as confirmation that it is one of Italy's weakest. While Mr Glovanni Gorla, the Prime Minister, is trying to give leadership, his efforts lack the conviction of a leader priority the full heat a leader enjoying the full back-ing of the five parties in his coalition.

In this situation, divisions

between ministers are more diffi-cult to contain. At the weekend, the Christian Democrat Mr Goria the cursuan bemocrat ar Gorar emerged clearly at odds with Mr Rino Formica, his Socialist Min-ister of Labour, over a proposed compromise to settle the pay dis-

ister of Labour, over a proposed compromise to settle the pay disputes at Alitalia.

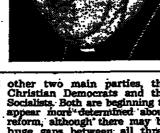
Mr Goria had Mr Formica's government and public services. The disruption is helping to opicintrale attention on possible evening and he then issued a statement on Saturday warning of the dangers of inflationary pay settlements. Government policy is to keep pay rises down to around 5 per cent and Mr Goria appears to have decided that Alitalia must be the battlefield for establishing this pay norm in the public sector.

This virtually guarantees fur-

MILAN magistrates have lodged an appeal with Italy's constitutional court against a Supreme Court decision to quash arrest warrants issued against Archbishop Paul Marcinkus, the chairman of the Vatican Bank, and two other bank officials, writes John Wyles.

The two magistrates who issued the controversial arrest warrants earlier this

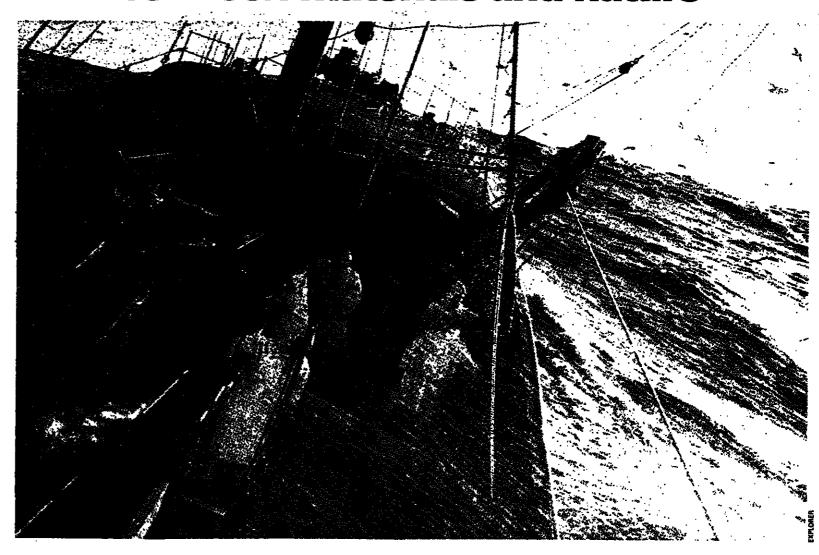
issued the controversial arrest warrants earlier this year claim that the article of the 1929 Lateran Pacts upon which the Supreme Court based its decision is in breach of the Italian constitution. They say that the constitution does not allow the indicious to grant immenthe judiciary to grant immunity from penal proceed



This virtually guarantees further extreme daily disruption of Alitsia services until December 5 been dedicated since the spring 5 to trying to forge a supposed to promise normal working. The next two weeks will also see further stoppages on the railways by drivers and other categories rejecting a pay deal struck by the official trade unions.

The strikes on the railways, which are highly subsidised and the struck of this year, compared with a shortfall of 12,900bn in the same period last year. The October deficit of 1690bn followed a 10.6 per cent increase in imports and a 35 per cent rise in exports, the latter reflecting a slight strengthening of overseas reform programme with the year.





The prolific "S".ver Pits" fishing grounds of the North Sea were discovered in 1850. Since then trawl fishing has never looked back. To this day, it continues to be a study in contrasts between sudden storms that tear trawl nets to ribbons and the warmest of welcomes when the vessel arrives in port with an . abundant catch.

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the so-called "stabilisation mechanism" were transferred to the consumer, the impact on consumer is built to be lieve their exports of oils and imported into the EC at relatively low prices, notably from tively low prices, notably from that the measure will be applied at a fixed rate to all products (regardless of over the weekend, the maximum which could now be raised if the transfer of the Commission has now consciously likely low prices, notably from Malaysia, and would be disproportionately hit by a tax which a provisional imported into the EC at relatively low prices, notably from the the measure will be applied at a fixed rate to all products (regardless of over the weekend, the maximum which could now be raised if the important tively low prices, notably from the important tively

Talks will seek freer insurance trade

EC TRADE and industry ministers are to come under pressures today to end a 14-year deadlock on sweeping plans to diberialise non-life insurance services:

A meeting in Brussels under the chairmanship of Mr Nils Wilhjelm, the Danish industry offering the prospect of lower minister, is to consider a compromise prepared by Copenhagen which would dismantle trade barriers in a notoriously protected industry. It has a good chance of winning enough support for the scheme to be adopted in the first half of next year.

The Danish insurance compromise is almost at the chairmanship of the Danish insurance comproments of the proposal to distribute the chairmanship of the proposal to distribute the proposal to distribute the chairmanship of the proposal to distribute the proposal to distribute the chairmanship of the proposal the proposal to distribute the proposal to distribute the proposal to distribute the chairmanship of the proposal to distribute the proposal to distribute the proposal to distribute the qualified majority needed to push the scheme through. A mantle blocks to free trade their insurance composition from London or Britain. West Germany, the Netherlands and Denmark are the qualified majority needed to sumble of others, including and the degree of freedom to the qualified majority needed to sumble to sumble of oth

EniChem SpA, Piazza Boldrini 1, I-20097 San Donato Milanese Tel.: (02) 5201. Telex: 310 246 Eni. Fax: (02) 520 23854 EniChem (UK) Ltd. Central House. Balfour Road, Hounslow, Middlesex TW3 1JX Tel.: (01) 577 1100. Telex: 928 343. Fax: (01) 572 1850 Regional offices in Manchester and Dublin

ANC seeks to boost faltering sanctions

THE AFRICAN National Con- the South African Communist gress and its supporters from inside South Africa and oversess

inside South Africa and overseas meet in Tanzania next week to try to bolster the faltering economic sanctions campaign against the Pretoria government and to examine the policies the ANC hopes to pursue after apartheid.

"It's the first time that such a meeting has been organised by the ANC," said Mr Tom Sebina, an ANC spokesman, at the movement's headquarters in Zambia. "This is our own initiative and we hope it's not lust going to be another run of the mill meeting condemning apartheid."

In the face of waning enthusiasm for sanctions in the West and in Africa, and increasing doubts about the benefits of the cultural boycott of South Africa, ANC leaders hope to use the conference in Arusha to muster support for their policy of isolating Pretoria. A recent setback for the sanctions lobby has been the day chosen by the ANC to allow full landing rights to South African ANC members are also

Party (SACP), have been agonis-ing over the international shift

Allow full landing rights to South the leadership of its military wing, but now finds itself up the Namit wing, but now finds itself up the Namit wing, but now finds itself up the Namit that they have no definite politition in South Africa's black cal or economic plans for a townships after several years of future South Africa, only a unrest. One sign of that confinernal avague commitment to socialism. Both the ANC and its partner, political prisoners such as Mr



Govan Mbeki, the 77-year-old ANC veteran, who may eventually be followed out of jail by Mr Nelson Mandela. While pleased to see its leaders freed, the ANC is uncomfortable

that the government has taken the initiative without making any major concessions or agreeing to negotiate a handover of
power. The mere fact of the
release of political prisoners in
South Africa does not end the
system of apartheid," says the
ANC's Mr Thabo Mbeld, son of
Mr Govan Mbeki.

The conference extended by

The conference, attended by Tanzania's former President, Mr Julius Nyerere, Mr Oliver Tambo, ANG President; Mr Sam Nujoma, the Namibian nationalist leader the Namibian nationalist leader, and representatives of South-African trade unions, churches and political groups, will be another opportunity for the internal and external opponents of Pretoria to co-ordinate their

S African township violence claims 7

SOUTH AFRICAN police yesterday reported seven more deaths in the black townships of Pletermaritaburg, one of the highest one-day tolls in fighting that has claimed about 200 lives this year, AP reports from Johannesburg.

The police remost

The police report, cover-ing the 24 hours ending at daybreak yesterday, said the victims included two teenagers whose bodies were found in a dam near were for the city. Three deaths oc

a single incident when men with sticks and knives attacked a private car. An 18-year-old passenger was killed, and the driver fired on the attackers, killing two of them, police said. The fighting is mostly between supporters of the broad anti-spartheld coali-tion, the United Democratic Front, and those of Inkatha,

a political organisation headed by Zulu leader Chief Mangosuthn Buthelezi.
At stake is political control over the townships in the Natal provincial capital. The older and more conservative supporters of Inka. the older and more conservative supporters of luka-tha, with their traditional loyalty to Chief Buthelesi, view the more radical memOAU will study numerous strategies, writes Patricia de Mowbray

Africa's debtors seek a way out

er cent of 1986 export earnings,

Individual country debt-service ratios - the proportion of export earnings required to pay debt commitments - now exceed 50 per cent on average, and are much higher for many low-income African states.

Creditors and African governments agree on at least one

Creditors and African governments agree on at least one thing without a substantial, coordinated effort, the already alarming debt problem will rapidly worsen. Economists believe the continued depreciation of the doilar in 1987 and quite possibly in 1988, compounded by depressed world commodity prices, will lead to a further deterioration in Africa's terms of trade - which have already declined 40 per cent since 1982.

Higher world interest rates, exacerbated by the impending bunching of Africa's debt repayments between now and the end of the decade, will mean that

AN ECONOMIC summit to discuss Africa's crippling \$200bn will be unable to honour their external debt opens in the Ethiopian capital of Addis Ababs today, with delegates considering strategies which range from a 10-year moratorium to a proposal to convert government debt into long-term securities.

Members of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), which called the special session, have before them a bleak set of statistics. According to figures from the United Nations' Economic Commission for Africa, the continent's debt burden, which has doubled since 1982, represents 54 per cent of GDP and almost 400 per cent of 1986 export earnings.

African governments have argued that while it is welcome, ite Lawson initiative is inade tary but more comprehensive plan which may offer a see long-term solution for other forms of debt will be among the options that the OAU delegates might consider at their summit.

The plan is proposed by the African Development Bank, with the London merchant bank, S.G. Warburg as adviser, and suggests that debt be converted into long-term negotiable securities out the plan is proposed by the The bank's scheme provides for the repayment would be paid agreed into intend. The bank's scheme provides for the repayment of outstanding principal and envisages a predictable annual agreed are of interest. The other forms of debt will be among the continued to follow the policies agreed in consultation with the IMF and the World Bank, the African Development Bank believes multilateral agencies would remain sympathetic to the country's financing needs.

As a country meets its contractive in the debtor to options that the OAU delegates meet obligations would be discussed with the creditors when the rate of interest is negotiated. Under the bank's proposals, part the rate of interest is negotiated. Under the bank's proposals, part the repayment would be paid agreed in consultation with the IMF and the World Bank, the African Development Bank believes multilateral agencies would remain sympathetic to the country's financing needs.

As a country meets its contractive in debtor to debtor to options that the OAU delegates meet obligations would be discussed with the creditors when the debtor to option the debtor to debtor to options that the OAU delegates of the capacity of the debtor to debtor to debtor to options that the OAU delegates of the repayment would be discussed with the creditors at a greed trace of interest. The other debtor to receive the bank as a country financing needs.

Conversely, if the debtor contractive financing to options that the World Bank at the World Bank at the World Bank the World Bank the World Bank the World B

The bank's scheme provides for the repayment of outstanding principal and envisages a pre-dictable annual stream of interest payments. Existing non-con-cessional and non-multilateral debt would be converted into securities of at least 20-year, single-payment maturity, carrying a fixed rate of interest likely to be below the current market rate.

Creditors and governments agree that without a co-ordinated effort, the alarming debt problem will rapidly

Within this framework, banks would also have the option of converting securities into approved investments in the country concerned; alternatively, they could choose a higher interest rate in exchange for reduced repayment of principal; or a shorter maturity by, for instance, allowing interest payments to be Within this framework, banks would also have the option of converting securities into approved investments in the

made into the redemption fund.

A board of trustees would be appointed to run the redemption fund on behalf of the creditors. It would include members of the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the African Development Bank, the various classes of creditors and the debtor-country itself.

This board would icintly man-

This board would jointly manage the fund's assets, review the borrower's economic performance, and advise it on how to meet future financing require-

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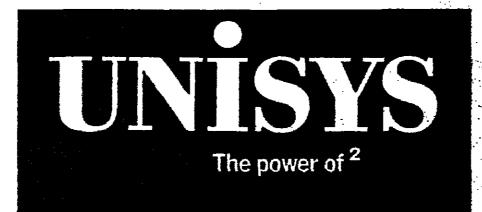
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Bangladeshi police 'kill 5 protesters'

REPORTS FROM India say police REPORTS FROM India say police in Bangiadesh killed five people when they opened fire and baten-charged anti-government pretesters yesterday.

More than 350 people have been injured in clashes with police in seven Bangiadeshi cities, the reports, from the morth-east Indian state of Trimura, said.

Four people were killed in Dhaka and the fifth in the nearby town of Narayangani, the reports added.

President Hussain Mehammad Ershad declared a state of emer-gency on Friday night, saying the country faced internal strife, insecurity and economic prob-lems following weeks of demon-

at dawn yesterday, near-nor-

The order prohibits the use of any "illegal and clandestine materials for purposes of newspaper reporting." "Legal activities" relating to normal functioning of the Government, economic and development activities, could, however, be reported. Ironically, the Emergency Powers Act was passed by the late president, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, in 1974. He was the father of Sheikha Hasina, one of the country's two women leaders spearheading the present anti-Ershad movement. Sheikh Mujib was assessmated by a group of army officers in 1976.

President Ershad is reported to have offered a four-point outline.

strations.

Journalists in Bangladesh have to the opposition for settling the current impasse.

been ordered to limit their reports to news issued by the include the holding of a general government.

Although the main-line opposition at an agreed state, the although the main-line opposition at an agreed at the state of a new chairman tien alliances did age withdraw of the election commission on the announced programme of a the basis of a consensus to ensure fairness of the polls, and at dawn yesterday, near-northe basis of a consensus to ensure fairness of the polls, and the formation of an independent

makey prevailed in the capital, the capital, the capital in the proposition accurate the regime of rigging the May parliamentary polis last year.

Despite feelers put out to the top opposition leaders - Sheikha Hasina, of the Awami League, and Begum Khaleda Zia of the Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP), now under house arrest no positive response has been received. Officials expect some development in the next few days.

Jayawardene to meet on new electoral system

PRESIDENT Junius Jayawarplene has called a special meeting of the Sri Lankan ruling party's parliamentary group today to Jayawardene is obliged to hold discuss the proportional representation system he plans to lished provincial councils and introduce at the next elections.

Yesterday there were unconfirmed reports that at least 18. Of the wine provincial councils and introduce at the rest elections. firmed reports that at least 18.
Tamii civilians died when they
were caught in crossine between
indian soldiers and Tamii rebels
on the Jaffins Peninsuls.

indian soldiers and Tamil rebels on the Jaffina Peninsula.

A Sri Lankan military official, who cannot be quoted under briefing rules, said nine Indian soldiers were killed a day earlier in a battle with rebels in the east. He said three others were captured and believed exeasted. They said the Indian peace keeping force also rounded up 300 Tamil youths - some as young as 12 years old in and around Karaveddy, another Jaffina Peninsula village, in the past two days.

The President is obliged to hold elections only after violence ceases. The Indian peace keeping force, now more than 30,000 is temporal to 12 years. The UNP's main force, now more than 30,000 is temporal to 12 years. The UNP's main rival, the Sri Lankan Freedom Party (SLFP) has nine seats against the government's 140, though the SLFP won 30 per cent of the vote.

The second and final term of the slippeace in the sinhalese south which is increasing popular demand for elections though the present parliament's term ends

Of the nine provinces, the Tamil north and the ethnically mixed east will be proclaimed one administrative unit to

one administrative unit to ensure the Tamil minority a semi-autonomous region for a one-year trial period.

Sri lanka, which has had regular parliamentary polls every five to six years, had its last general election in July 1977. The first-past the post voting system gave Mr Jayawardene's United National Party a massive majority with about 52 per cent of the votes.

Bofors wins Dutch order

eraft gurs, which have been produced under licence in the Netherlands since the 1950s.

As part of the contract, Before will install new hydronic con-

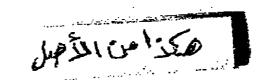
BOFORS, the Swedish arms—topl systems and sensory ammuments manufacturer under mition capable of detecting heat from aircraft. With other improvements, the guns firing (\$20m) order from the Dutch Defence Ministry.

The order involves modernissing 60 of Bofors' 40mm suits are fitter used fixed form guns are

said.

The Bofors 40mm guns are either used fixed, for example to a ship, or on wheels.

Bofors won the order against competition from Oernikon of Swisserland which has developed a 55mm anti-aircraft gun.



adeshi poli protesters

rdene to ma ctoral system

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ANTHONY HARRIS

AS EVERYONE knows, the US comes to a standstill for Thanksgiving celebrated last Thursday, and so far as domestic policy-making is concerned, the break seems likely to go on until Thanksgiving, 1988. The Admin-

istration will no doubt propose measures of the kind approved by the Wall Street Journal, and a Democratic Congress will block them. Congressmen will propose bills, and committees will attach strange irrelevant clauses to leg-islation still working its way through the system. The inten-tion is not to get results, but to record votes and stake out posi-tions for the presidential campaign which now has only a year to run. It might have started in earnest a good deal earlier if the Democrats had a convincing front runner.

The state of the s

In the financial markets, too, a long lull in activity seems near certain. The crash has not immobilised takeover activity entirely but it has greatly cramped the style of the more aggressive, highly-geared players and virtually immobilised the risk arbitrageurs - the professional takeover speculators who have lent en In the financial markets, too, a speculators who have lent so much financial muscle to seem-ingly impertment bidders. The arbitrageurs lost really heavily on October 19 and nobody's Indeed, the non-financial busi-

When every day's Thanksgiving ness community has no doubt carved its Thanksgiving turkey with special relish this year. The growing at an annualised rate in hope of a long holiday from the mid-teens and that profits and there. Steel stocks are at a disbelieved because it is thought of tax shelters set off by the 1986

a living. So far as manufacturing is con-cerned, the times are almost too publication carried agonised coverer-stories about de-industrialisation, or lagging productivity, or
competitiveness. About a year
ago the facts ceased to fit these
worries, but general impressions
have taken a good while to catch
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tak

carved its Thanksgiving turkey with special relish this year. The hope of a long holiday from changes in the political ground are also rising strongly, Industrial market will give business leaders a chance to concentrate on actually doing business leaders a chance to concentr worked out, but 4 per cent is probably a cautious guessimate. Since real wages have actually good. It seems only a short time fallen by a percentage point in since every American business the last year, the US would have publication carried agonised cov-gained 5 per cent or so in com-

the latest algorithm of the latest figures give to filter through.)

The latest of the latest algorithm of the latest figures give the latest algorithm of the latest figures give the latest figures

amount of the past represented in the current lowish inflation

during the manufacturing slump, productive potential, let alone but new orders are not it is clear potential where it is most that there is an uncomfortable needed. Finally, some relief of potential where it is most needed Finally, some relief of demand pressure is expected from increased consumer caution

tax reform, despite the wirnings of a horde of lobbyists, supported by such distinguished achdemics as Professor Martin Feldstein, President Reagan's vice its obligations.

Of course many American Communication of course many American Communications are units untouched.

singlests that these warnings are overdone but American industri-efficient unlike their British opposite numbers, can expect a tax counter-revolution of sorts before long. This uncertainty is bound to be unhelpful. The financial health of the cor-

debt. This equity-to-debt conver-sion now totals well over \$300bn, a figure so large that it is diffi-cult to take in.

The result is clear, though.
Many American companies are too debt-ridden to invest as they might wish; and while the crash has reduced the risk of raids, it may also have depressed the market for the assets which they might wish to still to pay off

companies are quite untouched by these problems, but those that are can be found in sensitive areas - steel and some chemicals, for example. Meanwhile Japanese and European companess (pace Volkswagen) are expanding aggressively in the US a fact which may emerge as an uncomfortable campaign theme. So may lectures from Mr The inancial heart of the corporate sector is equally un-British. While many UK companies
were able to raise cheap equity
rapital during the stock market
boom, the aggressiveness of US
corporate raiders provoked a
mass flight out of equity into

INTERVIEW

Business meets bureaucracy

ARGUABLY, Peter Levene is the single most important man to British industry. The argument goes like this - Levene heads the Ministry of Defence's Procurement Executive. The PE spends \$8.5bn a year on developing, buying and maintaining equipment for Britain's armed forces. This makes it and him UK industry's higgest single customer. try's biggest single customer.

Arguably, too, he has done Arguably, too, he has done more to change the way the PE's 30,000 strong civil servants go about their business of placing 40,000 contracts a year than anyone since the central arms-buying organisation was set up in the early 1970s.

internal signs of the changes wrought by this businessman-turned-civil servant are greater commercial sense and tighter cash management on the part of the PE, better flow of information and beefed-up project teams to supervise new weapons devel-opment. The external evidence is opinent. The external evidence is more companies competing for MoD contracts, of which more than 60 per cent were placed on a competitive, fixed price basis last year. Five per cent shaved mercial management. He mod-off the price of new Vickers elled this scheme, realised in tanks. Nearly \$100m lopped off practice last April, on what he Boeing's original offer of Awacs had seen in the US of "GoCos" planes. And so on.

But there was argument of another kind, indeed a blazing political row, when Levene left the chairmanship of United Scientific Holdings, the defence group, to become Chief of Defence Procurement on March 19, 1986. Announcement of his Street but also to some extent appointment unleashed furious opposition, on the grounds of his salary (then \$95,000, more than with the idea that I came in and old job and new. Mr Neil 'Good Kinnock, leader of the Labour idea'. party, said the appointment stank".

have quaited at entering the civil service so high - he is effectively service so high - he is effectively second permanent secretary at they had on them by the Ireathe MoD - even without the envy sury, and previous attitudes, and suspicion surrounding his they were not actually allowed pay cheque and professional to operate in a cost effective way, he says. He then describes,

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(Investment)

Deposit Account

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Compound

Annual Rate%†

David Buchan talks to Peter Levene, the biggest buyer in UK industry

But Levene does not admit to having had qualms. I think if I had been offered the possibility of coming to this job blind in other words if I had been running a company and they had said Would you like to come and be chief of defence procure ment? I would have been very wary. As an outsider, I would have had the view that here was an enormous government. an enormous government bureaucracy, and you're sup-posed to be doing a commercial job - how could I possibly cope with that?".

However, prior to March 1985, he had had a six months "crash training course in the MoD cul-ture as unpaid, but pretty well full-time adviser to Michael Heseltine, then defence secretary. It was during this time that Levene first showed his bent for reform by conceiving the idea of putting the Devonport and Ros-yth naval dockyards out to comgovernment owned, contractor operated munitions plants.

double what top mandarins were said the words competition and paid at the time) and of potential value for money and everybody conflict of interest between his fell off their chairs and said 'Good Heavens, what a brilliant

stank".

Many industrialists would ave qualled at entering the civil ervice so high - he is effectively econd permanent secretary at they had on them by the Treatient of the constraints and prayions attitudes.

Gross

CAR%

9.59

9.25 8.22

5.48

9.59

9.25

Equivalent %1

5.48

to him that a large chunk of the money would have to be returned to the Treasury. Their concern was redoubled when Levene said he wanted stiffer penalties for companies that did not deliver on time.

• PERSONAL FILE

1951-80: Educated City of London school. 1960-63: University of Manchester (BA Econ). 1963: Joined United Sci 1968: Appointed managing

director USH. 1981: Appointed chairman USH. 1984: Special adviser to Defence Secretary and made a City of London alderman. 1985: Chief of Defence Pro-

"Counter-productive". he was flatly told. If such penalties were imposed, "you have even more money, and an even bigger probem on your hands". Negotiations with the Trea-

sury, which had never been seri-ously pressed on the matter, eventually allowed the MoD to eventually allowed the MoD to double its permitted carry-for-ward to 10 per cent of its budget. Last spring the MoD carried for-ward \$600m. This amount is a ward \$600m. This amount is a possible measure of what the new procurement policies are saving the MoD. Levane has told Parliament he hopes to save around 10 per cent. But he admits overall savings are incalculable because what would have happened in the absence of contract competition can only regard the quantified. rarely be quantified.

The carry-forward of cash, however, certainly reflects the impact of Levene's policy of tying interim payments to com-panies more closely to their achievement of contractual mile-

going well is by not paying it, says Levene. "This is why I coined the phrase using money as a tool. Our biggest single

But in some ways, Levene finds life at the MoD more exact-ing. In commerce and industry, "as long as you can make more good decisions than bad, be right good decisions than cad, be right more than you're wrong, you're probably OK. But if you're running a government department using public money, and you get 96 to 98 per cent of decisions right, no one is interested in that. They will take take the two or five per cent you get wrong and say this is the most awful public scandal". He terms as "absolutely adequate" the scrutiny by the House of Commons Public Accounts Committee, which has levelled some sharp criticism of MoD mismanage-ment of expensive and troubled programmes like radar and tor-

The reverse side of this is MoD scrutiny of its contractors coverscritting of its contractors covering anything from inaccurate cost estimates to deliberate fraud. 'Industry should know we are looking at this very carefully, and that it is not good enough to say that if someone deliberately has gone out of their way to misled the one week the sorest thing. lead us on costs, the worst thing, that can happen to them is to repay most of the extra money they got". But Levene is "not of the view that the great pastime of defence contractors is trying

Levene cites two landmark cases in his quest for compet-tion. One was last year's compe-tition for an airborne early warning aircraft, and the writing off of some \$1bn spent on the GEC-led Nimrod programme in favour of buying the Boeing Awacs. The other, less public but of more private importance to him, was the competition to pro-

"proper customer-supplier" rela-tionship between the MoD and its numerous research establishments. He ducks the current

But it could be on the international scene that he makes his
mark from now on. He has
already got the French government to agree to join the UK in
considering "cross-purchasing",
whereby each country would
buy a given piece of equipment
off the other's shelf if that made
more sense than developing it
nationally from scratch. But it is
on international defence collaboration, for which Levene takes
over formal responsibility at the
end of this year, that he has very
distinctive views.

He regards himself as internationalist, speaking French, German and Italian and having run
USH companies in West Germany, Singapore, Egypt and the
US. He says Heseltine and Sir
David Perry, the retiring MoD
chief of collaboration, very properly focused on Britain doing
more in foreign partnership.
"But I don't want to treat collaboration as a religion, everything
that is collaborative is good, and
everything is non-collaborative
is bad", he warns. He regards himself as interna

"We will look at each project, see who else is interested, look at their abilities compared to ours, look at their requirements com-pared to ours, he says, and decide to collaborate accordingly. If one country or another feels during a collaborative development that it is not going to work, then it shouldn't be afraid to say so, just as governments sometimes have to scrap

Following his "horses for courses" prescription, Levene cites last year's public failure by the UK, West Germany and Italy to co-develop the SP-70 gun as a him, was the competition to produce a new troop carrier. For, while he was still in industry, Levene had pushed for this to be put to competition, touting USH's Alvis subsidiary. It was put to competition. Levene, excluded for a year while CDP on any contract involving his old company, played no part in the award, which went to GKN, now award, which went to GKN, now between ship and weaponry is award, which went to GKN, now programme that used to be sole solerow. project never properly managed by a "trilateral bureaucracy". He

ments. He ducks the current Whitehall controversy about the size of Britain's defence R & D effort and its possible drain on scarce resources, though he points to last year's UK arms exports of more than \$5bn as substantial spin-off.



stones.

This was the first really large programme that used to be sole effective.

The MoD, Levene points out, does not have a bank account or need to keep a smooth cash-flow position and therefore forgot, or never knew, that "in industry everything hinges on cash flow."

The one way "to bring to the attention of the highest echelons of a company that things are not resignation, that Levene "might is services, and to a large extent sharing his views.

Some industrialists carped at the outset that had Levene come from a company at the leading edge of hitech, which USH is generally not, he would have better understood the need for more flexible contract arrangements trategy which will be a large extent sharing his views.

How lasting might the Levene from a company at the leading edge of hitech, which USH is generally not, he would have better understood the need for more flexible contract arrangements. But generally the industry has come to accept that liv-

defence sence. Will he return to his old industry, after the compulsory two years in 'purish'? "I can't see myself marking time for two years, and in any case, after nearly 30 years in defence, something different wouldn't come amiss". His post as a City of London Alderman doesn't answer the question because answer the question, because even if he becomes Lord Mayor of London that honour only lasts

A hint of pragmatism over Spycatcher

ABSOLUTISM has never been a feature of the English legal system. Rather, the law operates through checks and balances in the search for a solution to competing legal rights and interests. But last week, in its final bid in the courts to have the publication of Spycatcher ban-ned, the Government claimed that confidentiality for the knowledge of its secret services personnel was absolute. A secret serwas absolute. A secret ser-vice officer must for ever keep his lips scaled.

When pressed with the breadth of such a proposi-tion, Sir Robert Armstrong.

Permanent Secretary to the Cabinet and the government's spokesman on national security, made the most marginal of concessions. Only in the very last resort, he said, would it be proper for a secret service officer to go public. Only in the most exceptional circumstances, and for compel-ling reasons, could an offiing reasons, count at orn-cer reveal any confidential information about his work or the workings of the secu-rity services. In short, any malfunctioning in the secret service or filegal conduct by a member of that service

should never be the subject of public knowledge, let alone scrutiny. Such mis-deeds should be reported to senior civil servants or responsible ministers. If that foiled to produce a setthat failed to produce a satisfactory inquiry and neces-sary remedy, then, and only then could lips be unscaled. It is the breathtaking insistence on such an abso-lute claim to confidentiality that lies at the heart of the proceedings before Mr Jus-tice Scott for a permanent injunction to restrain the Guardian, the Observer and The Sunday Times from publishing the contents of Peter Wright's book Spycatcher, although the book has been legally published in Australia and the US and circulates, with almost circulates with almost unrestricted freedom in this country. No one interested in Peter Wright's allegations can now be unaware of their general content. English judges normally favour pragmatism over inciple in the resolution legal disputes, particularly where the government is involved. That approach sally works to the benefit of government, in that it gives full weight to practi-



JUSTINIAN

ever, the Government is asking that principle should triumph over the practical in that however much the book are now open secreta, the claim to confidentiality should result in no further publicity of those publicly

The case before the court itself focuses on an area of law that has been developing only in recent years.
The courts have not fully worked out the rules that ought to be applied. It is one thing to put a dampener on the individual in whom a confidence has been reposed by an employer (whether it be a govern-

ment department or a private corporation). It is altogether another matter to stop the innocent recipient of leaked, confidential information from publishing it. Here the law is at the crossroads of confidentiality and press freedom. Without any constitutionally guaranteed freedom of speech, English law has nevertheless been reductant to engage in prior restraint. A newspaper may publish, and be damned; the law oper-ates only to control after the event. Thus it is rare for the event. Thus it is rare for a court to grant anyone who claims that he has been libelled an injunction prior to trial, if the alleged libeller is seeking to justify what he published. The courts decline to stop a repeated libel on the basis that that would involve an infringement of free

that that would involve an infringement of free speech. If the libeller ultimately proves that what he said was true, who should deny him the right to say it in the first place.

English judges, by and large, sealously guard freedom of speech and accord it high priority in the face of high priority in the face of claims to allence the expre-sion of free speech. It is only when national security

is directly at issue that the tendency has been to reverse the competing ciatus. National security must in the final analysis out the public interest in knowlege of the country's defences. If the government had been relying in the Spycatcher case on the Official Secrets Act as the basis for mustiling the media, the muzzling the media, the issue in the courts over Peter Wright's book would have been clear cut. The courts would have taken on trust the government's claim that any disclosure of claim that my disclosure of information contained in the book would during the country's security. So long as there was some evidential basis to suggest such damage, that would suffice. But in the Spycatcher litigation the sovernment has tion the government has specifically disavowed the application of official secrets and relied instead

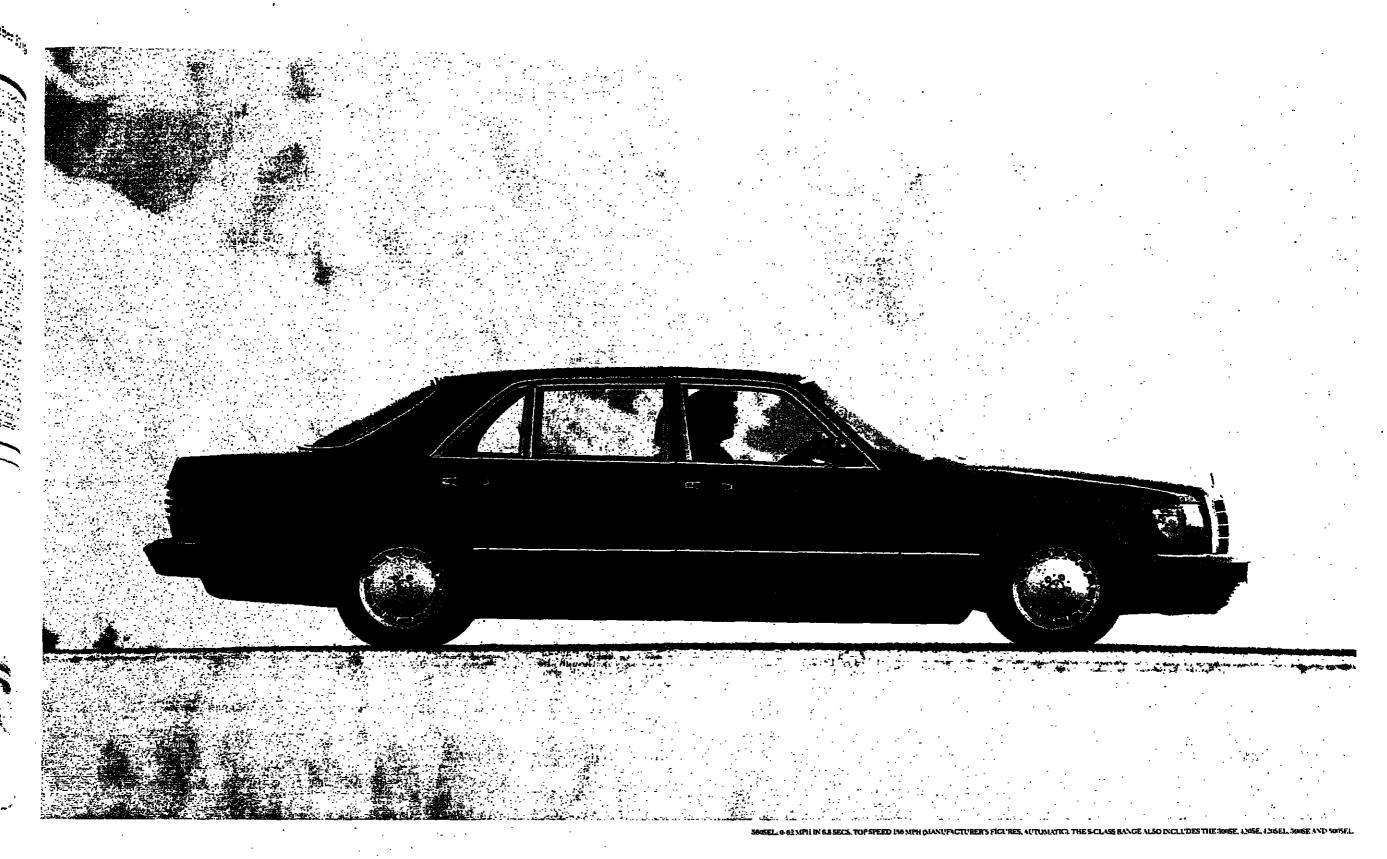
After Sir Robert had completed his evidence, the judge rescinded his earlier ruling that the newspapers could not report that part of the heaving before the court which revealed the

on he ordinary civil law protecting confidential inforcontents of Peter Wright's book. Was this a straw in the wind to the court's final ruling? Strictly speaking, it had no direct relevance to the cracial issue. The judge considered that the balance of competing interests tipped the scales in favour of lifting the limited but our reporting everything that reporting everything that could be heard by the public sitting in the court room.

The Judge's ruling to allow reporting of the pro-ceedings may indicate a ian and Observer who seek only to be relieved of the restraint upon them review-itig and commenting on some of the matters in Spy-catcher. The ruling may not, caucher, the raining may not, however, favour The Sun-day Times which, having acquired the serial rights to the book, wants to publish great chunks of it, warts and all

One senses that the prag-matic approach was begin-ning to surface. If it continnes to influence the judge the government's adherence to the principle of absolut-ism will not win them the day.





Nothing can surpass taking the back seat in a Mercedes-Benz S-class except, of course, taking the wheel.

In the back of an S-class you can work or relax in a secure cocoon of high technology materials—isolated from distracting noise and vibration. The longest version of the S-class reposes on a wheelbase of more than ten feet and offers combined leg room of over six feet. The options for rear seat passengers include individual reading lights, cigar lighters, foot rests and electrically-operated seats. From the rear seat the car is nothing less than a spacious, comfortable limousine. From the driver's seat things take on a rather different complexion.

The driver is surrounded by more than twenty controls and information sources but their ergonomic refinement is so complete that each falls to hand or eye with almost uncanny familiarity.

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Many S-class drivers choose the slightly smaller 300SE. Its 3 litre, ohc, fuel-injected six propels the car to 62mph in only 9.1 seconds and to a top speed of 128mph. (Manufacturer's figures, automatic.) Completing the range are the 4.2 litre and 5 litre V-8's available in SE (short) or SEL (long) wheelbase versions.

Other cars might match the S-class on a handful of attributes but no other car offers the same combination of elegance, comfort, performance and versatility.

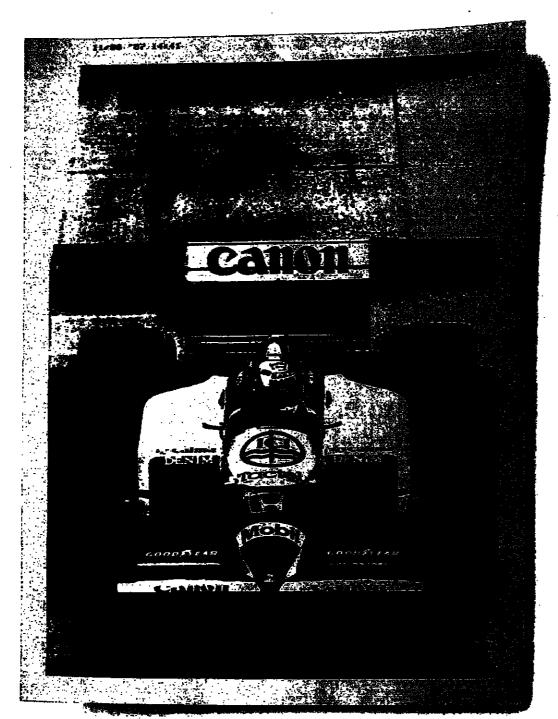
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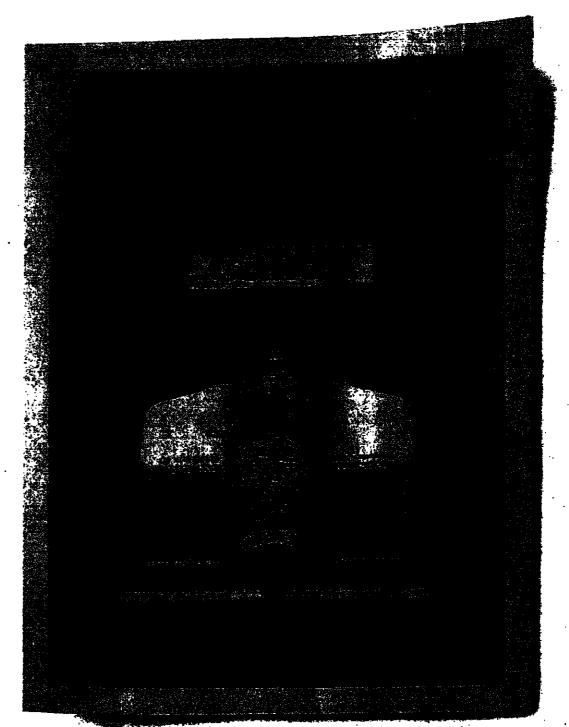


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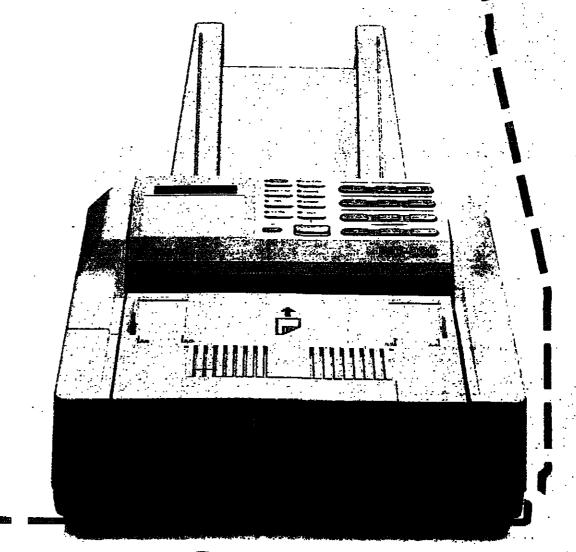
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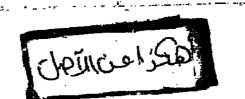
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UK NEWS

Regional aid to industry faces stricter tests

THE GOVERNMENT is to increase the selectivity of regional aid to industry by assessing more rigorously proposals from companies requesting assistance to ensure aid is percessive.

necessary.

At the same time, the Government is to place more emphasis on encouraging companies to start up and smaller companies to expand with the help of

start up and smaller companies to expand with the help of grants and business advice.

Furthermore, some inner city areas which do not presently qualify for regional assistance are likely to be brought within the aid net. No regions of the country eligible for government help will lose their eligibility.

The proposals follow a broad review of Government regional policy which was ordered by Lord Young, Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, as part of an assessment of all the department's policies. It is the first such review since the regional aid map was redrawn by Mr Norman Tebbat, then Secretary of State for Trade and Industry.

Lord Young has not yet decided whether or not to publish the review's findings as a

apply to the Treasmy for additional funds for the present financial year.

Lord Young has not yet decided whether or not to publish the review's findings as a White Paper (discussion document), but an announcement in the House of Commons is expected early in the new year.

The regional aid programme changes have been approved in conjunction with the Secretaries of State for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

The implications of the changes on the regional aid budget, which exceeded \$600m in 1986-87, will become known in the January public spending, White Paper.

Lord Young said recently that the programme will not be cut. It is not clear, however, whether this means that it will continue at its present level, or at the level to which it was planned in 1984 that it should fall. This would be about half the figure at which it is running today.

The department says the overspending is due to an unexpected bulge in the cost of replacing the order of the programme will not be cut. It is not clear, however, whether this means that it will continue at its present level, or at the level to which it was planned in 1984 that it should fall. This would be about half the figure at which it is running today.

The department says the overspending is due to an unexpected bulge in the cost of replacing the old scheme, under which its continue and it is present level, or at the local agencies, not necessarily the regional enterprise and venture capital funds. The aim is to include the private sector in the exercise as far as possible.



Girobank privatisation considered

sonal accounts and made profits last year of \$22m.
Girobank became an obvious target to join the Government's privatisation list earlier this year when Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, ruled out the privatisation of the Royal Mail but not of other Post Office activities, mainly Girobank and counter services.

The Government would clearly like to privatise Girobank, which has increasingly diversified into providing mortages, insurance and corporate finance. But while Whitehall is also looking at the future of Post Office counter services corporate fusions practical of the post office is considerable practical. vices, considerable practical problems are involved.

Sir Bryan Nicholson, the chairman of the Post Office, on his first day in office in October retail outlets separate from the dropped the body's opposition to piecemeal privatisation.

Unlike the successfully privatised TSB, Girobank has few retail outlets separate from the national chain of post offices.

Ministers will, therefore, have

THE GOVERNMENT is examining the possibility of privatising Girobank, the Post Office bank which has more than 2m personal accounts and made profits last year of £22m.

Girobank became an obvious target to join the Government's privatisation list earlier this was planned.

At the end of last year Sir Ron two otherwise fairly dissimiliar two otherwise fairly dissimiliar two otherwises fairly dissimiliar two otherwises as a first was fairly dissimiliar to department officials.

The Government would clearly like to privatise on privatisation with trade department officials.

The Government to keep the business as a single unit. If Girobank were to be privatised announcement this week of profits of over \$200m in the half year to September is for a commercial relationship between the two organisations.

The Government's first any privatisation with trade department officials.

The Government to keep the business as a single unit. If Girobank were to be privatised announcement this week of profits of over \$200m in the privatise of privatisation with trade department officials.

The Government's many privatisation with trade department officials.

If Girobank were to be privatisation to decide whether to privatise fairly dissimiliar two otherwise fairly dissimiliar two otherwises fairly dissimiliar two otherwises fairly dissimiliar two otherwises fairly dissimiliar department officials.

If Girobank were to be privatisation the half year to September is for a commercial relationship between the two organisations.

between the two organisations privatisation plans.

The Government has already decided that British Steel should be privatised before the next general election and the commence of the commen

The Post Office said it had no knowledge of any decision on the matter, although it is clear the body has held informal talks

Steel privatisation is, however, likely to require legislation and it is difficult to see how this could be fitted into the parliamentary timetable before 1989.

The report, submitted a few weeks ago, covers the statutory procedures for dealing with mergers by the Office of Fair Trading, the Monopolies and Mergers Commission, and the Department of Trade and Indus-

It focuses on various ways for reducing the time of investiga-tions and for increasing flexibil-ity in dealing with mergers.

Ministers are considering, among other options, shortening the inquiry timetable and alter-ing the balance of statutory responsibilities of the OFT and

These changes may require legislation, particularly if the time of inquiries were to be cut below three months.

Act, employers will from next April no longer be able to require employees to belong to the company pension scheme.

Employees who opt out thereafter will typically lose the lump sum and disability benefits provided with company pensions Point, 103 New Oxford Street, and their dependants will lose CBI members.

Act, employers will from next the CBI surveyed 280 member to companies with an aggregate of 2m members.

In parallel with the Ernst and Whinney report, a broader inquiry into competition policy is nearing completion which considers possible changes in the law on restrictive trade practices to ensure greater competition and the elimination of entry barriers, notably in the professions.

Review of mergers policy may lead to cut in inquiry time

SY PETER RIDDELL, POLITICAL EDITOR

CHANGES IN the official han-The review, prepared by Mi cianuss in the olitical han-dling of mergers to shorten the time taken by inquiries are being considered by trade and industry ministers, following a report by management consultants Ernst and Whinney. Hans Liesner, a senior DTI offi-cial, has apparently identified significant flaws in present legis-lation. The Government is planning a consultative document next year on proposals for far reaching reform with a lengty bill later in this parliament.

Lord Young, the Trade and Industry Secretary, is likely to make a statement on all these points in the new year.

He has already announced, in a speech last month, the interim conclusions of the Liesner review in particular that the so-called Tebbit rules (after the then DTI Secretary) of July -1984 should continue to apply.

These state that the main, though not exclusive, consideration in deciding whether a merger should be referred to the MMC should be its potential effect on competition, taking full account of the international context.

Lord Young stressed that the discretion to refer mergers to the MMC on public interest grounds should remain, but he argued that this intervention should occur only when there is a divergence between the priorities of decision makers in the market and the mublic interest. and the public interest.

Building society raises London pay differential THE NATIONAL & Provincial

Building Society has further fuelled the UK's overheated south-east labour market by agreeing a special allowance of up to \$3,450 a year for staff working in central London.

The move trumps the \$3,000 allowance introduced earlier this year by the commercial banks. Pay analysts expect the trend to keep spiralling upwards.

They say employers are pre-pared to continue out-bidding each other for staff and are resigned to the cost of raising London "weighting" payments' two or more times a year.

National & Provincial has taken up the pace from a relatively low base of only \$1,656 in inner London until three months

Labour Market Supplement; IDS Report 510; IDS, 198 St John Street, London ECIV 4LS; by subscription.

Employers to be tough over company pensions

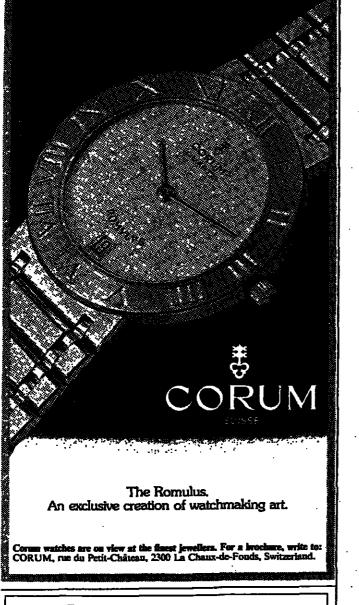
Incomes Data Services, the pay research group which today reports the National & Provincial move, has scrapped its cost-based weighting index because it says employers believe the local labour market has eclipsed cost factors in determination of London allowances.

National & Provincial MOST employers intend taking a tough approach towards employers scheme.

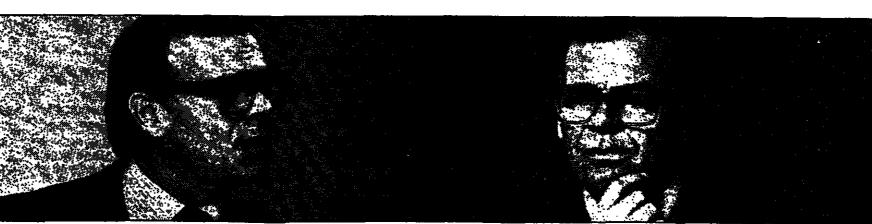
MOST employers intend taking a tough approach towards employers will also typically not make any contribution above the legal minimum towards any personal pension arrangement set up by these employees. There will be only limited.

Under the 1986 Social Security Act, employers will from next April no longer be able to require employees to belong to the company persion scheme.

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MR KENNETH BAKER, the Ediucation Secretary, made clear yes-terday that, under his proposed opted out of the local state system would be able to apply to have a system of selective entry

based on ability.

Applications entailing fundamental changes in the character of a school could not be made within the first five years of the new Education Bill becoming law but, after that period, governors and parents at comprehensive schools would be able to apply to make such changes, he said on London Weekend Television's Weekend World pro-

gramme.

The critics of the bill, which is awaiting second reading in the Commons, will see this as an admission that the Government. intends to reintroduce selective grammar schools by a backdoor

Mr Baker said if a school that opted out wished to come fore-ward with a proposal to change its character, this would have to be widely publicised locally for discussion. The application would then have to come to the

to consider such an application, of the new system. These would be replied: 'Yes, indeed.'

the schools that faced falling rolls He insisted, however, that as a result of purils leaving for many schools would wish to rance popular schools.



Kenneth Baker: prepared to consider changes in systems

ers might wish to become techni-cal schools. If a school did want to become a selective school it would become a public matter and would have to be examined. He would have to look at it against the local background.

Mr Baker also said that under for a decision, but he would not be prepared to consider such applications within a period of five years.

Asked if he would be prepared

Mr Baker also said that under formulae now being worked out it might be possible to give special financial assistance to achools in difficulties as a result

Food and hotel bill malpractice 'rising'

OVERCHARGING AND credit card malpractices by hotels and restaurants are increasing, espe-cially in London, an Egon Ronay

guide claims today.

Over the last year, guide inspectors have been victims of a growing conspiracy between hotels and restaurants and the card companies to cut corners on the growth transposition. the way transactions are handled," says Mr William Holden, publisher of the 1988 hotels and restaurant guide.

restaurant guide.

"Inspectors have to rely on credit cards. Try finding the cash to meet a \$200 bill for an over-night bed, breakfast and dinner and Inns. Automobile Association. \$29.95.

aggressive. Time and again or

aggressive. Time and again on checking in we have had demands not only to hand over our card for an impression, but also to sign a blank slip.

"The card companies are becoming equally careless with our cash. Card slips are being altered after the holder has signed and these are being accepted by the card companies." accepted by the card companies Overcharging by hotels and restaurants was another prob-

Labour to curb hard left Young **Socialists**

A SWEEPING campaign to curb the influence of the curb the influence of the hard left in the Labour Party Young Socialism movement has been launched by Mr Neil Kinnock, the party leader, and his supporters. Mr Andy Bevan, 34, the party's left-wing National Youth Officer, is to be Youth Officer, is to be relieved of his responsibili-

ties and moved to another post at Labour's headquarters. The Young Socialists' annual conference, ached-uled for next Easter, has been cancelled. In its place a programme of events for

a programme of events for young people in the party is being organised.

The movement's newspa-per, Socialist Youth, has been stopped. It will be replaced by a youth bulle-

tin.

The move will be welcomed by moderates in the party who see the Young Socialists as an increasing embarrassment and claim that the movement is domi-nated by members of Mil-tant and other extremists.

The decision was taken at a meeting of Labour's National Executive Committee last week when only a handful of left-wingers

voted against it.

The NEC was influenced by evidence that two Young Socialists were attacked and badly injured at the and badly injured at the movement's annual confer-ence in Blackpool earlier this year.

The two members opposed

The two members opposed Trotskylsts being members of the party. Their attackers were said to be wearing Militant badges.

The decision to "purge"—the Young Socialists is part of the continuing reforms in the party intended to rid it of its extremist image and make it acceptable to a broader electorate.

Mr John Prescott.

Mr John Prescott,
Labour's energy spokesman,
is coming under increasing
pressure to to abandon any
idea of challenging Mr Boy
Hattersley, shadow Home
Secretary, for the deputy
leadership of the party.
Mr Kinnock has made
known his strong opposi-

known his strong opposi-tion to a highly publicised battle for the post. Mr Pres-cott is considering the strength of his backing.

David Churchill reports on a £25m facelift for British Airways club class service Aiming to attract the business traveller

BRITISH AIRWAYS is today fly on business over 20 times a launching a \$25m reorganisation year, on at least three different of its worldwide business class facilities in the hopes of increasing its share of the lucrative number of women travellers is and increasingly competitive -business travel market.

The present "club class" over 40.

The present "club class" over 40.

Systems will be replaced in January by two categories - Club World for long-haul flights and Club Europe for short-haul destinations. This will involve fitting all BA's Boeing 747 and TriStar fleet with different seats which, it claims, are equivalent in comfort to first class seats of the early 1980s.

than \$35,000 a year and is aged over 40.

BA's second reason for the recognisation, however, was the result of its own research, which improvement in the airline in recent years.

Such research conclusions were surprising, in view of a

increasing rapidly - earns more than \$35,000 a year and is aged

fort to first class seams of the early 1980s.

The move is the first step in a relaunch of all BA's passenger Traveller magazine who voted sectors as part of a marketing structure introduced over the past 18 months to identify the airline's strengths and weaknesses.

Such research conclusions were surprising, in view of a recent poll of readers of Business class sertracture introduced over the vice of any airline for both long and short-hanl routes.

BA's research conclusions were surprising, in view of a recent poll of readers of Business class sertracture introduced over the best business class sertification.

BA's passenger are added to recent poll of readers of Business class sertracture introduced over the best business class sertification.

BA's passenger are all the best business class sertification and short-hanl routes.

BA's research conclusions were surprising, in view of a recent poll of readers of Business class sertracture introduced over the best business class sertification.

BA's passenger are all the best business class sertification and short-hanl routes.

BA's research conclusions were surprising, in view of a recent poll of readers of Business class sertification.



past 18 months to identify the airline's strengths and weaknesses.

BA's research revealed two main problems: seat comfort some problems: seat comfort compared unfavourably with content similar problems: seat comfort is main problems: seat comfort is mai

sions. Further tests were conducted by the institute of Consumer Ergonomics and 60 volunteers, all of whom fly frelegroom, with a greater degree of recline than at present and including an adjustable legrest similar to that found on first-

The marketing strategy for the new business class was spear-headed by Mr Michael Batt, head of a BA marketing department called Products and Brands. Mr Batt joined BA last year from Mars, the confectionery company, and subsequently recruited several other marketing executives with backgrounds in fast-moving consumer goods

more important. The Club Europe class will concentrate on improved check-in facilities, both at Heathvolunteers, all of whom by the quently, spent a night sleeping in the seast at an airport hotel.

The seat chosen was slightly narrower than the existing seat but provides four inches more legroom, with a greater degree of recline than at present and including an adjustable legrest similar to that found on first.

The seat chosen was alightly various of the checkin facilities, both at Methler tow and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and at other points, such as one top London hotels and the clips of the clip ist

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unity.

Business travellers to Paris and Amsterdam will also be able to Amsterdam win also be aske to take advantage of a new "valet parking" service at Terminal Four, which may be extended to other terminals if the British Airports Authority gives approval.
On the sircraft, there will be

additional knee room and addi-tional wardrobes, giving scope for more carry-on baggage. This increased level of passenger service and comfort will cost BA about half of the \$25m budgeted for the reorganisation in the first year. About \$4m is being spent on fitting out the seats, while an S8m advertising campaign is scheduled to open on Christmas Day.

One service BA does not intend to introduce at the moment is British Caledonian's door-to-door travellers on some mutes, which it believes would be too expensive, given the numbers involved Ironically, it may yet acquire the service if its proposed merger with BCal proves successful.

Scots believe

Government

does not care MORE THAN three Scots in four

believe the Government does not care for Scotland, according to an opinion poll published today.

Wall Street 'not to blame for crash'

BY RALPH ATKINS

Street and the growing interdependence of world stock markets.

Street and the growing interdependence of world stock markets.

Mr Johnson calculates that the Loyds Bank Economic Bulletin five-fold increase in UK share December 1987. Economics prices between January 1980 and Department, Lloyds Bank, 71 and unsustainable divergence doubling of earnings per share 388.

THE SLIDE in UK share prices last month was due to internal factors and had little to do with Wall Street, argues the latest Lloyds Bank Economic Bulletin, published today.

Mr Christopher Johnson, chief economic adviser to the bank, says share prices are reflecting the underlying performance of companies. Future increases are unlikely to match the substantial rises resulting from the turn-area of the substantial rises resulting from the turn-area of the substantial performance of world stock marks and the growing laterders and the first part of this pany profitability as measured by earnings per share, he says. This gap could only be justified by earnings per share slowed while share prices have on the irrational assumption that faster than in the past.

Mr Johnson calculates that the five-fold increase in UK share prices between January 1980 and later than in the past.

Mr Johnson calculates that the five-fold increase in UK share prices between January 1980 and later than in the past.

Instead, the slide was due to an unsustainable divergence doubling of earnings per share prices and company profitability as measured by earnings per share, he says. This gap could only be justified by earnings per share slowed while share prices and company profitability as measured by earnings per share, he says.

Mr Christopher Johnson, chief says it is wrong to blame Wall Street and the growing Interders and the first part of this spany profitability as measured by earnings per share, he says.

Mr Johnson calculates that the five-fold increase in UK share prices between January 1980 and company profitability as measured by earnings per share prices to earnings.

Mr Johnson calculates that the five-fold increase in UK share prices and company profitability as measured by earnings per share pric

The postal poll was carried out last week, among a representative cross section of 1,000 Scot-The group was selected by MORI for Scottish Television.
Asked if they thought the Government cared for Scotland, 77 per cent said no and 23 per cent said yes.

More than two thirds 68 per Stock slide 'will have limited impact on Europe'

cent - thought the new poll tax was less fair than rates, and 76 per cent thought the Govern-ment should subsidise traditional

Scottish industries.
Asked which system was best for governing Scotland, 24 per cent favoured the present sys-tem, 53 per cent wanted a Scot-tish assembly within the UK on world stockmarkets.

Japan is expected to show the fastest growth rate among OBCD countries, expanding by 3.2 per cent next year.

Ior governing scenaric, 2s per cent favoured the present system, 53 per cent wanted a Scottish assembly within the UK with tax-raising powers, and 23 per cent opted for independence.

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Copies of these Prospe	ectuses will be made available only to professional investors whose ordinary business it is the example of the Companial or agent within the meaning of Section 79 of the Companial or agent within the Meaning of Section 79 of the Companial or agent within the Meaning of Section 79 of the Companial or agent within the Meaning of Section 79 of the Companial or agent within 70 of the Companial or agent within the Meaning of Section 79 of the Companial or agent within the Meaning of Section 79 of the Companial or agent within the Meaning of Section 79 of the Companial or agent within the Meaning of Section 79 of the Companial o

Strategy Fund SICAV, Japan Index Fund Limited and US Index Fund SICAV. It does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation to the public to subscribe for or to purchase, any securities.

Company Notices

MAKITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD.

Electric Works, Ltd. has been sold. As from 24th November 1987 the div.c.n. 39 will be payable in cash with Dfls. 40,72 per CDR, repr. 1900 shs. 814,40 per CDR, repr. 1,000 shs. Further the undersigned announces that as from 24th November, 1987 at Kas-Associatie N.V., div.cp.no. 40 (accompanied by an "Affidavity of the CDR'S Makita Electric Works, Ltd. will be payable with Dfls. 5,07 act per CDR, repr. 50 shs. and with Dfls. 101,40 net per CDR repr. 1,000 shs. (div. per roo-date 20,02,1987; gross Yes 9, - p.sh.) after deduction of 15th Japanese tra. - Yes 67, - S-Dfls. 95 per CDR repr. 1,000 shs. Yes 1359, - Dfls. 19,00 per CDR repr. 1,000 shs. Without an Affidavit 20th Japanese tra = Yes 97, - Dfls. 17,00 per CDR repr. 1,000 shs. Yes 1800, - - Dfls. 25,40 per CDR Repr. 1,000 shs. will be deducted. After 24,09,11987 the div. will only be rated under deduction of 25th Lea and the After 24,09,11987 the div. will only be rated under deduction of 25th Lea and the After 24,09,11987 the div. will only be rated under deduction of 25th Lea and the After 24,09,11987 the div. will only be rated under deduction of 25th Lea and the After 24,09,11987 the div. will only be rated under deduction of 25th Lea and the least the least transfer deduction of 25th Lea and transfer deduction of 25th Lea and

will be deduction.
After 24.09, 1987 the div. will only be paid under deduction of 20% Jap. tax. with
Dfis. 4,75 net per CDR repr. 50 shs. and with Dfis. 95,00 net per CDR repr. 1.000
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BLANC loating Rate Notes 1987-1997 of which FRF 300,000,000

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period from 26th November, 1987 to 25th February. 1988 has been fixed at 9,0625 per cent per annum.

On 26th February, 1988 interest of FRF 231.60 per FRF 10,000 nominal amount of the Notes, and interest of FRF 2,315.97 per FRF 100,000 nominal amount of the lotes will be due against Coupon

Notices to holders, including notices relating to the quarterly determination of interest rates, will be published only in "L'Agesce Economique et Financiere" (Paris) and "The Financial Times" (Lon-

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WEDICI CALLERES, 7 Gration St., Bond St. WI 629 5675. Christmas exhibition with repi ces and elics by RECOLLECTIONS. 12 No to 34 Dec. Mon-Fri 9-5.30, Sat 9-30-1.30 Late oppoint 12 & 19 Nov. 118.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF **ADMINISTRATIVE RECEIVER**

D J STOKE

ACAS (LONDON) LIMITED

This is to certify that at a meeting (a) (of t This is to cartify that at a meeting (a) (of the creditoria of the above-sumed company held on (b) 19th November 1967 (c) Martin Iredale FCA, of Cork Golfy & Ca., Phaenis House, Station Hill, Reading, Barks. Having provided a written stamment that he is questified to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to the above-named company under the provisions of the impovement Act 1960 and that he consents so to pay, was appointed liquidator of the Company, 19th November 1987.

AUCTIONS The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on Friday 29th Jansury. The Following areas will be analysed:

PROPERTY ercial property a) Commercial property
b) Residential property
c) Agricultural land
d: farms
d) Industrial investments
c) Retail property

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FINANCIAL TIMES Europe's Bosiness Newspape

EUROPE LOOKS likely to avoid recession next year but downward pressure on the dollar is the dollar vulnerable to further likely to continue, City of London economists conclude in forecasts published today. The reports, from two securities houses, argue that the slide on world stock markets will have a limited impact on European 2.0 per cent in West Germany, a growth rate for countries in the Cooperation and Development per cent in Italy. James Capel in a review of the world economy in 1988 also predicted to show an above average rate of growth in 1988. Merrill Lynch forecasts it will grow by 2.4 per cent in West Germany, a limited impact on European 2.0 per cent in West Germany. Contracts & Tenders

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Yemen Arab Republic All forms should be received at the above address by February 1988 latest.

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rs club class service

The Monday how and the

Cost monitoring omitted in plans for technology

COMPANIES IN the country's manufacturing heartland plan to increase significantly their spending on advanced technol-ogy without improving the cost ystems that would indicate to nem whether their investment had been worthwhile.

raid been workingle.

This is shown by the results of a confidential survey of 60 companies, many of them household names, with manufacturing facilities in north-east England.

The survey disclosed that most intend to spend money on survey. intend to spend money on auto-mated machinery and adopt advanced manufacturing tech-

their investment in computer- emphasise throughput quality aided design and computer-aided and a reduction of overheads

However, the survey also shows that the companies are giving a low priority to cost management systems used to ins-

BY RAYMOND HUGHES

the survey says, to re-define the cost-information needs of manu-facturing industry. Once defined, improvement could then be

focused on those features yield-ing greatest benefit in support of the particular manufacturing technology being introduced. These include: assessment and These include: assessment and monitoring of quality costs; identification of overheads by activity in addition to function and availability of cost information for different output levels and mixes of product to support marketing decisions.

Inadequate cost management systems worldwide have been identified as a factor hampering the effective adoption of advanced manufacturing methods.

advances manufacturing teem.

Seventy-five per cent of the sample plan to introduce 'just-in-time', a system popularised in Japan which cuts the need to hold stocks of components and improves throughput.

Sixty per cent plan to introduce 'total quality management' and all are planning to increase their investment in computer-

shows that the companies are giving a low priority to cost management systems used to justify and assess their manufacturing performance.

One cost accountant who took part in the survey complained. We know our overall manufacturing costs but we do not know where they are being incurred it makes planning to cut costs or to increase profitability very difficult."

The Price Waterhouse survey confirms that the UK is following the world pattern. Over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the pattern over the underlying the world pattern. Over the underlying the w The Price Waterhouse survey

ncrease profitability very diffi-ncrease profitability very diffi-house partner with special Mr Norman Molyneux, of Price responsibility for manufacturing Waterhouse, which co-ordinated trate on the cost incurred over panies canvassed had only 50 per the whole life cycle of a product, cent of the features he would like to have seen in a modern cash management system.

"We have now stengthened out

Legal pay 'keeping pace'

BARRISTERS IN full-time work in commerce and industry are keeping pace with other business executives in the salary stakes, according to a survey.

Their median earnings are the suscitation's 750 or so mem-

according to a survey.

Their median earnings are
\$31,000, only slightly less than industry directors, says inducen Management Consultants, which for women being \$27,000.

industry directors, says Inducon
Management Consultants, which
carried out the survey for the

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BUSINESS CLASS

County NatWest sacks office space.
While no final decision three for options losses ment banking arm of Britain's say whether it is taking legal neutron banking arm of Britain's biggest clearer, confirmed yesterday that it has sacked three members of staff over traded options losses sustained in the stock market crash last month.

The sackings follow an investigation by the bank into poor controls which allowed 'a limited number of clients' to run up huge losses, County NatWest said.

One of them, Mr Anil Gupta, a system development, almost all oxit them recruited in the past two years. It is also thought to have 23-year-old accountant who has taken recruited in the past two years. It is also thought to have accounting to the past two years. It is also thought to have accounting the past two years. It is also thought to have accounting accountants in its accounting and control area.

We have now stengthened our COUNTY NATWEST, the invest- say whether it is taking legal

Cineplex plans to extend its cinema network

more than s.im.

We have now stengthened out:

We have now stengthened out:

The debts of these clients if they No further investigations into fail to meet their obligations. poor management control were the bank refused yesterday to being carried out, it said.

ident and chief executive of Cineplex, told analysts: "There are great opportunities in Europe and especially England."

Cineplex declined to discuss details, but pointed out it was prepared to consider all types of cinemas.

The company forecasts that its revenues this year should be 50 per cent higher than last year's \$366m.

Cinema audiences have been rising in Britain over the past couple of years after years of decline.

Among the American cin-

Patent Office may move to **Cardiff**

THE TRADE and Industry Department is considering moving the Patent Office from London, possibly to Cardiff. The office employs 1,200 people but not all the jobs may be moved.

The lease on the office's London headquarters in Hollowers.

Holborn expands of the year.
The department is keen to decentralise its services appropriate. The

where appropriate. "The move of the Patent Office is clearly a possibility, but no decision has been made," the DTI said yesterday.

The Patent Office is understood to be one of the major candidates in the department for a move from London. Lord Young, Trade and

Lord Joung, Trade and Industry Secretary, aunounced last month the start of a comprehensive review of the department's role, which could lead to some re-allocation of staff and divisions in the NET. and divisions in the DTL The objectives were to The objectives were to complete the move away from industrial interventionism started in 1979. He said the department had coped with the problems of failure in many sectors of industry and was now faced with the problems of success.

Under the review the department was looking at the functions and services of all its divisions to see if it would be logical to move some out of London.

The DTI said yesterday that Cardiff was a prime area, with government effices, such as the Compa-nies Registration Office, employing about 800 and a branch of the Export Credits Guarantee Department employing about 700 already there, and available

had been made about the future location of the Patent Office, it was possi-ble part of it could stay in

The DTI has its headquarters in Victoria Street, near Westminster, which is where its main offices are likely to stay.

A LEADING North Ameri-

announced ambitious plans to expand in the UK.

The Toronto-based Cine-plex Odeon Corporation, which has 1,587 screens at 476 locations in Canada and the US, says it plans to open 100 screens in England court the next these servers. over the next three years.

Mr Garth Drabinsky, president and chief executive of

arter years of decline.

Among the American cinema groups already expanding in the UK are CIC Cinemas, which recently opened
a multi-screen cinema in
High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, and is planning
others.

Kevin Brown on who might buy a privatised rail engineering group Taking Brel to the other side of the tracks

THE GOVERNMENT'S statement that it plans to privatise British Rail Engineering provoked a desfening silence from Europe's refusery except industry leaves railway equipment industry last

week.
The only potential buyer to declare his hand was Mr Peter Holdstock, managing director of Brel, who said he would definitely lead a management buyout consortium.

There were no other public declarations of interest and nei-

declarations of interest and neither the Government nor the
British Railways Board (BRB), of
which Brel is a subsidiary, has
since received any behind-thescenes approaches.

This reticence speaks volumes
for the industry's view of Brel
and for the Government's prospects of selling it to a credible
private-sector purchaser.

In spite of five years of painful
restructuring, there is a widespread view that Brel still has a
long way to go and there remain long way to go and there remain doubts about whether any seri-

Goids about whether any serious buyers will emerge.

The principal burden of restructuring has fallen on the workforce, which stood at 31,000 five years ago and will have fallen to 7,500 by April, and, even now, 3,000 workers are under now, 3,000 workers are under notice to leave.

During this period Brel has closed the historic Shildon and

Closed the historic standar and Swindon works, each of which had about 2,600 workers, and its Doncaster Wagon Works was sold by BR to a local management buyout team.

At the same time, the BRB signalled its intention to dispose of Brel by consolidating the company's routine maintenance activities into a separate busi-

activities into a separate onsi-ness organisation.

This group, which operates from premises in Doncaster, Wol-verton, Eastleigh and Glasgow, will remain in BR hands, provid-ing a secure in-house mainte-nance caractic whetever hannance capacity, whatever hap-

pens to Brel.
Since 1985, Brel has also had to cope with a policy of competi-



tive tendering introduced by the BRB, under which BR equipment contracts go to the lowest bidder. This procedure is regarded by the board as essential to the future financial health of BR but it has had a devertation effort on it has had a devastating effect on

it has had a devastating effect on Brel's results.

In the year to March 1985, the last before competitive tender-ing, Brel reported a surplus of \$35.5m. That was almost halved in 1986, to \$19.1m, and fell again last year to \$10.3m.

The compeny's accounts show The company's accounts show that Brel lost \$3.4m on contracts

won under competitive gender-ing in the year to March 1986 and a further £13.8m last year. Brel has made substantial public relations capital out of the fact that it has won 70 per cent of the orders placed by BR since

Brel is too big, too inflexible, and still has serious union prob-lems. It is overstaffed and not competitive in world markets,"
says a manager of one competing
railway equipment company.
Another says: "Brel produces
good quality products but it is
totally incapable of competing
on price without further ration-

Add these judgments to the strategic worries of an industry

strategic worries of an industry operating at between 70-75 per cent of capacity and you have the basic reason for the apparent lack of interest in Brel.

The consequence is that the Government's declaration that a bid from the management would be welcome has been interpreted by many as indicating a fait accompli.

The prospects for a link with a UK general engineering company are difficult to guage, although analysts said there was unlikely to be a queue at the doors of the Transport Department.

Such a link would have advages for Brel since

such a mrk would have savan-tages for Brel since it would improve access to the general engineering market, an area into which Brel would like to diver-

which Brel would like to diversify. The advantages for the other party are less clear.

Several UK railway equipment suppliers might be interested in bidding for part of Brel, including GEC Traction (part of the General Electric Company), Brush Electrical Machines (part of Hawker Siddeley) and Metro-Cammell (part of the Laird Group).

Group).

The Government would be unlikely to accept a full takeover bid from any of these because of the political embarassment

involved in a deal which would diminish the competition in the marketplace and damage British Rail's procurement policy.

The betting is that it might be

willing to accept a management bid backed by an existing competitor but, although all the companies will take a close look at the figures, none appear eager to become involved.

the figures, none appear eager to become involved.

The general view is that the purchaser will have to face very high redundancy costs and will probably be unable to maintain all four existing Brel plants - Derby Locomotive, Derby Carriage, Crewe and York.
Most managers said the loco-

competitive tendering was introduced.

Critics within the industry say,
however, that the losses Brel has week about the prospects of supbeen sustaining on these orders part an indication of the extent to and Mr Holdstock was multing a fatt motive and equipment company at Crewe was most likely to suraccompti.

Workers at Brel's factories at Crewe was most likely to suraccompti.

Workers at Brel's factories of Crewe was most likely to suraccompti.

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Workers at Brel's factories of Crewe was most likely to suraccompti.

Workers at Brel's factories of Crewe was most likely to suraccompti.

ers. Works had potential. None
His favoured option is for a thought all four plants could sur-

The company also worked with ASEA some years ago on aspects of British Rail's ill-fated

Advanced Passenger Train, which was constructed but never brought into service.

An association with either company would give Brel access to markets in which it is currently weak, particularly in Europe. No talks have yet been held with either company, how-Such an alliance would be

bound to face strong political and industrial opposition, even if it was in support of a manage-ment buyout which left control in British hands.

"We are not in favour of encouraging outside or foreign companies to buy into our market for the simple reason that we do not have much encourage-ment to buy into companies abroad, one manager said.

Few people in the industry believe such a link is a realistic possibility, however, because of the restructuring problems which would have to be taken

Mr Holdstock points to the workforce reductions of the last few years, together with a recent business reorganisation, as evi-dence that Brel has fought its way back to a competitive posi-

We really do think this is a tremendous opportunity for the company, so long as it is a single integrated business," he said.

US phone group aims to expand

BELL ATLANTIC, one of the large US regional telephone com-panies, is planning to become more heavily involved in the UK and European computer leasing

The company is one of seven spun off from American Telephone and Telegraph in 1984 and reported net income of \$1.17bn (\$646m) on sales of

\$1.17bn (£646m) on sales of \$9.32bn last year.

Bell Atlantic has made no secret of its wish to do more business in Europe. This month it bought seven European computer maintenance companies and has recently signed collaboration agreements with some European telecompunications. European telecommunications

companies.

The company also wants to The company also wants to build up its computer leasing operations, which it acquired when it took over the Greyhound Capital Corporation.

Mr Derek Lamb, managing director of Bell Atlantic's UK computer leasing operations, said the parent company was prepared to put in virtually unlimited resources towards its goal of approaching the European computer leasing market more aggressively.

puter leasing market more aggressively.
Bell Atlantic has recently clinched its largest computer leasing deal in the UK with a £12.5m package for the Royal Bank of Scotland. The company expects £20m-£25m turnover from this business in the UK this war.

year.
Mr Lamb said Bell Atlantic would probably invest up to \$40m a year over the next few years trying to improve its position in the UK market, which he acknowledged was already overcrowded.

Doctors 'face explosion of negligence claims'

DOCTORS ARE warned today of an 'explosion' in the number of patients suing them for negligence.

"Medical negligence claims are beginning to follow the American pattern," Dr Garth Hill, editor of the journal of the Medical Defence Union, says.

An article in the journal says some surgeons in New York State have to pay \$100,000 a year to insure against claims. Some doctors are paying out a third of their gross income, before expenses, on insurance and are being forced out of their jobs.

Some obstetricians are refusing to undertake difficult cases of childbirth. Many GPs refuse to divorce.

Executives distrust gifts

THE BOTTLE of Scotch or Christmas hamper sent to brighten up the festive season can prove something of a mixed blessing for executives, according to a survey in Chief Executive magazine.

Menut form Christman clief

ing to a survey in Chief Executives magazine.

Many fear Christmas gifts that the "giving of gifts is fraught with pitialls associated with bribery." Only 10 per cent senior managers has returned Christmas presents sent by other with the statement.

christmas presents sent by other, companies.

Two-thirds of executives say they do not accept gifts in certain circumstances.

While diaries and calendars registered total disagreement disagreement with the statement.

About 50 per cent of the companies surveyed had rules about employees receiving gifts usually that staff should accept only token gifts, such as diaries.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

Norges Kommunalbank

71/2% Guaranteed External Loan Bonds Due December 15, 1990

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4(c) of the Fiscal Agency Agreement dated as of December 15, 1972 between Norges Kommunalbank and The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association), as Fiscal Agent, \$1,470,000 aggregate principal amount of the above-captioned Bonds (the "Bonds") will be redeemed through operation of the sinking fund on December 15, 1987 (the "Redemption Date") at the Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof (the "Redemption

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On the Redemption Date there will become and be due and payable upon each Bond to be redeemed the Redemption Price in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts therein. Interest thereon shall cease to accrue from and after the Redemption Date.

Payment of the Redemption Price of each Bond to be redeemed will be made upon presentation and surrender of such Bonds, together with the Interest coupons appertaining thereto maturing subsequent to the Redemption Date, at any of the following paying paying

The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. Corporate Bond Redemptions Box 2020 1 New York Plaza-14th Floor New York, New York 10081 The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

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The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

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The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

NORGES KOMMUNALBANK

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association), Fiscal Agent

Piazza Meda, 1, 20121 Milan, Italy

Dated: November 23, 1987

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A WORLD OF DIFFERENCE

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Nick Garnett looks at changes in the earthmoving and construction equipment industry

Small heavy movers take the acquisition trail

THE PURCHASE last week of its existing business manufacturthe former General Motors truck ing stone-crushing machines by operation in Dunstable by David buying from the receiver the JB Brown underlines a small Leicester-based Parker company strand in the changing fabric of which makes stone-crushing

In the past 18 months, a number of relatively small companies with their roots in earthmoving and construction machinery have been expanding by acquisional many other parts of the UK contact to the painful turbulence and contraction in many other parts of the UK contact to the painful turbulence and contraction in many other parts of the UK contact to the painful turbulence and contraction in the past 18 months, a number of relatively small companies.

The BM group is another example of expansion from a base in construction equipment. It has purchased during this period a handful of companies rationalised and cut jobs this manufacturing concrete-making year.

Ransomes and Rapier's site at

er-based Parker company equipment and conveyors.

have been expanding by acquisition as well as by organic
growth.

David Brown's own business,
Artix, at Peterlee in County Durtham, manufactures its own
designed articulated dump
trucks which it supplies to Caterpillar of the US, the world's largest earthmoving machinery
company.

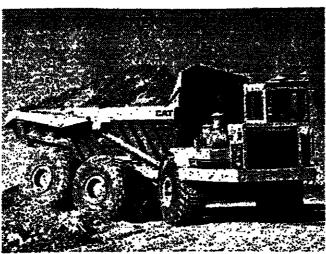
many other parts of the UK construction equipment industry,
for example, Aveling Barford,
the Grantham maker of dumptrucks, wheel-loaders, graders and rollers has been locked in a
difficult rationalisation, reorganisation and job-shedding progranme after several years of
neglect in marketing and manufacturing. acturing.
Barber-Greene of the US,

manufacturing concrete-making machinery, excavators, dump trucks and lifting equipment.

BM's turnover has leapt from \$36m in 1985-86 to \$79m last year and is likely to exceed \$100m this year.

Another company in this category is the Brown Group, with headquarters in Pool, North Yorkshire, and run by three brothers, Gordon, Fred and Ron Brown. They are no relation to David Brown.

In the past year the Brown Group has signed a deal to supply Komatsu with dump trucks from Brown's plant at Molde in Norway, which makes the Moxy truck range, it has also added to cranes.



David JB Brown with the Artix 40-tonne articulated dump truck

The BM group, led by Mr Roger Shute, its chairman and chief



Some of this restructuring has been necessary and is healthy. However, it reflects the continuing pressures in a fiercely competitive sector.

That is what makes the growth of these other companies unusual. Mr David Phillips of the Corporate Intelligence Group, construction machinery analyst, says: "The new wave of investment that is taking place is a positive sign for our section of British industry."

The BM group, led by Mr Roger

Bamford, the biggest UK contended to a struction equipment maker.

At the beginning of last year company also acquired D Wickham, a Hertfordshire maker of these businesses into its existing factory facilities.

The acquisition trail is not cover yet. "It is time this industry changed," says Mr Shute. "It has noved a number of these businesses into its existing factory facilities.

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The acquisition trail.

Since then it has bought Bender of these businesses into its existing factory facilities.

The acquisition trail.

Says "The acquisition trail is not cover yet."

The BM group, led by Mr Roger former NEI companies. These are shown an interest in moving into working on a number of new Shute, its chairman and chief Hymac, making 12 tonne to 14 areas that it has not been in vehicle concepts, apart from the executive, has shown a remarkable expansion rate which has which produces cement mixing particularly keen to buy into these, which has just been given it a turnover now which is platforms for trucks; and Haulaman third that of JC matic, manufacturing 20 tonne.

The Bm group, led by Mr Roger former NEI companies. These are shown an interest in moving into working on a number of new solution of new shown an interest in moving into working on a number of new shown an interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown an interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in moving into working on a number of new shown as interest in m

to expand if it can find suitable acquisitions. We are always on the look-out for something that will fit and that needs us, says Mr Fred Brown, the company's

Its deal with Komatsu is to produce up to 300 trucks a year for the Japanese company in a complex deal which will give the Moxy machine a bigger sales penetration in world markets.

The Brown Group had sales of around \$45m before the Parker purchase. It employs more than 1,500 and claims to make about \$600 down tracks a parker purchase.

1,500 and claims to make most 500 dump trucks a year.

This output is similar to that of David Brown's Artix in Peterlee. Artix, with a turnover of about \$50m, says its dump truck sales are higher than those of

Moxy because the average price of its trucks is greater. Total sales of Artix trucks,

Total sales of Artix trucks, which all sell under the Caterphlar badge, is about the same as that of Volvo's articulated dump trucks, the other large supplier of this type of machinery.

Apart from the purchase of the GM plant from which the 62-year-old Mr David Brown will resume output of former Bedford trucks and buses, he recently completed a 100,000 sq ft factory at Stockton on Tees to make, among other products, an off-road vehicle,

road vehicle. His company has also been

Demand 'limited' for annual accounts to reflect inflation

BY RICHARD WATERS

The findings of the survey, which covered 292 companies and users of accounts, come as the Accounting Standards Com-mittee considers whether to return to the topic of inflation accounting the most contentious accounting issue of the past decade. It will use the MORI research as the basis for decking whether it should attempt to

THERE IS little demand for companies' annual accounts to for inflation-adjusted accounts, a reflect the affects of inflation slight majority of those in the while it remains at its current MORI survey said the accountevel, according to research carried out by MORI on behalf of the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants.

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tified Accountants.

Ristoric cost accounting.

Which values assets at their original cost, is generally thought to was dropped last year after companies falled to follow it.

The ASC's prevalues SSAY 10, or standard accounting standard accounts and account for standard accounting which

reflects changing prices. Even low levels of inflation have a cumulative effect on asset values shown in accounts. Assets stay on company balance sheets for an average of 17 years and many asset values shown by companies fail to reflect the high inflation of the late 1970s and early 1980s.

Insurance groups extend business mortgage role

INSURANCE COMPANIES have een making inroads into the commercial mortgage market with fixed-rate loans, at the

expense of the banks.

There are now 11 insuran companies in the market, nearly double the number a year ago according to the latest edition in Blay's Commercial Mortgage.

While the 12 banks in the market have concentrated on floating rate loans, insurance companies have preferred fixed rates. The only bank to offer fixed-rate funds has been Lloyds, although not at a competitive rate. Insurance companies have offered interest charges of around 11 per cent, tending to

thermore that lending institu-tions were inclined to operate in one market or the other but not

both.

Insurance companies now offering commercial mortgages are listed as Allied Dunbar, Commercial Union, Crusader, Eagle Star, Norwich Union, Equitable Life, Gresham Mortgage, London and Manchester, Royal Heritage, Sun Alliance and United Friendly.

Generally, insurance companies have placed a ceiling of Lomon borrowing, but they will lend on most types of commercial

on most types of commercial property including nursing homes, garages and licensed premises. Their greater interest in the mortgage market reflects. midercut the banks.

Blay notes that there has not the strong demand that has been the same growth in the number of lenders to the residen-premises.

Tory MP attacks Land Registry staffing crisis

causing hardship to builders and 25 per cent, said Mr Heddle.
buyers alike. The main reason for this criThe Inland Revenue made a sis is the Government's own suc-

A STAFFING crisis at the Government's Land Registry means new houses can cost up to an larger and many are standing empty even although buyers are ready to move in, a prominent Conservative backbencher claimed yesterday.

Mr John Heddle, chairman of the Conservative Parliamentary Environment Committee, said: "There is now a horrendous backlog of registrations which is searches received an increase of the resistant and more than 4m applications for registrations and more than 4m applications for searches received an increase of

The inland Revenue made a sis is the Government's own sucprofit of \$27m last year on a
cess in promoting home ownerturnover of \$126m, but Treasury ship, particularly among
rules deny them the opportunity
to increase manpower to cope
with the backlog.

The solution is either to allow
the Commons today and said
that in some cases the delays more staff, or to give it permission to contract contract countries to each of the contract countries.

were adding up to £8,000 to the sion to contract routine work out to local solicitors in the areas money to finance developments situated."

Venture capital fund reports record profits

NORTHERN INVESTORS, the Newcastle venture capital fund, reported today a 34 per cent increase in annual profits to a record \$293,000. Dividend is being increased by 1p to 4.5p per cordinary share.

The \$5m fund, launched in Investors' managing director,

nents, within 12 months.

its success will be seen by the venture capital industry as an important step towards greater credibility for regional funds.

The \$5m fund, launched in 1984 and backed by private sector money mainly from big businesses in the north-east, has \$2.6m committed to 18 new, expanding companies in the north, it expects to be fully committed, with about 40 investments within 12 months.

Mr Michael Denny, Northern investors' managing director, represents the emergent regional funds on the council of the British to the British investors' managing director, represents the emergent regional funds on the council of the British Venture Capital Association.

The fund achieved its first realisation in the year, selling its shareholding in the ferry operator Norway Line at a profit of \$124,000.

Its main backers include NEI, ICI, and Vanx Breweries.

ICI, and Vaux Breweries. Northern England Survey, Pages 15-20

Generic drug use 'could save NHS up to £100m'

BY PETER MARSE

WIDER PRESCRIBING of generic rather than branded drugs could rather than branded drugs could save the National Health Service up to \$100m a year, or roughly 5 per cent of its pharmaceuticals bill, according to Drugs and Therapeutics Bulletin, a newsheet for doctors published by the Consumers' Association.

The bulletin, in its issue published today, says the savings would come about because generic. or non-proprietory.

generic, or non-proprietory, drugs are normally cheaper than their branded equivalents. A generic medication has the same chemical characteristics as its

encourage more manufacturers to turn out generic formulations.

Manufacturers of branded products frequently complain that wider use of generic medica-tions would lead to lower quality drugs and increase the risks to patients.

According to the bulletin, how-ever, most of the evidence regarding the quality of generic products is "anecdotal." The bul-letin says: "The standard licens-ing requirements are as rigid for generic products as for branded ones."

chemical characteristics as its branded counterpart, although the exact clinical effects may dispel lingering doubts over yeary. At present generic drugs account for 10 per cent of NHS licensing suthorities at the spending on pharmaceuticals.

Pharmacists could carry less stock if doctors prescribed generically, rather than stipulating branded drugs says the bulletin increasing use of generic alternatives could reduce the cost of some branded products and printed.

WHERE DOES HE GET HIS ENERGY FROM? The world's largest cane sugar at the best prices in the short and

refinery belongs to Tate & Lyle and you'll find it down on the Thames at Silvertown in East London.

In this case, biggest does mean best, for Tate & Lyle are committed to a policy of investment for improving efficiency and reducing operating costs.

Coal has the technology

The latest move on this front is the introduction of advanced coal-burning technology.

Very shortly, the heart of the sugar refinery will be four powerful fluidised bed boilers, burning annually 100,000 tonnes of coal from the

highly productive Nottinghamshire coalfields of British Coal. This will generate electricity and provide steam for refining one million tonnes of raw cane sugar a year.

The price is right



POWER IN THE LAND

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long term. Their considerable investment is based on their judgement of future energy prices. British Coal with its phenomenal improvements

in productivity convinced Tate & Lyle that British Coal is the fuel to energise Mr Cube. <u>Make your move now</u> Your organisation needs a source of

To be competitive, Tate & Lyle need energy energy with a price that's not at the mercy of the dollar or international juggling. Do what so many other leading companies have done; make the move to British Coal.

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Manday November 1989

interior CIRVEY



Independent for 21 years this month, the island boasts the best-managed

economy in the

Caribbean and political stability. Major challenges lie ahead, however: the economy has suffered a downturn this year, and unemployment continues to be a worry, writes Caroline Southey

Batting on a e groups exter sound wicket

THE CARIBBEAN'S "Little England" celebrates 21 years of independence from the mother country this month. The most easteriy of the Caribbean chain of islanda, Barbados can boast of more than the sun, sand and sea which attract hundreds of thousands of tourists to its shores every year.

Bajans, as the 250,000 inhabitants of this tiny Caribbean island like to call themselves, are also apprehensive about the possible impact of the world stock market collapse on tourism. It is the country's main source of forgen exchange earnings, with visitors from the US the biggest and the country of t

every year.

It justifiably lays claim to the best-managed economy in the Carbbean which although buffeted by international recessionary trends, has maintained an equilibrium unparalleled by its major trading partners in the

region.

Political tranquility is also a hallmark of the 166 square mile island. Barbados, some argue, came of age long before 1987. The island's parliamentary tradition stretches back over three centuries in 1989 celebrations will be held to mark its parliament's 350th anniversary.

Yet some major challenges lie ahead. A poor performance by the sugar and manufacturing sectors this year have exacerbated a high rate of unemployment. A downturn in the economies of its major trading partners has led to the loss of export markets particularly in Caricom, the Caribbean Economic Community, a trade and economic grouping formed in 1973 which includes 13 English-speaking countries in the Caribbean

also apprehensive about the pos-sible impact of the world stock-market collapse on tourism. It is the the country's main source of for-eign exchange earnings, with visitors from the US the biggest

most other Caribbean islands to overcome these economic hurdles given its political stability. Four new prime ministers in two years without problems surrounding succession attests to the island's democratic tradition. the island's democratic tradition. Two prime ministers, both veteran politicians, have died in office in the past two years - Mr Tom Adams in 1985 and Mr Errol Barrow in May this year.

Mr Barrow led his Democratic Labour Party to a sweeping electoral victory in May last year winning a massive majority over the Barbados Labour Party which had enjoyed an uninterrupted 10 years in power. The Democratic Labour Party, after a decade on the back benches, found itself with 24 of the 27 found itself with 24 of the 27

parliamentary seats.

Both Mr Adams and Mr Barrow dominated the political transition years of the early 1960s - Mr Barrow led the island to independence in 1966 - and the legacy of their flamboyant styles has left its mark on the political expectations of all Raigns.



ADVERTISEMENT

The task of filling the vacuum has fallen to teacher-turned-policitian Mr. Erskine Sandiford, whose way has been essed somewhat by the strong position of the Democratic Labour Party. He is Finance Minister as well as Prime Minister, having taken on the portfolio after the resignation of Mr. Richie Haynes in September this year.

The ideological differences between the opposition Barbados Labour Party, led by Mr. Henry Forde, and the ruling party are negligible. The exceptional swing in the voting pattern last year had more to do with personalities than policies, although tax cut pledges by the Democratic Labour Party no doubt made it a more attractive proposition.

The Barbadian economy has suffered a downturn this year, far as to suggest growth of 25 following its best performance this decade in 1966 when it grew by 5 per cent. The depressed state of the economy has been due primarily to a shump in manufacturing output, a shrinkage in regional export markets and an exceptionally poor performance in sugar.

The prognosis, however, is by no means poor. Mr Winston Cox, Director of Finance and Planning, says; "We knew we had to depend on construction and tourism this year. Construction has lived up to expectations, tourism has surpassed expectations, tourism has surpassed expectations, tourism has surpassed expectations, tourism has surpassed expectations, could be as much as 2 per cent.

Some people would even go as like to reduce the level to 10 per cent. In the medium term, a target most economists feel is too optimistic.

Mr Cox, however, warns that the danger of trying to find a quick solution to the unemployment problem will create more severe problems. He says that the temptation is to rely on the government to generate employment. The Government has also lept inflation under control last make the temptation is to rely on the government. The government has also lept inflation under control last make the temptation is to rely on the temptation is to rely on the temptation is to rely on the government. The government that also lept inflation under control last make the temptation is to rely on the tem

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"We have yet to enter into serious negotiations with the Government about what the targets ought to be for the coming year,"

says Dr King.
Mr Cox says, however, that the government has successfully tapped the international financial capital markets. "Our strategy has been to limit our borrow-ing to replace maturing debt. We have had a surplus on the cur-rent account of our balance of payments in 1984, 1985 and 1986 which is obviously the underpin-ning factor.

ning factor.
He concedes, however, that it may be difficult to maintain a surplus this year, but argues that even a small deficit will allow the government to continue this strategy.
In a bid to overcome the loss of

In a bid to overcome the loss of regional markets - caused mainly by the poor economic performances of its major trading partners in the Caribbean and increased protectionism in the region - and resultant fall in foreign exchange reserves, the Government is turning its attention to developing outlets further afield. Extra-regional markets, primarily the US and Canada, are now the focus of its attention.

Mr Sandtford device that Bar-bades is abandoning its commit-ment to Carlcom by this shift in focus. "We are committed to Car-icom as an economic entity and seek to maintain it as such. Just as the UK discovered that Europe was its home base, so we consider the Caribbean to be our home base, our natural area."

Mr Sandiford has a personal, Mr Sandiford has a personal, as well as political, commitment to the region. He is, he says, a regionalist at heart. But, he adds: "I am also a realist. Although I am fully committed to the Caribbean and the integration of the Caribbean I know that there have been many attempts at federation and all have stumbled. For the Caribbean as a region I don't think that federation would work. We have to find other means of cementing the search for integration." search for integration."

Dr Kurleigh King, Governor of the Central Bank, supports this view. I don't think the quest for extra-regional markets will be harmful to Caricom. It was also understood that the Caricom market was call a templated. market was only a jumping off ground for home manufacturers. It was in a sense to get them used to the notion of exporting. We need to go beyond that now."

He adds that Barbados' efforts to develop its manufacturing base cannot be supported by a market of 5m people. He admits that the manufacturing sector is not going to be one of the island's high-flying sectors.

Barbados is also hopeful that changes to the Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI), set in motion by the Reagan Administration shortly after the invasion of Grenada in 1983, will make it more relevant to the island's export drive. The initiative, designed to promote better trade relations with the US by lifting restrictions. has been harally restrictions, has been harshly

criticised.
The main bone of conten that products which the Caribbean countries have the greatest

bean countries have the greatest capacity to manufacture such as shoes, textiles, leather goods and sugar, are subject to severe restrictions or excluded from the duty-free arrangements.

Mr Sandiford says he is fully behind the initiative although he admits that "the things we were best able to produce were excluded from the agreement such as garment production and such as garment production and

Sugar.
For Bajans, however, the pre-occupation of the moment has not been contracting regional

not been contracting regional markets, unemployment, inflation or the fiscal deficit. The greatest agony has been the less than inspiring performance by the West Indies cricket team in the World Cup series in Pakistan. All the misery of a nation that for a generation has not suffered defeat on the international cricket ground has been heaped on the head of one man - captain Viv Richards. The depth of feeling is understandable. Since the island played in the first major match ever in the Caribbean in 1865, Barbados has produced 1865, Barbados has produced cricketers of the highest calibre who have come from all sections of the community.

Two of the three West Indian cricketers knighted for their services to cricket came from Bar-bados - all-rounder Sir Frank Worrell, the first black man to captain the West Indies, and Sir Garfield Sobers.

The Government has begun to The Government has begun to take advantage of one of its greatest assets and is now linking tourism and sport. Barbados' most illustrious sporting son, Sir Garfield, has been assigned the post of sports consultant to the Board of Tourism.

Another cricketing legend of the 1960s, the fast bowler Wes Hall, elected to the House of Assembly last year, now holds the tourism and sport portfolio in cabinet.

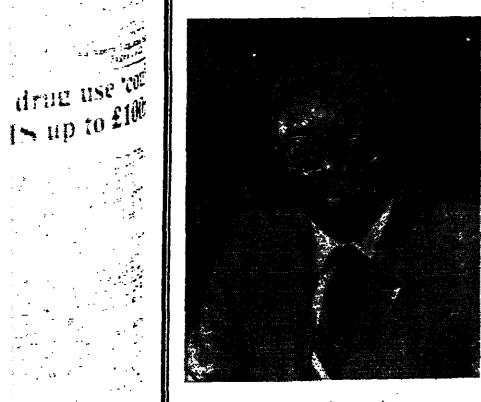
In the coming year the Gov-ernment will need all its imagi-nation to maintain the growth of its tourism sector as the threat of a world recession looms ever lar ger. A drop in tourist arrivals from the US could be devastating and it may prove more diffi-cult to attract new foreign investment to expand its manufacturing base.



MESSAGE FROM THE

HON. L. ERSKINE SANDIFORD,

PRIME MINISTER OF **BARBADOS**



Barbados celebrates twenty-one years as an Independent nation, conscious of the need to chart new social and economic development strategies which will consolidate the gains made over the years and lay the basis for advances in the future.

My Government assumed Office in May, 1986 with a commitment to the fundamental goals of:

 high levels of productive employment;
 viable balance of payments and fiscal positions;
 satisfactory levels of output and economic growth; equity in the distribution of rising incomes;
 stability in price levels; and

- a stable currency.

In July 1986, my Government introduced measures to revitalise the economy and stimulate growth. These measures represented a major change in fiscal policy. They provided substantial tax concessions to individuals and corporations, increased purchasing power and provided assistance to businesses in the hope of strengthening the economy and creating employment. These measures formed the major part of a short-term programme, which also included:

- completing the main elements of the 1983 to 1987 Development Plan; and

preparing a new development plan for 1988 to 1993, in the context of a development strategy based on the manifesto on which the Democratic Labour Party was elected to office.

Recent Economic Performance

1981-1985
The fiscal programme of July, 1986 was introduced for the against a background of fluctuating fortunes for the economy since 1980. The recession which occurred after the second oil shock affected the main export sectors-tourism, manufacturing and sugar and earnings fell as a result. The downturn spread across all the sectors of the economy. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) declined in 1981 and 1982 and remained virtually unchanged in 1983. There was some recovery in 1984, and again in 1985 when GDP grew by 3.6 per cent and 1 per cent, respectively.

While going through this economic downturn, Barbados entered into and successfully completed an International Monetary Fund Standby Programme between 1982 and 1984. This helped to keep the economy on a viable path and to avoid the more chronic problems associated with the debt crisis, which affected a number of developing

Economic Performance in 1986 In 1986, economic activity returned to 1980 levels. Real GDP grew by 5, per cent, with all the major productive sectors contributing.

There was expansion in the export sectors - sugar, manufacturing and tourism, - although some of the exports of manufacturing began to show signs of weakening. Unemployment as a percentage of the labour force was 17.7 per cent - a fall of one percentage point from the 1985 average, Inflation, which was 3.9 per cent in 1985, fel to 1.3 per cent.

Sugar production in 1986 was the highest since 1980. The increase was made possible by more favourable crop conditions, including adequate rainfall and improve-ments in cane harvesting and factory practices. Unfortunately, export prices were no better in 1986 and the gains in production did not bring any increase in foreign

Tourism regained some momentum in 1986, and there were increases in tourist arrivals and spending. The 3.5 per cent growth of 1986 came about as a result of stronger United Kingdom and United States markets and reversed the 3.0 per cent decline of 1985.

Exports of assembled goods and textiles and wearing apparel fell, even though there was growth in manufacturing as a whole. A slump in prices and weak market conditions affected micro-chips which had contributed a major share of manufactured exports. Textiles and wearing apparel exports were affected by trade problems within the CARICOM region.

The increase in disposable incomes resulting from the fiscal measures of July 1986 was responsible for expansion in construction and in domestic manufacturing. Home construction increased by 35 per cent, stimulated in part, by a reduction in mortgage interest rates from 11.0 per cent to 10.0 per cent in April and then again to 9.0 per cent on October 21. The lowering of mortgage interest rates was made possible by the generally high liquidity in the banking sector during 1986. Residential mortgages outstanding by the major financial institutions increased by \$50.2 million compared with a \$21.9 million increase in the previous year.

In 1986, a Tax Information Exchange Agreement was concluded and a Double Taxation Treaty was ratified with the United States of America, enhancing the prospects for Barbados as an offshore financial centre. At the end of the year there were 650 companies registered. Two hundred and twenty of these were foreign sales corporation, 46 were exempt insurance companies. There were also 18 insurance management companies, 4 off-shore banks and 13 shipping companies registered.

The balance of payments surplus at the end of 1986 was \$6.2 million, the second consecutive year in which a surplus was recorded. The current account of the balance of payments was also in surplus, in 1984 and 1985. This performance enabled Government to make judicious use of the international capital markets to meet maturing debt. Government's fiscal deficit on current account was \$15.2 million in fiscal year 1986/87 com-pared to \$15.2 million in fiscal year 1985/86.

The First Six Months of 1987

At the start of the year the outlook was not too promising. While the economy had grown by 5 per cent in 1986, there was no expectation that real increase in economic activity would reach a high level in 1987. The target for the sugar industry was well below the 1986 production and the closure of one manufacturing plant as well as the trade restrictions in CARICOM threw a long shadow over the manufacturing sector. The fiscal deficit was also expected to be excessively large unless appropriate cor-rective action was taken; the balance of payments too would have been under severe pressure as a result of falling export income and rising demand for consumer imports. Only tourism and construction were expected to remain buoyant. Inflation would again be moderate, but unfortunately, unemployment was not expected to

The experience in 1987 is, however, somewhat better than anticipated. The average annual rate of inflation at 2.0 per cent to the end of September remained negligible and real output during the first nine months of the year was slightly higher than for the corresponding months of 1986. Both the tourism and construction sectors have been performing satisfactorily. As a result of charter arrangements out of the United Kingdom, this year's summer tourist season has been one of the best on record. The number of long stay visitors, after declining 2.5 per cent between January and March was 11.5 per cent higher than up to the end of August 1986. Cruise ship arrivals for the first nine months of this year were 71 per cent more than in the corresponding period last year. Although the increased number of visitors does not mean that the tourist industry has recovered all the lost ground, the trends are encouraging.

The reduction of mortgage interest rates and the rise in disposable incomes, following the tax cuts in 1986, have stimulated private home building which is leading the expansion in the construction sector. Residential mortgage lending increased by 19 per cent up to the end of September this year and housing starts in the first quarter of the year rose 45 per cent. Government's housing and road construction and repair programmes, also contributed to the buoyancy of the construction sector. The tributed to the buoyancy of the construction sector. The outlook for the rest of the year is for continued strong demand for housing and increased activity in home

The information on production in non-sugar agriculture suggested that there were increases in output for most categories of vegetables in the first half of 1987. The cotton harvest increased by 24.2 per cent over that for 1986. Production in livestock products was also greater and the outlook for the second half of the year is that 1987 output will increase for most of the major crops and livestock commodities. This optimism is inspired by the success of initiatives to penetrate the Canadian and USA

Except for tourism, construction and distribution, the other sectors of the economy have not been vibrant. In agriculture, sugar production of 83,432 tonnes fell short of the target of 90,000 tonnes and was 25 per cent below output in 1986.

In the industrial sector, production for the domestic market has been increasing but not sufficient to prevent an overall decline - estimated at 12 per cent - in manufacturing output. The loss of foreign markets, both regionally and extra-regionally, has increased the unused capacity in the sector.

Growth for the remainder of 1987 depends on the performance of the tourism and construction sectors, and the indications are that, as a result of their continued buoyancy real GDP in 1987 could be higher than for 1986. However, these slender gains could very easily evaporate, if an already volatile international economic environment becomes even more so as a result of the economic uncertainties in the major industrial countries consequent upon the decline in share prices in the principal financial centres. While we cannot say as yet what this will mean for Barbados, we are concerned that these events could lead to slower growth, or trigger a recession in those countries from which the bulk of our tourists

We remain optimistic, but cautious about economic developments in 1988. The downturn in both manufacturing and sugar should be arrested and we anticipate and both construction and tourism will remain buoyant through the year ahead. As a result real output should again increase by around two per cent but a lot will depend on the resolution of the major problems facing the world economy. In the circumstances Government will seek to put more Barbadians into productive employment while at the same time doing whatever possible to safeguard the fiscal and balance of payments

1. Cute Ised

Government Headquarters Bridgetown, Barbados.

Although it has one of the best managed economies in the Cambbean region, its dependence on regional and extra-regional markets has, to a large extent, left its arrivals rose by 7.2 per cent to first 9 months of this year.

209,700 from 195,600 in the first was singled out a reduction in the unemployment figures as one of his priorities.

to bear during the last year has been the contraction of regional markets due to poor economic performance by its Caribbean neighbours. The adjustments needed to extend its economic sights beyond the relative cosy comforts of Caricom are only now being addressed in earnest.

The economy is under pressure that the value of the previous government on the unemployment question. I would really like to see unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets. The fall in the value of the previous government on the unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets. The fall in the value of the previous government on the unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets due to poor economic per cent of all arrivals - British was the dismal record of the previous government on the unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets due to carriving in ployment question. I would really like to see unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets due to provide government on the unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets due to fall arrivals - British was the dismal record of the previous government on the unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets. The fall in the value of the dismal record of the previous government on the unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets. The fall in the value of the previous government on the unemployment in the medium term down to 10 about developing European markets.

a downturn in the first 9 months of this year after a growth rate of 5 per cent in 1986 - the highest since 1980. Mr Winston Cox, it feels is an untapped market.

Hereautry actually actually proposed and the board is devoting additional resources to exploit what formance of the manufacturing est since 1980. Mr Winston Cox, it feels is an untapped market. Director of Finance and Plan-ning, predicts a growth rate of struction sector remained buoy-

ter and Finance Minister says: cuts and a drop in the mortgage
"In the prevailing economic conditions, both in the Caricom area
and in the world itself, I think
lending rose by BD\$26m between
any growth this year would be

The mortgage
attracting new foreign investment for the manufacturing sector is weak. However, Mr Cox
says there is some indication

Stagnation or negative growth were everted this year only by tion and tourism has done little the growth in tourism. Arrivals to alleviate the country's unemin the first nine months of the ployment problem. After a drop year were estimated to have of 2.4 per cent in the number of

Together

we help build Barbados

years ago when the Construction Company was founded by the Chairman, Mr. Charles Othrail 'COW' Williams. Together the Group employs over1,000 Barbedians and is proud to have played a significant role in the economic and social well-being of

C.O. Williams Construction Limited, which was the first to start

operations, is duty in the company has successfully won contracts in the International arena, saving Barbados valuable foreign exchange. During 1986 and 1987, the Company constructed the Northern

Access Road and the Bridgetown Fishing Harbour. In 1986, it

resurfaced the 11,000 ft. runway at the International Airport in

conjuction with Wimpey Asphalt Limited of the United Kingdom. In 1987, the Construction Company took a number of subsidiary companies in the Group under its wing, which

together are responsible for the production on 2,500 acres of agricultural land. In addition to sugar, major emphasis has been placed on diversification and the development of beef and dairy

cartie. It constitutes the largest private sector venture in the field, with 700 head of beef cattle and 250 dairy stock. Cotton,

Sorrel and Exotic Flowers are among the crops which along with Sugar, all earn valuable foreign exchange for Barbados.

Structural Systems Limited has been manufacturing and supply-

ctors for the past twelve years. This Company also exports its products earning valuable foreign exchange. The Company takes

pride in producing the most versatile and economical steel struc-

C.O. Williams Electrical Limited is one of the major electric

the cables and switch gear etc., at major projects through-

Barbados Light & Power stations. This company has the largest 'steel service centre' and also supplies a variety of electrical and

BRC West Indies Limited as the name implies, is the sole manufacturer of BRC Fabrics (welded wire mesh) in the West Indies. The Company supplies the entire Caribbean with products made to international specifications, including roofing and cladding materials, brickforce, rebers, steel and galvanised mesh. Approximetaly 35% of the total production is exported. This company is a very successful 60/50 joint venture between

Roady Mix Limited and Ready Black Limited are two sister Compenies in the Group, whose ready mixed concrete and precision-made concrete blocks have been used in all the major

British and Barbadian industries.

construction projects throughout the island.

ires. Among these have been factories, warehouses and office

ctors on the island and was responsible for installing all

ing prefabricated metal buildings to the industrial and cor

The economy must adjust to a contraction of regional markets

Looking beyond Caricom

on the domestic front. It suffered increasingly attractive propositical about whether this can be

ning, predicts a growth rate of about 2 per cent this year, although some economists think this is too optimistic, forecasting growth of just 1 per cent.

Against the background of negative growth of 2 per cent between 1980 and 1985, Mr Erskine Sandiford, Prime Minister and Finance Minister savs:

Against the background of negative growth of 2 per cent between 1980 and 1985, Mr Private housebuilding remained high as last year's tax to the same of the wear cuts and a deap in the same of the wear nine months of the wear nine month

Increased activity in construc-

year were estimated to have of 2.4 per cent in the number of increased by 8.5 per cent last jobless last year from 21,200 (or year. The estimate reflects a 18.6 per cent of the workforce) trend shown in the first 6 in 1985 to 20,700, the figure has months of this year when tourist remained virtually static in the

6 months of last year.

Although the US ramains the figures as one of his priorities.

main source of tourist earnings - "One of the major reasons for a last year the US accounted for 45 per cent of all arrivals - British was the dismal record of the pre-

says there is some indication that different kinds of foreign operations will be set up.

The sugar yield per acre fell to
the lowest levels since 1948, primarily due to a longer dry sea-son this year. Cutput was tar-geted this year to meet only contractual needs because of the

low sugar price, but still fell 7
per cent below target. Output at
83,432 tonnes was 25 per cent
below last year's.
Poor performances in the manufacturing and sugar sectors, which have been the primary contributors to Barbados' visible export earnings, exacerbated a

"SUGAR CANE farming holds

this country together," says Mr Eric Deane, Managing Director of Barbados Sugar Industry Lim-ited, a consortium which pro-cesses the island's canes. Sugar is economically impor-rant to Barbados, although it has

tant to Barbados, although it has been replaced by tourism as the main foreign currency earner. But Mr Deane's statement has lit-tle to do with the economic

returns which the national economy gets from sugar. It refers to the role of the cane plant in ensuring that other forms of

agriculture are possible.
Agronomically, Barbados has

always walked a very thin line. The island's coral rock base is covered by a layer of soil which averages 18 inches thick. Soil erosion is a constant fear, forcing

have lost the topsoil cannot be retrieved for agriculture.



imports from BD\$1,221bn in might not increase because of 1985 to BD\$1.181bn did little to offset the imbalance.

The trade deficit with Caricom countries, which as a group form Barbados' second largest trading partner after the US, rose to BD\$29.9m last year. This compared with a deficit of BD\$19.7m year. The US bought 23.7 per to 1985 and a surplus of cert of Barbados' exports in

decline in exports. Domestic received a smaller proportion of exports for the first nine months Barbedos' exports, 17.4 per cent of 1887 were less than half their in 1986 compared with 22.7 per

of 1887 were less than half their in 1986 compared with 22.7 per value in 1988.

These figures reflect last year's disturbing trend when the deficit on visible trade worsened, rising Caricom states, most recently in to BD\$628.8m from BD\$513.8m July this year, there is pessimism in 1985. Exports fell by 22 per about any immediate improvement from BD\$707,781 in 1985 to BD\$552,283 last year. The fall in measures were lifted, exports BD\$552,283 last year. The fall in measures were lifted, exports BD\$1.221bm in might not increase because of 1985 to BD\$1.181bm did little to demessed demand and the fact

US as a potential market and away from traditional Caricom outlets. Rather, the government is committed to developing extra-regional markets both to boost its manufacturing base and to improve its visible export

"I am not regretting the change of direction towards the US," says Dr Kurleigh King, Central Bank Governor. "Instead of complaining about the loss of complaining about the says are the private secregional markets, the private sec-tor should get up and do some-thing it is going to be more diffitring. It is going to be more diffi-cult than it was. It was relatively easy to sell to Trinidad with the cost advantage when their mar-ket was really very strong. Now that that is no longer so we have to look to the US and Canada and that is hard worth. and that is hard work."

He feels the government has to help manufacturers find and capture new markets. We can't keep looking at old markets and old ways of producing. Compared with producting costs in the developed countries, we are still, relatively, a low cost pro-ducer. I'm sure we can break into these markets. There is nothing wrong with our manu-facturers. It is just that a mental switch has to be made to focus our attention on new markets."

. Particular emphasis has been placed on the expansion of the international financial business services. The growth of this sector was particularly strong in 1986. The trend has continued in 1987, albeit at a slower pace, with growth in exempt insur-

To ease the pressure on the pared with a deficit of BD\$19.7m year. The US bought 22.7 per in 1985 and a surplus of cent of Barbados' exports in balance of payments, the government relied heavily on foreign cent in 1986, compared with 18.4 per ment relied heavily on foreign borrowing which shored up forcessed marginally by 0.7 per cent in 1986 mainly due to the island's limited access to the Trinidad and Tobago markets where sales have declined by 70 per cent since 1983.

There is little concern that inflation rate in Caricom, and trading patterns are changing the lowest in 19 years. In 1985 towards a greater reliance on the balance of payments, the govern-ment relied heavily on foreign borrowing which shored up for-eign exchange reserves. Barba-dos has, however, kept inflation

New exchange opened

Barbados' new Securities the world's largest stock Exchange, which only began exchanges on Black Mon-Exchange, which only began trading on June 12, has 13 listed companies and has a 158m shares worth could be expected.
BD\$453m. In October "We did not have may illustrated at a value of the process of the exchange and shares changed sions about how the process of the exchange of the exch

BD\$570,838.

The isolation of the tiny est start. We know Ridgetown exchange meant it was totally insulated from the blow suffered by in a few months.

day. Dr King says the exchange

This is a little start, a modest start. We know that you don't make big private investors out of the public

Prices have risen again this year, up 4.8 per cent between lanuary and August. This was partly expected, however, because of continued recovery in the price of oil.

This patchy performance has come against the backdrop of a shift in fiscal policy by the governing Democratic Labour Party.
The party was swept into power last year on pledges of tax cuts and an extensive privatisation

The relief on personal taxation - tax exemption on BD\$15,000 a year was introduced in July last year - has had some negative impact on tax revenues. However, despite a cut in corporation tax rate from 45 per cent to 35 per cent, companies reported increased profits for the second year running and company tax collections increased.

Despite the fall in tax revenues, Mr Sandiford says the government remains committed to the lower tax rates. However, the government has raised additional revenues by increasing indirect taxes such as consumption tax

During the financial years 1986/87 the deficit on current account stood at BD\$10.5m com-

1986, BD\$21.1m in 1984/85 and a surplus of BD\$22.4m in 1983/84.

made an impact on stimulating growth and investment in the rivate sector. Mr Sandiford, however, remains optimistic: The tax cuts were a step in the right direction to put more money in the pockets of individuals and also into the coffers of business houses in the hope this might stimulate greater demand and hence fuel economic activity and hopefully economic growth."

The architect of these policies Dr Richie Haynes, the former Finance Minister, resigned in September. The acrimony of his departure - his primary complaint was that Prime Minister Erskine Sandiford unilaterally appointed a new central bank governor - has raised questions about which economic policies the government will be implementing next.

Mr Sandiford remains adamant that there will be no radical shift in policy direction. He is deter-mined to shore up the weaker sectors of the economy and to tackle some of the underlying structural problems.

Caroline Southey

Agriculture

Question lies in the soil

the sector employs about 5,000 people - another factor which underlines its importance, despite its lack of viability.

So fundamental is the sugar sector to the country's life, says Mr Noel Symmonds, Service Manager of BSIL, that "If this industry were to fail, it would take a lot of businesses with it and the soverment national and the government national insurance scheme, for example, would be in trouble. This induserosion is a constant fear, forcing try is under pressure in every the island's farmers into protective husbandry. Areas which out it there will be more serious problems than many people real-

retrieved for agriculture.

There is a need for certain grass crops to keep the soil together," Mr Deane explains.

Sugar canes do this best. The sainfall pattern in Barbados is erratic, and not many crops can survive. Irrigation is limited because there is little understoned water.

There is a need for certain output of raw sugar has fluctuated over the past five years, with this year's harvest yielding standard to the story of the crop was 90,000 tonnes and officials have said the shortfall was due to poor weather, it having hear the driest resping sees are af

Exports to the United States

ing been the driest reaping sea- are affected by movements in year's shipments will be about

100,000 tonnes

Sound water.

This, in part, explains the country's continuing tolerance of an industry which, at current increasing problems with its forproduction costs, is not visible. Over the past five years the Barbados sugar industry has received financial support of BS70m, mainly through bond issues.

Government officials say the industry cannot expect to be viable at current world prices, despite a guaranteed market for some exports to the EC and a dwindling quota to the US. But

The loss of part of the US mar-tet has forced the industry to sell increasing quantities on the less lucrative world market. The volume of sugar exports last year was 14.5 per cent higher than that of 1985, yet earnings of BD\$72m were only 9 cent higher. The contraction of the market

has also led to some rethinking stock through technologically about the use of land for sugar advanced methods of irrigation. cane. The area under canes is The drive to increase exports being reduced from \$2,000 acres will be led by the Barbados Marbeing reduced from \$2,000 acres will be led by the Baroados Marto 25,000 acres. Land use is being ketting Corporation, which is diversified, with more attention being set the task of doubling to crops which can tolerate the island's agricultural exports island's uncertain climate and its within a year. Barbados earned fragile soils.

BD\$15.2m from non-sugar agricultural exports last year.

fragile soils.

There is increasing attention to cotton, with the land planted being expanded by 65 per cent to 1,750 acres by next year. Production last year was 125,890 kilos of lint which earned the island

There are also efforts to

contributed to a 4.5 per cent expansion in agricultural output last year.
The effort to expand output in areas other than sugar will be intensified, following the completion by the Government of a five year plan for agricultural

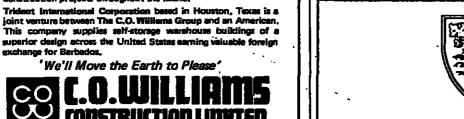
Officials of the agriculture ministry say the plan is simed at raising foreign earnings through increased output, and encourag-ing more farmers by increasing

The plan, which will be implemented next year, will increase the pace of diversification, and put under-used areas under live

One of the zims of the five year plan, one official of the agriculture ministry explained, is to encourage more Barbadians to look seriously at farming with the government providing the incentives. One of these will be credit to farmers, most of which has gone in the past to sugar cane farmers.

But Barbados' size will limit But Barbados' size will limit the extent to which the pro-gramme will be successful. Twenty per cent of the land has either been taken up by build-ings or is unsuitable for any form of agriculture, and another 65 per cent is already under cul-tivation.

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change open Electrical and the state of the

Con Elizabeth

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Nesed 37

Manufacturing output is slipping, reports Canute James

Painful exports decline

THE INDUSTRIAL sector has been hit by a series of setbacks which has affected the production of electronics and garmens. Manufacturing output, which increased 8 per cent last year after a 9 per cent decline in 1985, is again slipping. Between January and September, output was 12 per cent below the first nine

months of last year.

Particularly painful has been the decline in exports of electronic goods, mainly to the US. The island has become a major centre for electronic assembly with plants established by US companies and others, owned locally, producing under contract for the US market.

Earnings from the exports, which range from components which range from components for defence systems to hearing aids, fell from US\$151m in 1985 to US\$115 million last year, due mainly to the shutdown of a large plant operated by the Intel Corporation of California.

The industrial sector and the island's economy also suffered from raduced expects of care

from reduced exports of gar-ments because of import restric-tions imposed by neighbouring Trinidad and Tobago, a major, market for Barbadian manufac-turers. The Trinidadian restric-tions were intended to stem a tions were intended to stem a drain on that country's foreign reserves, following reduced earn-

reserves, following reduced earnings from oil.

Mr Teddy Griffith, General Jobs which were lost. When Intel Manager of the Central Bank, said the decline in industrial output this year reflected the loss of Intel's output, and cutbacks by another large company. "However, there was some increase in the output of processed food. Most industrial companies have been unable to replace lost.

Mether has this subsector yet managed to make up for the yet managed to make up for the siland was loss when we have closed we lost 1,000 jobs."

The island has, however, become more aggressive in promoting itself as a location for data processing operations. Following the establishment of a plant four years ago by American Airlines, the Industrial Development Corporation says three new comparations are to start operations agont. regional markets or to penetrate nies are to start operations soon, new markets outside the region. In the garment sector as a result of improved local sales

Caribbean data services, the

Industrial production Index 1982-100 Electronic Components All industries Garments 1984

and computerising taped medical data for several hospitals in the United States. The company said that in locating on Barbados it had saved about a half of what it

had cost when the data was pro-cessed at facilities in Oklahoma.

cessed at facilities in Oklahoma.
It appears also that the garment subsector is recovering.

The protectionist measures

The protectionist measures implemented by Trinidad and Tobago were angrily condemned by Barbados and other members of the Caribbean economic com-

of the Caribbean economic com-munity. With the closure of sev-eral garment plants predicated on the Trindadian market, gar-ment production fell 19 per cent in 1985 and 20 per cent last year. Mr Lalu Vaswani, head of the garment group of the Barbados Manufacturers Association, reported recently that local gar-ment sales in the first half of 1987 were up by 15.9 per cent.

1987 were up by 15.9 per cent.
"Once we have a bigger domestic
base to cover our overhead costs,
when we can more easily pene-

year. They were here for 13 years and could not be replaced

years and could not be replaced immediately."
Intel's decision was the result of the "shakeout" in the electronics industry, and the subsector has not recovered. "There has not been much new activity in electronics recently," says Mr Chase, "except for one firm which is producing radar equipment. Neither has this subsector yet managed to make up for the

coincided with a package of mea-sures implemented by the Barba-dian Government to stimulate local industry.

The measures include an

The measures include an increase in stamp duty on imports from outside the Carlbbean community from 12 to 15 per cent. Imports from community members, which were subject to stamp duty of 12 per cent, now attract duty of 10 per cent. A new private sector venture capital company is to buy shares in local companies, as part of an effort to improve a high debt-equity ratio in the island's industrial sector, while the Barbados development bank is to provide funds to finance the development of small businesses.

personal and corporate tax rates which government officials said was intended to stimulate pro-

ity by small manufacturers in garments, says Mr Chase. This follows the measures taken by the government to reserve the local market for garment manufacturers. We are looking towards higher quality garments produced by small designers who are very real entrepreneurs, and this promises well for the

this promises well for the future.

But Mr Chase, and Mr Al will we get the money? Perhaps from the private sector itself but manufacturers do not have the manufacturers do not have the manufacturers do not have the capital. It will come, perhaps, but things have levelled off now," says Mr Knight. "The sector is no longer going downhill but it still needs some help. Provisions in the recent budget have enabled the garment sector to see the light. The Manufacturers association has just discussed a five year plan, and we are trying to get some help from the government."

Mr Knight said one of the more encouraging recent developments for the manufacturers was an indication that they and the government can work the more encouraging recent developments for the manufacturers was an indication that they and the government can work the more encouraging recent developments for the manufacturers was an indication that they and the government can work the more encouraging recent developments for the manufacturers was an indication that they and the government can work the manufacturers do not have the manufacturers do not have the manufacturers do not have the manufacturers of not have the manufacturers. Association, agree that manufacturers do not have the capital. It will come, perhaps, through joint ventures.

Accruent plant, owned by the Barbados and Trinidad government manufacturers. Accruent plant, owned by the Barbados and Trinidad government manufacturers and Trinidad government was been described as a bad investment by a government will come of the manufacturers and the provide and trining the perhaps, through joint ventures.

Cement plant, owned by the Barbad

a result of improved local sales as the incentives in stamp duties have made extra regional imports less competitive."

We are not yet out of the woods, agreed Mr Rawle Chase, General Manager of the Barbados for the company processes tick-liquistrial Development Corporation, "We have expanded the garment sector, although we lost a widened to include transcribing its community partners. This plants of get some help from the government."

Mr Knight said one of the more encouraging recent developments for the manufacturers was an indication that they and to the government can work force to about imports of all but a few category. The company processes tick-ries of garments from outside the carries of garments from outside the carries of garments from outside the said one major problem was the immediate need for funds to refurbish plants. The question is: where more encouraging recent devel-opments for the manufacturers was an indication that they and

Barbados Mt.Hillaby_/ <u>larchfield</u>

industry.

The devaluations in Trinidad,
Guyana and Jamsica have made
it difficult for us to compete, agreed Mr Knight. reports. We feel more than We did a year ago."

will we get the money? Perhaps from the private sector itself but manufacturers do not have the capital. It will come, perhaps, through joint ventures. A through in companies looking to do long-term business will turn to us, and we compensate by holding costs and increasing productivity, he explains. "If there are mobile companies looking for low wages and quick turn-around, they will find our neighbours more attractive. We are not an assembly-type society and we do not want to go back to that as the wages which are paid in Barbados cannot afford that."

The Barbadian industrial sector has also suffered from economic policies implemented by several of its neighbours. Currency devaluations in Jamaica, Trinidad and Tobago and Guylana and Tobago and Guylana and Samaica have made it difficult for us to compete,"

The devaluations in Trinidad, Guyana and Jamaica have made it difficult for us to compete,"

The devaluations in Trinidad, Guyana and Jamaica have made it difficult for us to compete,"

The devaluations in Trinidad, Guyana and Jamaica have made it difficult for us to compete, accompanies looking to do long-term business will turn to us, and we compensate by holding costs and increasing products. The saming costs and increasing products and increasing products and increasing for low wages and quick turn to low wages and quick turn to

food processing, saments, and data processing, Mr Chase reports. We feel more confident

Henry Forde

An eye on the future

THE BARBADOS Labour Party could have sunk into political oblivion after last year's elec-tions which saw its previous majority massacred and only three of its members returned to

three of its members returned to parliament. Even the former Prime Minister Bernard St John ialled to keep his seat in the most devastating poll defeat ever suffered by a Barbadan party.

The man chosen to lead the BLP, and who has single-handed kept it on the political map, is Mr Henry Forde. The 54-year-old lawyer had his political baptism by fire in the heady 1960s as attempts at Caribbean federation collapsed and the groundwork was laid for independence. Mr Forde headed a group called the under-40s which was preoccupied by the dominant political question of the time - whether Barbados should go into independence alone or in a federation with other Eastern Caribbean states.

It was not until 1971 that Mr Forde joined forces with the Bar-bados Labour Party. He has been returned to parliament with a comfortable majority at every election since. On the strength of a Barbados Scholarship, Mr Forde entered Christ's College, Cambridge in 1952 and was called to the Bar at the Middle

Temple, London, in 1959.

Before returning to Barbados in 1959 he became supervisor and tutor in International Lew at Emmanuel College. This followed a stint as research assistant in the department of criminology and a research student in International Law.

Between 1977 and 1981 he served as the island's Attorney General. Some legal experts argue that during his tenure he oversaw one of the great legislative reform periods in the island's post-independence history laws were introduced during the control of th tory. Laws were introduced giv-ing women equal status, a new Companies Act and the Tenant-ries Freehold Purchasing Act which sought to offer more pro-

community.

Mr Forde is undaunted by the task facing him. He maintains a running and lively commentary on the political and economic record of Prime Minister Sandi-



His attacks on Government policy - widely quoted on national television and in the two local daily papers - have kept him in the public eye and kept him in the public eye and the Government on its toes. Commenting recently on what he sees as the Government's disastrous economic policies, he was moved to say: "I would believe that the country at this stage would wish the economy was in the hands of the opposi-tion despite the fact that we are tion, despite the fact that we are only three."

At the party's 49th annual con-ference this month, Mr Fords the Government's economic track-record. The immediate future for Barbados holds forth the promise of more taxes, more unemployment, higher prices, more debts and possible devaluation." he said.

tion," he said.

He added that "this dismal situation" was made all the more intolerable by the Government's inability to "institute short-term management policies to correct the drift in the country's economic affairs"

nomic affairs".

Mr Forde was almost as hard on his own party as he was on the Government. He endorsed the findings of a committee set up to review the party's dismal performance in last year's elec-tions which warned that 'parlia-mentarians should never fall to listen and to heed the complaints and criticisms of their support

*Preoccupied as some parlia-"Preoccupied as some parliamentarians were with the exigencies of office, they lost sight
of the need to keep the party
strong and to keep close to the
grassroots," Mr Forde said.
He has started the process of
whipping all party members into
line and into action. He is obvi-

ously a man with an eye on the future. On his own, he has had this to say: When one is leader of the opposition, one must prepare for being leader of the Gov-

Caroline Southey

Erskine Sandiford

Federalist but a realist

Reagan as 'the cowboy in the Although some controversy White House', refused to live in has surrounded Mr Sandiford's the official PM's residence and boycotted a new \$5m Central Bank complex on the grounds that it was a waste of taxpayers'

Barranian press with lew head-line-grabbing stunts. His caution has earned him respect in some quarters but has frustrated oth-ers. Bajans have been spoilt by strong leaders like Barrow and Tom Adams and we are taking time getting used to men who do Tom Adams and we are taking play..."
The second was that the rescher turned politician is the political commentator said.

Mr Tom Adams, like Mr Bar-

The Prime Minister of Barbados has had a hard act to follow. Mr Erskine Sandiford took over the reins of power following the unexpected death in May of Mr Errol Barrow — a popular, people's man and renowned statesman who led the island to independence in 1966.

Mr Sandiford's style is in marked contrast to the flamboyant Mr Barrow who once referred to US President Ronald Reagan as "the cowboy in the owners of the leaders in the independence movements of the early 1960s and a household name in Barbados, died in office in 1986. He was succeeded by Mr Barbados Labour Party into disastrous elections in 1986, when the Democratic Labour Party led by Mr Barrow was returned to power by a massive majority after 10 years on the back-benches.

succession, two factors left little doubt that he would take over

Bank complex on the grounds that he would take over from Mr Barrow.

The first was that he had worked closely to the late Prime Minister since he was first appointed as his personal assistant in 1965. That he was being line-grabbing stunts. His caution apparent when, shortly before his death, Mr Barrow noted: "After me it is Sandy, then Phi-lip and then any number could



GROWTH AND STABILITY

The integration of Caribbean states has remained a focus of Mr Sandiford's political life.
Despite the dismal failure at efforts to unite the islands politically (the Federation of the West ricult Indies collapsed in 1961 after the withdrawal of Jamaica and lost all momentum after independence was gained by the islands successively through the sixties) at con and a continual losing battle at economic integration, Mr Sandiford says he remains "a federalist at heart".

at heart".
"I have given considerable

tion. I was educated in Jamaica and for the first time I was in close touch with students com-ing together from all the areas of the Caribbean. That really did something for opening my own vision of the Caribbean. The University of the West Indies itself was and is an experiment

Mr Sandford: castloss
Mr Sandford: castloss
Mr Sandford: sets great store
by his years of close association
with Mr Barrow. T worked very
closely in the political field with
the late Prime Minister in what
you call the backroom of the
party. He asked me to be his
personal assistant and I worked
with him as such for one year. I
then became his Minister of Education. In that canacity I worked

lege of the West Indies, forerun-ner to the University of the West Indies. He later took his Master's in economics and social studies in economics and social studies at Manchester University where he wrote a thesis on the interrelationship of the Caribbean states.

The second greatest passion in Mr Sandiford's life is education. Barbados has the highest literacy rate of all the Caribbean islands

The integration of Caribbean standards.



then became his Minister of Education. In that capacity I worked
for eight years and then also as
Minister of Health. For 20 years,
from the time of independence, I
was associated with him in polity
it is an avenue worth exploring
it is inited presently to senior politicians.

"The present present program
it is imited presently to senior politicians.

"The present present present present program
it is an avenue worth exploring
it is inited presently to senior politicians.

"The present pre and to understand the presently esoteric arrangement among senior bureaucrais."

and has a proud record of high

"I believe in the capacity of "I believe in the capacity of education and training for shaping the destiny of a country. I am not talking only about a curriculum in a school but the impact a family has, what happens in the workplace and how workers develop their skills, and the interaction that takes place at community through sport and culture. All of that, broadly, I call the educative process.

I know that education has

I know that education has done a lot for me and I seek at every opportunity possible to give something back. I believe that one of the things that has been going very much for this country is the investment it has made in education. All Barbadians have access to education and ans have access to education and this means an educated workforce and one that is trainable."

Mr Sandiford has moved swiftly to consolidate himself inpower to lead Barbados through to the end of one of its most difficult decades this century. Not all his moves this far have been popular, and it is clear he will have to take some unpopular decisions to shore up a denressed economy. But he

depressed economy. But he remains quietly confident.

He is conscious of the pressures he is under, particularly the expectations of him filling Errol Barrow's shoes. "It is not easy to follow such a leader, he says. But life goes on and we can only take strength from the privilege of having worked with him. Caroline Southey



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Push for Europe's tourists

WHEN LORD NELSON sailed into Barbados in June 1805, he neither came as a tourist nor intended to stay long. He is, in a form, still there, represented by Sir Richard Westmacott's bronze statue which dominates Trafal-

gar Square, Bridgetown.
Today's tourists hardly contemplate staying that long - an average of 6.2 days, say tourism officials - and, unlike Nelson, they prefer the island's many beaches to Bridgetown's central business district

But those who follow in Nelson's footsteps are contributing to an industry which is now a major foreign currency earner for Barbados. Although most tourists come from the US. it is Britain, and other parts of Europe, which hold the greatest promise for expansion.

"Our tourism is benefiting

from the economic situation in Europe," said Mr Anthony Arthur, Deputy Director of Toursm. "We are getting increasingly invasion of neighbouring Grencompetitive in the UK and West ada. Rather than declining

the US dollar - to which the Bar- Now hoteliers are worried badian dollar is tied against about another factor which European currencies, European could harm the growth targets. visitors are finding Barbados a The recent turnoil on the intergood bargain. While the US national stock exchanges could accounted last year for 45 per lead to cancellation of reservacent of the 369,700 tourists who tions, and affect the peak winter

to increase our share of the European market, Mr Arthur explained in the UK we negotiexplained. In the UK we negot-ated special charter packages from Manchester - which we have not had since the collapse of Laker Airways - and this has increased our catchment area in the Midlands. We expect to have a 20 per cent increase each month in our tourist traffic from

Last year's total stayover arriv- roris als were three per cent higher than 1985. The target for this year is 280,000, and the industry

Tourism : * Projections

Germany, and since June we through adverse publicity as have been registering clear hoteliers feared, the industry growth in these markets. Because of the falling value of the US dollar to which the Barbadian dollar is fied.

Barbades Board of Tourism

visited Barbados last year, the season trade. "In times of finan-UK market grew by 22.6 per cent cial uncertainty, the first thing over the 39,000 visitors of 1985.
"We have done several things budget is the holiday overseas," suggested one hotelier. But the island has also bene-

fited from recent international developments which have affected the patterns of interna-tional holiday travel. Like most of its Caribbean neighbours, Bar-bados gained last year from the reluctance of Americans and Canadians to travel to Europe because of what was perceived is escalating international ter-

But Barbados, using its natural

climatic resources as a base, has been able justifiably to promote itself as an island with a long

the local 'Crop Over' festival in roo midsummer is an attraction for still Barbadians living overseas. The industry, however, has frequently suffered from a short-

age of airline seat capacity from major markets. The shutdown elling from Europe - a problem which was not immediately solved because of a protracted row over route rights between BWIA of Trinidad and Tobago and the Barbadian government, on the one hand, and British Airways and the British govern-

deanie in the volume of Cana-dian arrivals. A new agreement with a Canadian charter com-pany has made the island more accessible, leading the industry's per cent fall in arrivals from Canada, in the hope of surpassing soon the 92,000 of 1979.

A holiday in Barbados has been, at times, considered to be expensive when compared with the telephole postshows.

the island's neighbours. Now, however, the hotel industry is claiming improved competitivethe island's neighbours. Now, however, the hotel industry is claiming improved competitiveness, aided by a government decision to reduce taxes paid by which was 23 per cent more than hoteliers, and cutting utility rates and taxes on food and beverages imported for hotels.

The volume of cruise ship visitors last year was 30 per cent which was 23 per cent more than 1984. In January to August 1987 cruise visitors totalled erages imported for hotels.

store by sporting events including cricket, hockey and windsurfing. Mr Arthur says the sisland is regarded as being in the world's top three locations for windsurfing.

An international jazz festival, which has brought in many visitors from the US, is likely to become an annual affair, while the local "Crop Over" festival in rooms while operating costs are.

rooms while operating costs are still high. According to a recent survey by the Caribbean tourism research and development centre, based in Barbados, total rev age of atrline seat capacity from major markets. The shutdown earlier this year of the state-owned Caribbean Airways reduced access for tourists tray-elling from Europe - a problem

> "Income before fixed charge wide," the Centre said.

ment, on the other.

The recent agreements with charter companies out of the British Midlands, and others being negotiated to ferry visitors from Milan, Bonn and other cities in continental Europe, will improve the quantity of airline seats onto the island.

The Canadian market suffered similar problems with the collapse of a major tour operator five years ago, leading to a decline in the volume of Canadian arrivals. A new agreement

decline in the volume of Canadian arrivals. A new agreement with a Canadian charter company has made the island more accessible, leading the industry's administrators to forecast an improvement on last year's 15 per cent fall in arrivals from Canada, in the hope of surpassing soon the 92,000 of 1979.

A holiday in Barbados heading lines, and this has been backed by an expansion of local port facilities, with plans for special shopping and recreational areas.

year is 380,000, and the industry appears on the way to achieving this since in the first six months of the year the volume of arrivals was 7.3 per cent higher than the corresponding period of last year. Tourism administrators say they are aiming for 400,000 visitors in 1988.

The fickleness of the industry, however, leaves it open to influences which cannot be controlled by those who run it in Barbados. Barbadian tourism was able to handle problems expected after October 1983

The fickleness of the industry, according to diversify attractions to cater for special interests as a used, mass to been able justifiably to promote itself as an island with a long tract of political stability (unlike some competing neighbours such as Jamaica and the Dominican Republic) an important factor which influences travel agents' decisions in recombinating political stability (unlike some competing neighbours such as Jamaica and the Dominican Republic) an important factor which influences travel agents' decisions in recombinating political stability (unlike some competing neighbours such as Jamaica and the Dominican Republic) an important factor which influences travel agents' decisions in recombinating political stability (unlike some competing neighbours such as Jamaica and the Dominican Republic) an important factor which influences travel agents' decisions in recombinating political stability (unlike some competing neighbours such as Jamaica and the Dominican Republic) an important factor which influences travel agents' decisions in recombinations in recombinations and the BD\$121 in May 1987 and there have since been further cruiseships will have called at the island, against 292 last year. Null have since been further that in factor which influences that by the BD\$121 in May 1987 and there have since been further and of the year a total of 429 have since been further and of the sea, the industry is a substitution of the sea, the industry is a substitution of the sea, the industry is a substitution of the sea, the industry i

Sport

Cricket still king despite diversification

The challenge may have been arrogant and Barbados suffered for its bravado with a heavy defeat. Yet it seemed the perfectly natural thing to do, not simply because the Barbados than at the time was strong

Cricket is the one activity that, from its earliest days, fostered a mutual respect and understanding between the different races and classes, all of whom played and followed it with a passion. As the one field of endeavour for which Barbadians have been internationally renowned cricket has generated that intense feeling of pride from which came the 1966 challenge to the world.

South Arrick Torking out good near the local pride from the island is too small to support such professionalism but an average of two dozen Barbadians.

The list of illustrious Barba-dian cricketers is long and varied and spans many eras. Since the island played Demerara, in the community, black, brown and

Culture

Arts come

of age

WHEN BARBADOS became independent in 1966, it chose as one of the events to mark the occasion a cricket match against the rest of the world, no less.

The shellents, more here. attention of Barbadian sports-men is no longer occupied by

As recently as 30 years ago, the sporting calendar at the schools was divided into three distinct sessons - cricket soccer and simply because the Barbados seasons - that some and team at the time was strong track and field. Now the young enough to hold its own in any company (of the 17 members of hockey, basketball, volleyball the West Indies team which surfing and squash. Tennis and toured England in 1966, nine golf, previously the preserve of were Barbadian) but, more relevantly, because cricket has had a ing those who would have previously the previously the preserve of particular to the social elite, now are attractively to the social elite, and the previously the preserve on Parkhadian. track and field. Now the young

major influence on Barbadian ously concentrated on cricket.
Society.

Cricket does remain the only sport at which Barbados can realistically compete at internations its earliest days, fostered a realistically compete at interna-tional level and the only one that offers professional opportu-nities - a strong incentive. Those at the top now do well out of it with teams in England, Holland, Australia and, controversially, South Africa forking out good

now earn their living from the game overseas. Whether they are paid in sterling, Australian doland spans many eras. Since the pain in seering, Australian dol-island played Demerara, in the lars, Guilders or Kruggerands, first major match ever played in their earnings are welcome for-the Caribbean in 1865, Barbados eign exchange when repatriated, has produced cricketers of the And it is the potential of sport as highest calibre - and they have a foreign exchange earner in a come from all sections of the different direction that has been appreciated and exploited in the past decade.

white, rich and poor.

Barbados has won the regional Shell Shield competition more than all the other five teams put together and has defeated a host of touring teams. Cricket continues to be the king of sport but its power is no longer as pervasive the early 1970s. The idea of enjoying a vacation away from power is no longer as pervasive the early 1970s. The idea of as it once was. There has been enjoying a vacation away from an enormous sporting diversifithe English winter while, at the cation since independence and, same time, playing against West

en sport and tourism has he

Indian opposition in exotic con-ditions, proved a winner and, as word spread, tour operators were falling over themselves to organ-

ise such groups.

Cricket, as was only right and proper, led the way. Other sports, such as hockey, surfing (both wave and wind), rugby and tennis have followed suit. and terms have followed still.

Cricket remains the most popular with up to 30 teams, varying in strength from full county to ordinary village, touring annually, mostly in the slow tourism months of October and Novem-

Cricket and other sports have arranged special festivals to exploit further the market and two former England fast bowlers run their own travel companies. The local men's and women's The local men's and women's associations have organised a festival of their own in the last of the 1960s, the fast bowier Wes week in August over the past two years and the second, with over 30 teams from Europe, North America, Canada and the Caribbean and 600 oversess players, was the biggest single hockey event staged anywhere in the western hemisphere.

Another new entry to the sports-tourism calendar is the Atlantic Race for Cruisers (Arc), initiated last year from Tenerife to Bridgetown with over 200 yachts of several nationalities, sizes and crews, from professionals to those whose previous experience extended no further than the nearby lake. The 1987 race

the nearby lake. The 1987 race hockey has no artificial surface, starts in the first week of Decem-ber and nearly 300 yachts are matches, and has to share cricket ber and nearly 300 yachts are expected to converge on Bridge-

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staying for anything from a week to a few months.

Also in December, the Run Also in December, the Run Barbados events, one over 10 kil-ometres the other the full mara-thon, has become one of the big-gest of its kind in the region with more than 500 competitors from overseas, from Olympic standard to casual joggers,

expected at this year's.
Government may have been somewhat late in spotting the potential of the sport-tourism market but is now making up for time. Barbados' most illustriated. ous sporting son, the cricket great, Sir Garfield Sobers, was brought back from Australia, where he was resident as a coach, and assigned to be sports consultant to the board of tour-

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BEFORE INDEPENDENCE, the event to mark the end of the arts had been largely neglected. Sugar harvest, Crop Over's asso-Barbadians were seen by their neighbours as staid and cultur-ous. Some of the trappings still ally dead. They might have been remain with the ceremonial disciplined, organised, hardworking and could play cricket, but crowning of champion cane-cutthat was about all. There was ters but it is now staged in only one serious theatre group in August long after the official only one serious theatre group in August, long after the official 1966, the Green Room Players, end of the sugar crop, but at an who reached only limited audi-opportune time for the tourist

conly one serious theatre group in 1966, the Green Room Players, who reached only limited audiences. What dance there was, was mainly classical ballet and confined to the upper classes, as was painting. An attempt to copy Trinidad's carmival in the early 1960s fell flat and Barbadian culture was them mainly exemplified by the tukband, a group comprising penny whistle backed by kettle and bases drum, which toured villages in fancy dress on public holidays, for money or drink and food, and the Landship Movement, an island-wide co-operative run as a naval operation, complete with trappings of uniforms and ranks. The fact was that native culture was officially discouraged (the beating of drums by slaves had been banned by law in 1879) and the tuk-band, the Landship and folk music were about as funch as survived, as they still do. The spirit of Independence white Barbadian artistes indexity estimated and folk music were about as funch as survived, as they still do. The spirit of independence white Barbadian artistes emerged with new-found confidence, the growth, with heavy emphasis on African-inspired rhythms, were district Vorubs Yard, a cultural foundation, was established to activate interest in Barbados at the turn of the tornities at nightly shows at the development of cultural foundation, was established to activate interest in Barbados at the turn of the control and indexe, the growth of the tourist industry offering them financial facilitate the development of cultural foundation, was established to activate interest in Barbados at the turn of the control ment, frowned on by a strongly bank building and is constantly conservative society when it in moved south from Jamaica in the 1970s, has preduced a great providence of the British commander the providence of the British commander to account the providence of the British commander to account the providence of the British commander to the providence of the British commander to account the providence of the British commander to account the providence of the B



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Victorian

Refurbishing

swing bridge

TILBURY CONSTRUCTION has been awarded a £2.5m contract by the Department of Transport to refurbish the Victorian swing bridge which carries the A17 over the River Nene at Sutton, Bridge near Spaiding in Lincolnshire.

colnshire.

The swing bridge was built in 1897 to carry rail and road traffic between kings Lynn and Spaiding. It was designed to provide clear passage for vessels bound for Wisbech and includes a balanced cantilever deck pivoting about a central pier. Following the closure by British Rail of the line under the Beeching proposals, the deck and approach roads were modified to provide two-way vehicular traffic.

lar traffic. The Department of Transport identified the need to

port identified the need to carry out major remedial work to the structure and commissioned Husband & Co. to prepare detailed pro-posals for its refurbish-ment, consistent with its status as a Grade II' listed

Structural repairs and

modifications include replacement of the road

replacement of the road decks, construction of a new approach structure and repairs to the structural steelwork. To provide increased headroom for goods vehicles the control cabin and the cross bracing

Mechanical improvements are included to provide new rotations drive motors complete with new control equipment. During the replacement of the drive motors Tilbury Construction will provide temporary machinery to extend the

machinery to swing the

Improvements to the

to Construction

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Apartment block at Portsmouth marina

JOHN LAING CONSTRUC- Marina. The Port Solent Apert-TION, Winchester, has been ments will consist of two linked awarded a £13m contract for a seven-storey blocks, due for condevelopment in Portsmouth by pletion in May 1989. The main Regalian Properties in association comprises piled Regalian Properties in associa-tion with Arlington Securities. foundations, a reinforced con-crete superstructure with brick external cladding together with construction of 167 apertments adjacent to the new Port Solent dows.



Viaduct face-lift

J. JARVIS & SONS' community programme division has started work on a SSm face-lift scheme for the Stockport Railway Viaduct. It will take two years to complete, and to provide work for 700 people from the long-term unemployment register. Called the Stockport Viaduct Venture, the work has been made possible by a \$222m grant made possible by a \$222m grant from a partnership of the Manpower Services Commission, British Rail, Stockport MBC and the Railway Heritage Trust. The half-mile long viaduct with its 27 long-term unemployment register. Called the Stockport Viaduct venture and a masterpiece of 19th century engineering.

Bloomsbury offices

MYTON has been awarded a squipped for the high technology \$3.5m construction and refurblishment contract at Elm House, London, an office block previously occupied by Thomson International Publishing, on behalf of the new Swedish owners Citadellet through Central London Securities.

Myton, a construction and specialist refurbishment company in the Taylor Woodrow Group, will undertake this fast-track project in only 30 working weeks, with completion due in May. Elm Rouse, Bloomsbury, an office block completed in the 1980s. flooring, and finishes throughwill be given a new face and out.

Mercedes complex in Muscat

WIMPEY ALAWI, the Oman shops, warehouses and accompussibilitiary of George Wimpey, has been awarded a 25m contract by the Zawawi Trading and warehouse buildings are in structural steel finished with contract, which starts this month, is for the redevelopment and extension of the Mercedes Benz work.

AA to have datacentre

JOHN DOYLE CONSTRUC TION has won a contract for the construction of a corporate datagentre for the Automobile Association at Basingstoke. The scheme is a design and build contract valued at £1.7m and work has commenced on a fasttrack programme to be com-pleted in 10 months. When com-pleted, two buildings linked by a service spine will provide com-puter facilities operating contin-uously 24 hours a day, 52 weeks

Catering at the RIBA

Improved catering facilities for the Royal Institute of British Architects in Portland Place, London WI, are among several special works contracts worth \$2m won by ASHBY & HOR-NER.

The £109,000 facelift at the

The \$109,000 facelift at the architects' headquarters complements the \$305,000 contract to refurbish the canteen, litchens and associated staff accommodation, including the residents' all-night cooking facilities, at the Metropolitan Police section house in Paddenwick Road, Ravenscourt, west London.

Stock Exchange staff will continue to occupy 69 Wilson Street, London EC2, while Ashby & Horner refurbish the computer suite. Similarly, US Navy personnel are to continue operations at 7 North Audley Street, London WI, during a major upgrading of the offices on three floors.

The remaining gains include contracts for Barclays Bank, the Property Services Agency, the Royal Bank of Scotland and shipbrokers Simpson, Spence & Young.

Building a brick factory

HAYES ENGINEERING, Car-HAYES ENGINEERING, Cardiff, has been awarded a \$1m contract by ARC Powell Duffryn Bricks, Risca, Gwent, to build a brick factory at Cirencester.

The plant, which will be commissioned next spring, will create up to 15 jobs and have a capacity of 35m bricks a year. ARC has developed a concrete brick which it claims is leading to the biggest transformation the industry has seen for nearly half a century.

industry has seen for nearly haif a century.

Mr John Bailey, managing director of ARC Powell Duffryn Bricks, says that demand has risen so quickly that the Cirencester plant, the sixth in the group, was essential to cater for long-term development.

appearance of the bridge will involve repainting the structure, refurbishment of the control cabin and installation of traffic barriers.
Protection from river traffic will be provided by fenders round the existing pier.

will be lifted.



Ente Nazionale per l'Energia Elettrica U.S.\$300,000,000

Floating Rate Notes Due 2005 militionally guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.145625% for the Interest Determination Period 30th November, 1987 to 31st December, 1987. Interest accrued for this Determination Period and payable 31st May, 1988 will amount to U.S.\$61.53 per U.S.\$10,000 Note and U.S.\$1,538.29 per U.S.\$250,000 Note.



Banco de la Provincia de Buenos Aires

(A public entity organised under the laws of the Republic of the Argentine) U.S.\$50,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1988 mable at the Noteholder's option in November, 1986 For the six months

30th November, 1987 to 31st May, 1988 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is bereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 713/16 per cent. and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, 31st May, 1988 against Coupon No. 13 will be U.S.\$198-57.

Ageut Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Wells Fargo International Financing Corporation N.V. U.S. \$50,000,000 Guaranteed Floating

In accordance with the isions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Sub-period 30th November, 1987 to 31st December, 1987

Agent Bank:

Wells Fargo & Company

U.S. \$150,000,000

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1992

In accordance with the movisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest period 30th November, 1987 to 31st December, 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 7-0375% per annum. Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 31st December, 1987 will amount to US\$60-60 per US\$10,000 Note.

Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London



U.S. \$100,000,000

Floating Rate Participation Certificates Due 1992 issued by Morgan Guaranty GmbH for the purpose of making a loan to

Istituto per lo Sviluppo Economico dell'Italia Meridionale

(a statutory body of the Republic of Italy incorporated under Law No. 298 of April 11, 1953) In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates, the rate of interest for the Interest Determin Period 30th November, 1987 to 30th December, 1987 has been fixed at 7%6%. Interest accrued for the above

period and payable on 29th January, 1988 will amount to US\$63.02 per US\$10,000 Certificate.

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Agent Bank: Morgan Gauranty Trust Company of New York London

COMPANY LIMITED U.S.\$125,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due

1994 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from 30th November, 1967 to 31st May, 1988 the Notes will carry 2 Rate of Interest of 75% per altraum and that the Interest control on the rang or member of the person of the same of the interest psychic or the relevant interest Payment Date, 31st May, 1988, will amount to 198401.00 Note.

Agent Be

HILL SAMUEL GROUP ple US\$75,000,000

of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period from 30th November 1987 to 31st May 1988 the Notes will carry a rate of Interest of 7%% per annum and the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date, 31st May 1988 will amount to US\$397,14 per US\$10,000 Note.

BANCO DI ROMA US\$150,000,000

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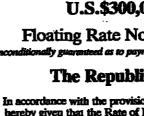
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Floating Rate Depository Receipts due 1992

Notice is hareby given that the Rate of Interest relating to the above issue has been fixed at 7.0375 per cent for the period 30th November 1987 no 31st December 1987, interest payable on 31st December 1987, interest payable on 31st December 1987 will amount to US\$60.60 per US\$10.00 Deposit and US\$1.515.02 per US\$250.000 Deposit.

Agent Busks open Guerney Truck supercy of New York Lendon



The Republic of Italy In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is

Agent Bank: Morgani Ganglaty Trust Company of New York

Rate Subordinated Notes due 1996

the Notes will carry an Interes Rate of 7%% per annum. The Interest accrued for the above period and payable on 29th January, 1988 will be US\$65.66.

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Financial Times Monday November 30 1987

Financial Times

ARCHIECTURE AT WORK 1987 Award for Industrial and Commercial Buildings

Winner

The Financial Times Architecture at Work Award for 1987 has been given to Lloyd's of London.

Of all the entries, Lloyd's was by far the most important. Bold corporate patronage by a national institution has been rewarded with a unique building that fulfils a difficult brief, is visually arresting and achieves its ambition to contribute to the development of architecture - particularly on a technical and structural level. In addition it provides a good working environment for a market whose members need to work in close proximity to one another. For this reason it is given the award.

In reaching this decision the assessors had to consider the controversy surrounding the building which seems to centre on two aspects of the design: its unusual appearance with its exposed services and its suitability as a place for Lloyd's to work. From the outside, although unorthodox in appearance, it is successful because of its sculptural contrast to the surrounding monolithic blocks of the city. It perhaps lacks some discipline in its detailed development - the main entrance is nearly lost in the clutter of services and structure meeting the ground, while the escape stair, being one of the strongest and most lavish features of the building, is unduly emphasised.

The inside is generally successful and seems to be well liked from the random conversations we had without benefit of a poll. The central space and escalator provide a dramatic focus and the external glass lifts provide a welcome and exhilarating connection to the outside world unlike the main interior which is enclosed by the obscure glazed windows requested by the clients for security. There are still the 'running in' problems that often take a long time to sort out in any new building - in this case primarily the lifts and the air conditioning. Other criticism derives from the changing nature of the market Lloyd's serves. The increase in the number of people working in the new building and ranged over several floors has meant that some groups now find themselves located further apart. The technology used is constantly changing and increasing and this needs to be accommodated. These variables could be anticipated in the brief only by its call for maximum flexibility in the design which the elents report that the architects achieved most successfully. The client was able to double the services required and add tivo more floors for use by Lloyd's during construction.

There are some strange inconsistencies in the interior especially the decoration of the top two floors which seem totally at odds with the building's architectural character and perhaps results from some loss of nerve on the part of the client before completion.

The jury feel that the Lloyd's building has achieved an architectural excitement rare in the City of London. The architects have made revolutionary use of the language of technology and the Award recognises that London has gained a tour de force of design and construction.

Architect: Engineer: Client: Contractor:

Pravancia de Seesa

in Sign and Albi

ng Kabi Salam dia M

Richard Rogers Partnership Ltd Ove Arup and Partners Lloyd's of London **Bovis Construction Ltd**

Commendations

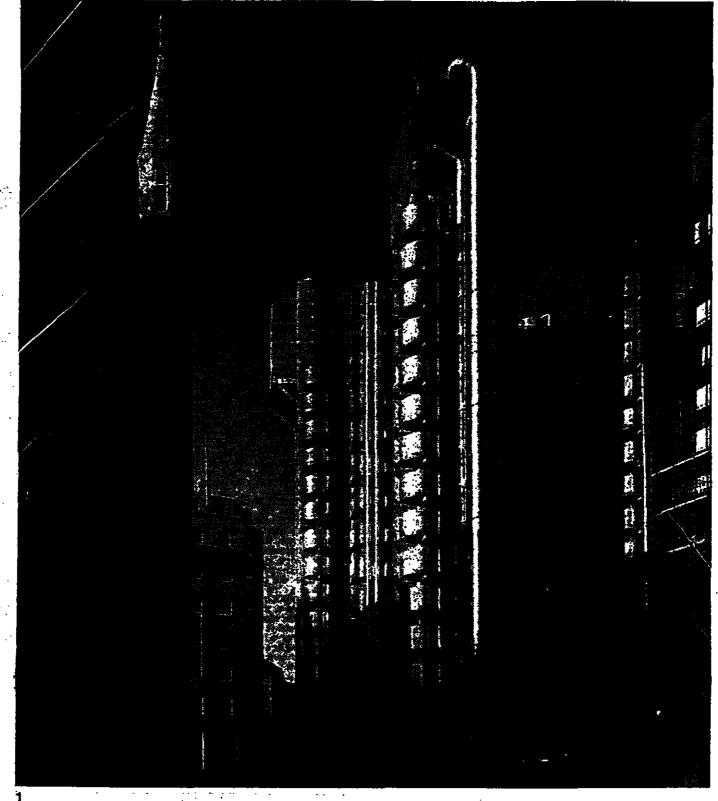
Henley Royal Regatta Headquarters. This is a small, very specialised building and receives a commendation principally for the way it fits beautifully beside a superb eighteenth century bridge in an historic town. The simple bnef deals with three quite different functional elements river level boathouse accommodation, bridge level office accommodation, reception and committee room and accommodation for the secretary's flat in the roof space.

The disposition and expression of these three elements produceed a building perfectly in scale with its surroundings. The plan is elegant, with a classical ordering of spaces on two axes which cross in the centre. The committee room at the end of the long axis overlooking the river, is a fine double height space with a small fibrary

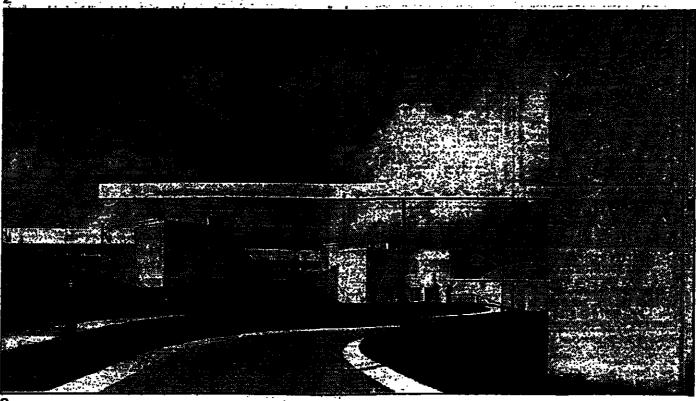
In its attempt to rediscover old architectural devices the building suffers from some familiar "post modern" traps and some of the exterior detailing has an applique look which is thin and unconvincing.

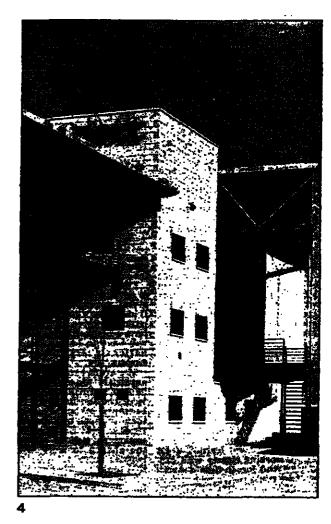
Architect: Engineer: Client:

Terry Farrell Partnership Ltd Peter Brett Associates Henley Royal Regatta Contractor: J M Jones Ltd









W H Smith Retail Headquarters in Swindon, Wiltshire. This is a two-storey office building of modest architectural pretensions. It receives a commendation for the care and attention with which it responds to the client's brief for low energy, flexible and expandible office space carefully related to the existing buildings on the site.

The building provides excellent working conditions with natural ventilation and the maximum use of natural light, controlled in summer by external solar operated blinds which prevent heat build-up within the structure. The uplighting system provides glare free illumination. particularly important for the users of VDU screens. The conment for the office staff is both efficie relexed and the diagonal spine corridor allows inter office communication without disturbance so that the work spaces are modular islands of calm with views into landscaped areas and courtyards. The building is rather dull externally and whilst the diagonal corridor works well on plan it is awkward in expression and detailing.

Architect: Engineer: Client:

Ahrends Burton & Koralek Anthony Hunt Associates W H Smith & Son Ltd Contractor: Wimpey Construction UK Ltd

Next Headquarters in Enderby, Leicestershire. The building was designed to provide Next with a centre for its design, buying and executive functions. While rather low key architecturally, it is something of a revelation internally.

The special organisation of the building breaks down the functions of administration, design and pre-production and assembles them in an unusual, surprising and delightful manner. Functions, which in most organisations would be seen as discreet elements, are designed to impinge on and overlap each other in a way which perfectly expresses the style of the organisation and its ultimate product which is high quality fashion destined for the high street. The difficult geometry of the triangular site is well resolved although there are some awkward junctions at key circulation points. The building seems to be a joy to work in and is a result of good collaboration between a determined and far-sighted client and responsive architects and designers.

Architect: Engineer: Client; Contractor: Bowrner & Kirkland

ORMS Designers & Architects Ove Arup & Partners Next plc

In 1987 the assessors were architects David Allford and Rick Mather with Lord Gibson as the layman,

For a free copy of the illustrated brochure send an 18p stamped addressed A4 envelope to: FT Architecture Award Brochure, Financial Times, Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

MANAGEMENT

WHEN Molex moved into the Japanese market in the 1960s, it had little idea that that county would turn out to be the world's second largest marketplace for

The US electronics company describes the move as more luck than good judgment. "I don't think we're that smart," chortles 81-year old John Krehbiel Snr, whose father and brother started the company 50 years ago and who remains chairman.

But since that move 20 years ago, Molex has established four plants and ten sales offices in Japan to supply the \$2.45bn Jap-anese connector market. It has built on its presence overseas, and made it a policy to follow its multinational customers as they branched out in pursuit of

cheaper labour.
This has helped the company grow from its roots in an unas suming suburb of Chicago to boast 39 plants in 15 countries and an international division that accounts for 68 per cent of its \$386.8m annual sales.

Profits have increased, in what is a flercely competitive sector of the US electronics business, from \$17,000 in 1962 to \$43.4m in fis-\$17,000 in 1962 to \$43.4m in fiscal 1987, which ended on June 30. (Some \$39m of its sales and 13 per cent of this year's net income arose from exchange rate gains on the falling dollar.)

Back in 1968, when the company was looking to expand overseas, it initially targeted the UK, but moved to Japan after two Japanese businessmen.

two Japanese businessmen expressed an interest in its prodicts at a European trade show.

of a joint venture with Shows Musen Kogyo, an experience which, although it did not net great financial rewards, proved a good introduction to doing busi-

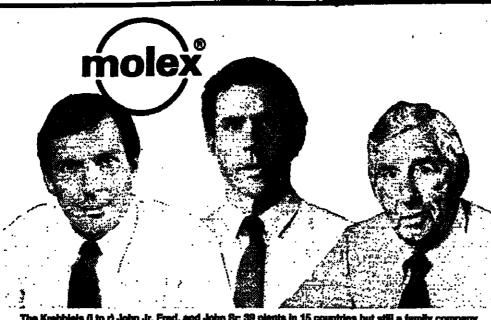
Four years later, Molex bought up the entire venture after it discovered its partner had been copying some of its products on

One of the biggest challenges for us was re-orienting ourselves towards the way the Japanese were thinking, explains Fred Krehbiel, who heads Molex's international operations. Once tration as well as giving them we did that, we learned a lot the chance to work with colabout working closely with customers and just-in-time delivery that we could then apply back in

The course will often be fol-

As it has expanded overseas, Molex has stressed the impor-tance of this sort of cross-flow of information as a vital part of its information as a virsu part of its business, which involves making some 2,500 varieties of connec-tors as well as cable, mechanical and electronic switches. These are used in a range of applica-tions from consumer electronics

The company stresses de-cen-tralisation in its network of small plants - it does not like to have a plant that employs more than 200 to 250 people - while trying to boost as much cross-fer-



Molex: moulding the international manager

Deborah Hargreaves explains how the us electronics company encourages a cross-flow of people and ideas worldwide

tilisation as possible between its a lot of room for local initiative. that eventually it was running international divisions.

For this reason, Fred Krehbiel is developing a group of young, global managers that will continue Molex's growth as an international player. "If you want to have a top position at Molex, you will have to have had an international assignment." he cal 1987 - many of them slight

have a top position at Molex, you will have to have had an international assignment," he stresses.

Managers earmarked for this expatriate programme will first be sent in small groups to a sixweek course run by the Harvard Business School. This exposes them to much of Harvard's Master Course in Business Administration as well as giving them

gerial position, for which the going by encouraging its manag-company puts a lot of effort into ers to generate a cross-flow of preparing both the manager and his or her family.

oping close ties between its sales tion, the Japanese improved engineers and customers, leaves their machine several times so

tration as well as giving them lar applications for Molex products in their particular country. leagues from overseas for the first time.

The course will often be followed by the course will be course with course will be course with course will be course with course will be course wit lowed up by a two-year posting try, says Fred Krehbiel, and overseas in some kind of mana-Molex tries to keep this initiative

preparing both the manager and his or her family.

The most important part of sending a young manager abroad is that he or she gets to see a different way of doing things, explains Fred Krehbiel. 'It makes them question and take a two connector assembly the companies of the way this sending a young manager abroad works is shown by the local productivity improvements that have been made by the company's Japanese operations.

Fred Krehbiel explains how two connector assembly makes them question and take a second look at the way they were doing things back in their machines were recently installed

own country." in Brazil and Japan.
Indeed, the nature of Molex's
business, which involves devellation was running to specifica-

managers come up with a solu-tion to the same problem, they In Japan, the company's local team developed a robot for separating the "runner" or waste material from a plastic injected mould At Molex's plant in Shanmould. At Molex's plant in Shannon, in the Irish Republic, the problem was approached by using a barrel assembly with holes in it; as the barrel turns, the mould would separate and fall through the hole, while the runner would be discarded. The manager of each of these two projects subsequently met and saw each machine in opera-

In the same way, the company will often send engineers with specific skills to different plants overseas for short periods of time to train local employees.

Molex's Japanese plants are doing a lot of work on miniaturisation, which they will then spread to the rest of the company so that other plants can cash in on the increasing use and declining size of connectors in the auto industry. Fred Krehbiel stresses that one

expatriate programme is that managers can deal with the needs of one of our big multinstional customers locally, and can also understand how they fit into that company's global

However, the programme is not without its problems. Richard Cisek, who is currently export manager in the US, spent two years building up a sales facility in Eindhoven, in the Netherlands. He says he found it very difficult to motivate his

employees at first.
I walked into it thinking like American and expecting things to happen like an Ameri-can and after a few months, I thought this isn't working," he admits. After that initial surprise, he says, he took it upon himself to get to know his employees on a more personal basis to find out how they could be motivated. Back in the US, he now finds it much easier to understand his European sales

At the same time, Clive Miller, who is currently on secondment from the UK at Molex's Lisle plant as a product manager, says his stint is helping him to under-stand better how a US corpora-tion works.

In its corporate strategy, Molex is not that different from the large corporations it serves. And its moves abroad have often been prompted by a need to follow its customers like IBM, Matsushits and General Electric.

As the big Japanese companies moved into Singapore, Taiwan and Korea in search of cheaper labour, Molex followed them, labour, Molex followed them, often with a Japanese manager in place to liaise with them.

This has positioned the company for future growth. With plants in India and Malaysia just opened, Molex has China as its next target and it is set to make a decision on a possible joint yenture next year.

venture next year.

Molex usually follows a policy

of internal start-up for new operations. But it is currently trying to break into the US mili-tary electronics market, a sector in which it has no experience with its purchase of a 5 per cent stake in California-based Matrix Science Corp. However, in this it is up against one of its major competitors on the consumer side, AMP inc, which also has a holding in Matrix.

Although Molex is currently benefiting from the upturn in the consumer electronics business, and the exit of some US companies from the connector field, it has successively reduced its dependence on consumer electronics in the past ten years.

After a couple of extremely competitive years in 1985 and 1986, when profit margins were eroded, it sees a strong market for the next six months, in spite

of the stock market crash The company is keeping to its goal of growing at an annual rate of 20 to 25 per cent with a 10 per

Sew YLESFORD

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INTEREST BANQUE EXTERIEURE D'ALGERIE U.S.\$500,000,000 ing Rate Notes due 2000

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Company Notices

Election of a Statutory Auditor. Remuneration of the Statutory Auditor. Resignation and election of Directors.

in view of this meeting, holders of bearer shares may deposit their shares no later then Wednesday December 2, 1987 with one of the following institutions:

in Belgium:

all branch officas of Gánárais de Banque

all branch officas of Banque Brusales Lambon

all branch officas of Kradisthank

all branch officas of Banque Paribas Balgique.

Why Woolworths' staff are having a 'brill' time

John Gapper on the UK retailer's training scheme

Customers shop where they feel stages to acquire a number of most welcome. Warm fuzzies stars, Woolworths took from create that welcome. Discour- Walt Disney the idea of trying to tesy, indifference, slow service, imbue young employees with the ignorance, errors and negative (sic) are cold prickles, and customers hase cold prickles (Feelings training booklet, Wool-worths)

IF YOU HAVE been shopping in a British branch of Wool-worths recently and been struck by the fact that the store assis tants who used to be "naff" are now "brill", you have - among others - Walt Disney and Lord Baden-Powell to thank.

Haden-Powell to thank.

Those are individuals to whom Don Rose, Woolworths' personnel director, declares himself indebted for the ideas behind the company's retraining programme for shop assistants intended to improve service at 817 stores.

Excellence - has had tangible results already. A survey of castomer perception of the helpfulness of Woolworths 19,066 assistants showed 15-20 per cent improvement since it started in

July.
Large parts of Excellence have
been based on a simple premise many Woolworths' assistants are young. Although the average age of the assistants is 27, new recruits to the chain tend to be about 18.

to Woolworths' advantage. A 1985 staff survey found, according to Rose, that: "We had a sales force that was petrified of cus-tomers, so afraid that they did

not want to talk to them."

Rose recalls his wife's attempt Rose recalls his wife's attempt well as using such terms as to buy a pair of shoes in a Wool- "naff", "brill", and "wally". It is worths' store. She was met first unashamedly targeted at its by a young assistant who said intended readership.

She was going to lunch, and then On joining a store, the new by another who said that if the assistant is sent to a regional shoes were not on display there can be a translay industry.

ing ideas from the scouting happy".

movement and from Disney This is also the first introduc-

a card. On that card was a series of tests, and if I passed them, I in the Feelings section of the got my Tenderfoot badge."

The Fuzzy is a key character in the Feelings section of the programme. This is taught in Having decided on a badge-based system in which assistants would have to compete training

notion of work as fun.

That fun is intended to start

from the moment that the new recruit receives his or her letter of appointment in the post. With it comes a glossy magazine called Woolworths Scene which includes advice ranging from how to put on make-up to customer care.

The magazine is written in a rather distinctive style; it advises its readers to give up "ciggies" as

plimenting or smiling at them - rather than Cold Prickles - by being unfriendly or unhelpful. Excellence as a whole is divided into two halves of five sections each. The first covers basic skills - induction, feelings, till training, secondary selling and product knowledge. The sec-ond covers the other five depart-

Assistants are given a training pack with a booklet covering each section. Except in the induction and feelings sections, they are expected to teach them



shoes were not on display, they centre for a two-day induction were not in stock.

In its attempt to get to grips ing the formal background of the with the problem, Woolworths company, he or she is informed has played on the age of its new that, while Dunlop makes tyres, recruits in particular by borrow. Woolworths "makes people ing ideas from the grouting beauty"

movement and from Disney This is also the hist introduction. World in Florida. The scouts' tion to a ubliquitous creature in contribution will also be familiar the Excellence programme - the to customers of the McDonald's hamburger chain.

Rose told an Industrial Society conference on training in London this week: The day I joined the wolf cubs, my Akeia gave me tomers.

a card. On that card was a series

of tests, and if I passed them. I in the Feelings section of the

groups, with instruction being given in the skills of giving cu-tomers Warm Fuzzles - by com-

selves from the booklets and be tested by their department head when they believe they are ready. If they pass, they gain a star to put on their badges.

When they have gained five stars in either half, they are given a cash bonus of £110. After a year, assistants will be retested and may lose stars if they fail to pass each section again. If they are successful, there is

they are successful, there is unother \$110 Sonus. Woolworths has invested \$4.5m in retraining as part of the programme of re-organisation started after the Paternoster group bought 1,000 F.W. Wool-worth stores from the US parent company in 1982.

Rose believes there have been clear financial gains and cites an 18 per cent increase in sales at four stores at which the Feelings programme was tested. He says: "It is a strategic decision to dwell on the importance of people to your business.

& FORECAST

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Agenda

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All Times Manage November

Small Family Business/Olivier **Martin Hoyle**

Alan Ayckbourn's current National Theatre auccess, already praised by Michael Cavancy on this page, still fills the Olivier with robustly cynical funeral rites for honesty, decency and principle. The black fable of upright Jack, backing old-fashioned virtues as he takes over the family firm only to squelch into bribery, blackmall, theft, industrial esplonage, sadomasochism, drug trafficling and (albeit inadvertently) homicide, has a Hogarthian thrust to it that seems curiously appropriate to Britain today.

Britain today.

The play lacks the inexorability of nightmare, that inescapable darkness that falls over Ayckhourn's comedy at its smile-freezing best. There are seed and contrivances fairly gags and contrivances, fairly obviously laid on. But the pro-duction has settled into a grimly duction has settled into a grimly hilarious Carry On, Corruption which for my money (however ill-gotten) is much more relevant, in its farcical way, than Serious Money.

Some members of the cast

ness, genuinely frightening as he toys with the idea of corporal punishment, a toad-like incarnation of everyone's most sinister

gible blurt. (A second viewing underlines the amount of sheer screaming in the play, usually about food or sick dogs; with typical Ayckbourn fromy, the news of violent death is given in the prosake tones of police frontroom conversation.) room conversation.)

Some members of the cast have been replaced; in two cases superbly. Bridget Turner's pinched, whey-faced Harriet, spindly and straggle-haired, whittled by rancour and resentment into an anorexic exciamation mark of disgust, has a Dickensian ripeness that is a vast improvement on her predecessor's strom caricature. And while Simon Cadeli made a party turn of grotesque mannerisms from the venal private dick and extortioner, Clive Francis presents a repulsively reptilian hunchback of poisonous cosi-

Pantomime time is upon us Moch goes on in the second to again and the season to be show hew courage and loyalty merry, down at the Drill Hall defeat the various monsters prejudice throws up: there is a gorithe season to be gay as well. Love of each for all (with sundry reservations about the male of the species) is the message of the species) is the message of the species) is the message of the species is th

The piece, from an idea by Moch and her composer/ collaborator Holly Gewandter, was premiered at New York's WOW Theatre, one of the city's three theatres for women, it was brought to these shores by Gil-lian Hanna, who appears as an apple-cheeked King Philip the Bold in the sort of cast panto-mime demands but seldom gets -one that matches craft with com-mitment.

The plot will doubtless send remotely homophopic: Cinderella, a runabout sentenced by
her wicked stepfather and his
two rotten, wicked sons to half a
paising and no butter on her lentils, gets to the ball dressed as a
boy and proceeds to steal the
princess's heart, emboldened by
her grandmother clock's assurances: "What limits you is your
mind."

mockery attendant upon it.

neither are they precious abo
couple comprising an officio
couple co

Carlotte Control of Manager State Manager Control of Charles E & Water Street Street A TATE OF THE STATE g Night School (1986) kaadi kaa^{tii}iiii

her grandmother clock's assurances: "What limits you is your
mind."

Having dispensed with the
Cinderella story in the first half,

bogeyman.

In place of the great Gambon as Jack, shocked, appalled and finally accommodating. Stephen Moore brings the right touch of naffness to the portrait of suburban integrity under slege. Mr Moore is more convincing than Gambon as a dupe, but his fall is therefore the less moving. Technically he relies over-much on a throaty and sometimes unintelligible brurt. (A second viewing

room conversation.)

The tarty Anita, who cracks the whip and buckles down, or up, to help the family finances, is still gratuitous and not quite believable; Sarah Atkinson plays broadly, as if in naughty farce. This may be the only way to take the role. Otherwise the seasoned Ayckbournians - Polly Adams and Diame Buil especially offer pure joy. Mick Hughes' lighting on Alan Tagg's wickedly apt bijou set is as powerful as ever in its hints of diabolism in the wine and cheese belt. The

Cinderella, The Real True Story Claire Armitstead

last election I heard that some-thing that was running was even ghastlier and dirtier than me," and a grand inestimable eagle which turns out to be a chicken by any other name.

The text is anglicised to the extent of allowing space for a smattering of traditional panto gags, avidly seized by an unashamedly partisan audience, but the essence of the work is its but the essence of the work is its originality and its refusal to originality and its refusal to accept second-class citizenship. Moch - and director Nona Shep-phard - are not afraid to make their audience work by, for instance, ending the first act with a lingering love scene between Adele Salsem's Cinder-ella and Nicola Kathren's prin-cess, the eroticism of which is ella and Nicola Kathren's prin-cess, the eroticism of which is not quite diaguised by the self-mockery attendant upon it. But neither are they precious about a couple comprising an officiously practical-serving-girl and a petu-lant sristocrat who does not even

It is too much to expect that

Anthony Milner/RCM

Paul Driver

The British Symphony is alive, if life in the bress; semetimes pornot kicking its way into fashionable prominence. So much was most times using the full-orchestral college of Music by the first performance of the third symphony, op. 45, of Anthony Milner. The three-movement, 35-minute work was a commission from the college, with which Milner has been long associated as a teacher of musical history; and the taut, well-groomed performance was given by the RCM Symphony Orchestra under Lionel Friend.

The symphony's first movement is the hard-driven somata symphony about Milner's work allegro you would expect - essaying a strenuous dislectic; those decisive string bowings), charged with leaping vigour in contrapuntal emphasis and dourness of tone.

FT Architecture at Work Award/Colin Amery

The Lloyd's building tops the bill

There is an inevitability about some awards, but the Financial Times Architecture at Work Award is not one of them. In past years it has been awarded to a cowshed, a North Sea oil and gag installation and a dam in the Scottish hills. In fact, last year the jury's decision to commend the Megget Reservoir and Control Building in Selkirk was almost an award for the landscape and for the great skill shown by all concerned to make the building invisible.

This year the jury, after considerable deliberation, discussion and debate, has decided to give the award to the headquarters of Lloyd's in the City. Its reasons

the award to the headquarters of Lloyd's in the City. Its reasons are very clear; of all the schemes examined - and there were Sientries this year - Lloyd's stood head and shoulders above them all as a major architectural commission; and the jury was extremely impressed that a presupposedly conservative institution had been bold enough to commission an astonishingly

tion had been bold enough to commission an astonishingly advanced, indeed in some ways revolutionary, building designed by the Richard Rogers Partnership Limited.

It is interesting to look back at the way Lloyd's arrived at the decision to commission such an intriguing building. The system used to select an architectural practice was the internal limited competition. This is now quite a common procedure, particularly common procedure, particularly for owner occupied buildings. A small number of architects - in the case of Lloyd's it was an international shortlist - are invited for interview. At that

invited for interview. At that stage they are not necessarily asked for a design, but to explore with the client an approach to the commission; this gives the client a chance to develop the undiluted or otherwise, of the price and to get to know the world.

This is a very bold approach. The winning scheme by Rich. At Lloyd's, the removal of many ard Rogers has been seen as very of the service elements of the controversial indeed, some of its building to the outer edges occupants have found it difficult makes it possible to increase the to come to terms with its very floor areas within. The result is strong architectural dist. It is the triumph of the building's to the considering his architectural space that is full of the Centre Pompidou competition he has been seen as one of the scale of the Crystal Palace, the ploneers of high-tech architecture. The approach is an idea one of the most extraordinary language of technology and engit impressed by the magnificent neering, and in some ways an quality of much of the detailing almost jetishistic admiration for and the sense of being in a place that many of these parts are this year's prize to Lloyd's, the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show the sundlings and the treatment. His in every small element.

In reaching its decision to give and many of these parts are this year's prize to Lloyd's, the exposed on the outside of the jury did have to consider the building; and the treatment of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show the sundling and the treatment of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show the sundling and the treatment of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show the sundling and the treatment of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show the sundling and the treatment of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show the sundling and the treatment of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show the sundling and the treatment of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thou



Old Year's Eve/The Pit

Michael Coveney

Picture by Aleasis Mair

ger's building. There are two particular aspects. First, its unusual appearance with exposed sery vices, and secondly its sultability as a place of work.

The jury considered that the almost sculptural quality of the rugged exterior was a success, a because it made a good contrast to the surrounding monolithic blocks. But that does not mean a that a whole city of Lloyd's buildings would be an entirely agreeable place. As a place of work, from a series of visits and several random conversations (although without benefit of a poll), the jury felt that the interior was generally successful; it seemed sad that the top floors did not continue the architects of the reinstated Adam Room was generally thought to show

too much of the name of the ine-rior decorator. As the jury con-cluded, Lloyd's is a tour de force of architectural design. As such it is very rare in England, and

of architectural design. As such it is very rare in England, and particularly in the City.

The three commended schemes show a marked variety of architectural approaches. The headquarters of Next at Enderby in Leicestershire is the work of a young architectural practice ORMS: it is a very enjoyable place in which to work, and its large central space and row of experimental shops is lively and impressive. Next is a company that specialises in the missionary spread of good design in the high streets of Britain, and its headquarters naturally embodies much of this energy. The jury liked the assembly of the various functions of the company-administration, design and preproduction research; it was a highly pleasurable experience to visit a company that vividly expressed its own "good design message" both to its workforce and to the world at large.

The other company that wins a commendation for its addition to its headquarters is W.H.Smith at Swindon, where Alvends, Burton and Koralek have designed a carefully controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a first controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a carefully controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a carefully controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a carefully controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a carefully controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a carefully controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a careful when they handy words in the other participant in the careful when they handy words in the other participant in the careful when they handy words a careful when

carefully controlled and sensitive environment for office workers in a building that surrounds a series of effectively landscaped courtyards. From the outside the building is somewhat austere, but inside a lot of thought and care has been taken with the quality of light and a pleasantly relaxed system of circulation that does allow islands of office calm. The provision of commissioned works of art was admired.

Effie's Burning

Dr Kovacs bitterly.

Kovacs is the other participant

in this cross-purpose duet for two innocents. She confides

Valerie Windsor's hour-long two-hander was scheduled for the Bush when that fringe yenue caught fire. Since then it has been given a handful of platform performances at the National, and now, still with the original cast and production from Manchester's Library Theatre, it arrives for a run at the crusading basement theatre under the Offstage Rookshop in Chalk Farm back only in imagination.

The beautifully constructed lit-tle play is served unnervingly well in Susan Mayo's production. In Phil R. Daniels' design, white cloth stretched over the black floor marks out the hospital room, and here Pauls Tilbrook's Effle babbles, chatters, grumbles and occasionally panics, the pink, well-scrubbed look of a

Brigit Forsyth's Kovacs is harassed, flustered, self-analytic and breathlessly self-contradictory. There is a thrilling passage that suggests that Effie, like Brian de Palma's Carrie, caused the fire by paranormal means; but for the most part this is a marvellously observed study of two women in a routine situation full of frustrations. The last word gives a sort of yearning hopefulness to the doctor's imaginary retort to the supercilious Jessop-Brown. "I didn't say that at all," she admits to us, "but something very like it." Half-eager, half-apologetic, she adds triumphantly, "and he knew what I

Bach Choir/Festival Hall

Richard Fairman

almost complacent, feel.
Only in the sections for solo tenor does one sense Finzi (already the composer of the song cycle Dies Notatis) starting to get to grips with the mystic depths at the heart of Word-sworth's poetry. When he sets a line such as "Another race hath

words and music at last fuse with real purpose - as Robert Tear's delivery, at its most com-municative, abundantly showed. For chorus and orchestra the score holds less of interest, though there are a few bold rhythmic ideas that sound more like Walton than Finzi. (The syncopations and percussive wood-block are typical Walton finger-prints.) At this concert the con-nection was especially easy to make, as we had just heard the latter's own Coronation To
Down receiving a lithe and
almost elegant performance
under Wilcocks.
After the interval came more

been, and other palms are won,

Walton and a return to the 1930s with Belshazzar's Feast. The with Belshazzar's Feast. The choral parts in this work are far from easy and the Bach Choir brought to them a high degree of accuracy, but what a strangely powerless tutti sound they have for such a large body of singers. David Thomas was the bass soloist, while in all three pleces the choir had impeccable support from the Royal Philharmonic from the Royal Philharm

L'Ormindo/Guildhall

As our knowledge of early opera. Patrick Libby, who contented has grown, so the administrators himself with opulent pseudo-of opera schools have increasingly seized upon the works of Cavalli for their end-of-term productions. It is easy to see why:

there are plenty of roles for is primarily Italian registration for there are plenty of roles for is primarily Italian recitative (a everybody (the composer was profligate in this respect) and though think what it will do for the small scale of the musical their Mozart and Rossini in the

A short, slight play in the Barbican's Pit touches on mighty political themes. Peter Speyer is a young writer from Johannesburg, a former officer of the National Union of South African Students who now works as a therapist at a centre for the mentally ill in London. His New Year's dinner party is set on a wine farm in the Western Cape where a white couple, drop of wine he can produce and swill around his appreciative palswill around his appreciative palset on a wine farm in the Western Cape where a white couple, Shella and Joe, greet their only child, Martin, who is visiting on Army leave. In fact, Martin (Reece Dinstale) has deserted and has come back to fight for the farm after walking for six days and nights from Cape Town. Vines have been violated, there is a deathly hush on the compound and the black servants have not arrived to help with dinner. Some white neighbours have left the area, but Shella (Ann Mitchell) has decided not to panic. Within half an hour, Shella is panicking. The farm, we learn, is up for sale. She picks up her suitcases and heads for the station. The writing is rude and ele— It is an odd performance, but

The writing is rude and ele- It is an odd performance, but mentary, with insufficient preparation allowed for this seeming gest beth national and personal change of heart Sullen, bulky instability. Tony Doyle is dog- Joe (Tony Doyle) regards every gedly uncommunicative, a little

Arts Guide

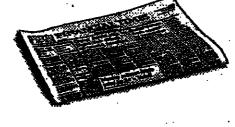
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France. Gala evening for the Concours Long/Thibaud (Mon). Theatre des Ghamps Elypses
(47203837).
Rasemble Orchestral de Paris conducted by Wolfgang Doerner. Stephen Bishop Kovacevich, Piano:
Michael Haydn, Besthoven, Dietmar
Schermann, Haydn (Tue). Salle Pieyel (45630796).

Opera and ballet

LONDON

Covent Gardea. Royal Opera. Eva Marton gives her first London Tosca in the current revival, with Peter Dvorsky (Cavaradosel) and Ingvar Wixell (Scarpia). Guiseppe Sinopoli conducts. Final performance of the new production by Elijah Moshinsky of Mozart's Entfuhrung, a messy, friendity show unevenly sung (Kurt Moll's Osmin outstanding) and rather briskly conducted by Georg Soiti. (240 1068).

Celiseum. English National Opera with more performances of two Jonathan Miller productions the final run of the famous Mafa-style Rigoletto modernization, in expellent form, and the new Barber of Seville, with Della Jones and Alan Opie, conducted by Mark Elder. (636 3161).

PARIS

Paris Opera. Norma alternates with Macbeth. Theatre de la Ville. Monnier-Duroure's Mort de Rire, where ridicule tries to exorcise the serror of death. (42742277).

Voci Bianche of La Scala singing

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WEST GERMANY
Berlin, Deutsche Oper. Turandot in
Gotz Friedrich's production features Linda Kelm, Maria Teresa Rejnoso and Peter Gougaloff. Tannhauser has a strong cast with Janis
Martin, Spas Wenkoff and Andreas
Schmidt. Madame Butterfly has
Raina Kabaivansia, Giorgio Merighi
and Yoko Nomura. Also Oedipus,
composed for the Berlin Opera by
Wolfgang Rihm and Katia Kabanowa. (34381).

Hamburg, Staatsoper. Il Trovatore
sons Natalia Troitskaya, Florenza
Cossotto and Wolfgang Brendel. Le
Nozze di Figaro is a joint project
between Hamburg and Salzburg
Mozarteum. with a cast that
includes Linda Plech, Deborab Massell, Ralph Houston and Peter Galliard. Die Verkaufte Braut has fine
interpretations by Linda Plech,
Dieter Weller and Kurt Moll. Carman, sung in French, takes the

leads Ruza Baldani, Rachel Joselson and Harald Stamm. Der Fliegende Hollander rounds off the programme. (251151).

Cologne, Opera. Hellen Kwon leads a strong cast in The Magic Flute. Die Meisterninger von Nurnberg, conducted by Peter Schneider, has Nadine Secunde, Bernd Welki, Robert Ilosfalvy and Georg Volker in the main parts. Also in repertory are Hangel und Gretel, Tannhauser and Eine Florentinische Tragodie/Gianni Schicchi. (20781).

Stattzert. Wurttembergisches Staat-

Gianni Schicchi (20781).

Stattgart, Wurttembergisches Stasistheater. Madame Butterfly has Awilda Verdejd, Nancy Shade and Michael Sylvester. Die Entfuhrung aus dem Sersil features Tomako Nakamura, Yasuko Kozaki and Helmut Berger Tuma. Hausel und Gretel is again added to the programme. (20321).

Manich, Bayeriche Statsoper. Gotterdammerung, produced by Nikolaus Lehnhoff, stars Ute Vinzing, Lisbeth Balslev, Cornelia Wulkopf, Rene Kollo and Martti Salminen. Macheth will be conducted by Guiseppe Patane. The week's highlight is Cardillac with Maria de Frances-ca-Cavazza, Doris Soffel, Donald

Jessye Norman recital. Geoffrey
Parsons, piano (Tue). Theatre des
Champs Elysees (4723637).

Jean-Marc Lulianda. Schumann,
Faure, Chopin, Shinji Urakabe
(Wed). Theatre des Champs Elysees
(4723637).

Orchestre de Paris conducted by
Jeffrey Tate, Mitsuko Uchida,
Pieno: Wagner, Bartok, Dvorsk
(Wed, Thur). Salle Pleyel
(45630786).

Alexis Weissemberg, Piano, Schubert, Tokyo Bunka Kaikan, Recital Bail. (Wad)
(8541044).

Bolgaa, Testro Comunale. Vladimir
Redoseev conducting Ibert and Giscomo Mansoni and Tchaikovsky
des Chumps Elysees (47203637).

TOKYO

Tokyo Banche of La Scala singing

Palestrina, Mozart and Benjamin
Rititen's A Ceremony of Carols conducted by Gerhard Schmidt Gaden
(Mon) (89 1 25).

Rease, Anditorium in Via Della Corciliazione, Eleazar de Carvalho conducting Weber's 2nd piano conducting Weber's 2nd piano

McIntyre and Norbert Schund. (21851).

Lame, Teatro dell'Opera. Rimsky-Korsakov's La Sposa Dello Zur con-ducted by Matislav Rostropovich and directed by his wife, Galina Visnevskala, with scenery and cos-tumes by Zack Brown. In the cast are Lajos Miller, Stevka Mineva, Disniter Petkov, Vjaccakav Pokosov and Sylvie Valaire. (46 17 55).

Piorence, Teatro Communale. Z effi-rell's production of La Bohene is conducted by Carlos Kleiber. (2779236).

(2779226).

Bologna, Testro Comunale. New and sumewhat econtric production of Rheingold, excellently sung (in German) by Hermann Becht, Anne Gjevang, James Johnson, Helmut Pampuch and Hermann Winkler. Peter Schneider conducts. (523939).

Naples, Testro San Carlo. Donizetti's Roberto Deversux (composed for the San Carlo and first performed here on 29 October, 1837), with Katis Ricciarelli, Alberto Cupido and Martha Senn, conducted by Gustav Kuhp. (417144).

Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft The £6m laundry

Another important work is a Gauguin, "Les Trois Huttes," painted in his Tahiti years. Such painted in excess of \$2m is auticipated. It comes from the collection of the late Josef Muller paintings, including a Picasso portrait of his mistress Fernande Olivier; a Fauve landscape by Braque; and a couple of good Renoirs. The success of the sale, and of the week, depends upon the strength of Japanese buying. They have underpinned this market in recent years.

At Sotheby's evening sale tomorrow the highlight is a Picasso "Souvenir du Havre," which is reckoned to be a turning peint in his development of Cubssm. It is a memory of a trip.

This week London takes centre stage among the world's art markets, with both Christie's and Sotheby's holding important sales of Impressionist and modern pictures. Pride of place must go to Christie's auction tonight which includes a famous painting by Degas, "Les Blanchissuses," painted around 1875 and depicting laundry maids at work.

It is being sold by the Durand depicting laundry maids at work.

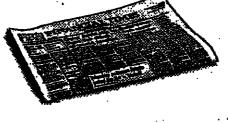
It is being sold by the Durand family, descendents of Paul Durand f

ing point in his development of last complete set it suctioned in Cubssm. It is a memory of a trip Picasso took with Braque in 1912 that the buyer will split it up to Le Hayre, and it incorporates and sell off the 435 hand-colsouvenirs of the holiday - sea

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Monday November 30 1987

The pressure on Iran

for an immediate ceasefire between Iran and Iraq, the war is still going on. But so is the UN diplomacy aimed at ending it, which that resolution inaugurated. Both the Iraqi foreign minister, Mr Tariq Aziz, and the Iranian deputy foreign minister. minister, Mr Tariq Aziz, and the Iranian deputy foreign minister, Mr Mohammed Javad Larijani, are visiting New York this week, in response to an invitation from the UN Secretary-General, Mr Javier Perez de Cuellar.

It would be wishful thinking, because to see this see the name.

however, to see this as the openhowever, to see this as the open-ing of "proximity talks" between the two belligerents. The Irani-ans see themselves as engaged in a dialogue not with Iraq but with the international community, from which they are trying to extract an endorsement of their own view of themselves as vic-time of aggression lighting a just tims of aggression, fighting a just and necessary war of self-de-

They made it clear to Mr Perez de Cuellar, when he visited Tehran in September, that they would accept a formal ceasefire would accept a formal ceasenre on the day that "the identification of the party responsible for initiating the conflict" was amounced, but not before. Iraq for its part, now formally backed by the Arab League, is insisting that Resolution 598 be implemented in the consequential

tions because they see no evi-dence of any genuine desire on Iran's part to end the war.

from the world community - to bachev when they meet next-which, as its persistence in dis-week.

with his four colleagues and the Secretary-General in New York. But since then Moscow has refused to start work on a new resolution, arguing that more time should be given for diplomacy and that US naval activities in the Gulf themselves constitute an "act which may lead to further escalation and widening of the conflict", and thus a breach of Resolution 598.

Naval operations

These activities, Soviet spokesmen argue, must be "brought under control" and replaced by an international force in the Gulf before further progress can be made towards ending the war. What form this international force would take and what its rules of engagement would be have not been spelt out, and the Western response has been to fear that the proposal is intended initiating the conflict was announced, but not before. Iraq for its part, now formally backed by the Arab League, is insisting that Resolution 598 be implemented "in the consequential order of its clauses" - that is starting with a ceasefire and withdrawal of all forces "to the internationally recognised boundaries" and only later "entrusting an impartial body with inquiring into responsibility for the conflict".

Arms embargo

That, broadly, is also the position of three of the fivepermanent members of the Security Council - the US, Britain and France. They do not believe Iran's current position provides an adequate basis for negotiations because they see no evidence of any genuine desire on the fear that the proposal is intended either as pure propagands or as an insidious attempt to establish a Soviet veto over Western neval either as pure propagands or as an insidious attempt to establish a coviet veto over Western neval either as pure propagands or as an insidious attempt to establish a coviet veto over Western neval either as pure propagands or as an insidious attempt to establish a coviet veto over Western neval activity by bringing it under the control of the long-defunct military staff committee of the UN.

It would indeed be a mistake for the West to risk losing the benefits of its naval operations in the Gulf, which have so far been remarkably successful in protecting Kuwaiti shipping and responding to various forms of Iranian attack, by accepting any proposal for internationalls which has not been very carefully thought out and spelt out in advance. But the situation in the Gulf remains risky and unstable, and the operation there will be a missake for the West to risk losing the benefits of its naval operations in the Gulf, which have so far been remarkably successful in the Gulf, which have so far been remarkably successful in the Gulf, which have so far been remarkably successful in the Gulf, which have so far been remarkably successful in the Gulf, which have so far been remarkably successful in exploring, especially if it is the price of Soviet cooperation in increasing the pressure on Iran. Obviously the Soviet Union is Therefore they are eager to opposed at least with the drafting, if not yet the adoption, of a second resolution imposing an arms embargo on Iran. They have that this would not be also of those benefits, should be also of the twing dispersed by the trainer dispersed by th watertight but argue that it one of the topics discussed by would emphasise Iran's isolation President Reagan and Mr Gor-

Airline choices

THE PROPOSAL by Scandinavian Airlines System (SAS) to take a large minority stake in British Caledonian poses another test for competition policy. It comes shortly after a controversial decision by the Monopolies Commission not to block the purchase of BCal by the dominant UK-based airline, British Airways.

as a second hub, outside BA's careful regard to the interests of as a second hub, outside BA's BA, it is not obvious that the sphere of influence at Heathrow. BA, it is not obvious that the Astrengthened BCal, with access A strengthened BCal, with access to SAS resources and routes,

centrating them in the hands of a powerful, worldscale company. No other European country, it might be added, would allow one of its larger airlines to fall under foreign control.

Thus, the Government seems

sial decision by the Monopolies
Commission not to block the
purchase of BCal by the dominant UK-based airline, British
Airways.

On the face of it, the SAS orrer
is in line with what has been,
until recently, a central feature
in UK civil aviation policy - to
foster a viable "second force"
capable of competing against BA.
It would enlarge Gatwick's role
as a second hub, outside BA's A strengthened BCal, with access to SAS resources and routes, could offer a better service.

The argument against it is that it might harm British Airways; it would dissipate Britain's where shareholders should be resources in the international airline industry instead of con-

Competition rules

FOR THE past 14 years the EC Commission has been trying to obtain powers to control mergers and acquisitions. The EEC Treaty makes no such provisions, and the member states have been rejuctant to approve a market control regulation are such provision and the member states have been rejuctant to approve a market control regulation and such provision are such as the following the such as the following the such as the provise to control mergers and acquisitions. The EEC and Rembrandt. These established the two groups' joint ownership of Rothman international and - as the plaintiffs alleged - and acquisitions. The EEC and Rembrandt. These established the two groups' joint ownership of Rothman international and - as the plaintiffs alleged - and anti-competitive sharing of the provise the provise to control mergers and acquisitions. The EEC and - as the plaintiffs alleged - and - as the plaintiffs alleged - and - as the plaintiffs alleged - and provise the provise the provise the provise the provise that the provise the provi merger control regulation pro-posed by the Commission. The Council will discuss this proposal again today, and the Commission is flexing its muscles to over-come the resistance of the UK

In an attempt to break this resistance, Mr Peter Sutherland, the Commissioner for Competition, threatened recently that if denied the merger regulation he will have to proceed against mergers of European size by means available to the Commis-

By this he meant the highly controversial powers derived from the 1972 judgment of the European Court in the case of Continental Can, when it held that an acquisition increasing further the market power of a dominant company may consti-tute an abuse prohibited by Arti-cle 36 of the Treaty. The Commission has so far wisely refrained from relying on the strength of this maverick judg-

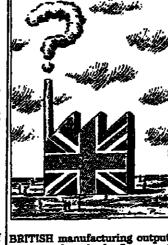
have approved agreements conthe programme to complete the cluded between Philip Morris internal market.

judgment gives him the power to control mergers and acquisitions under the other competition rule of the treaty, Article 85, which aims against cartels and other

aims against cartels and other anti-competitive agreements. Although Mr Sutherland's interpretation appears to go much too far, it has to be conceded that his view is at least arguable. This, however, raises a constitutional issue of real gravity. There would be surely something very wrong with the Community if a junior bench of the European Court had the power European Court had the power decison has been made. No one is to legislate in a way that would throw the law into confusion and uncertainty. And it is hardly proper for the Council that it would apply such controversial be Mrs Gesine Tostmann, the independent of the power one person who is trying to the country. judgments, with ominous consequences for business, if it did not, first obtain the member states'

strength of this maverick judgment.

This month Mr Sutherland added to his arsenal a new and no less controversial judgment. In this, the Court rejected a complaint by BAT and R J Reynolds that the Commission should not be wholly negative, since there is a need for some common European Complaint by BAT and R J Reynolds that the Commission should not be wholly negative, since there is a need for some common European Complaint by BAT and R J Reynolds that the Commission should not be wholly negative, since there is a need for some common European Complaint by BAT and R J Reynolds that the Commission should not be wholly negative, since there is a need for some common European Complaint by BAT and R J Reynolds that the Commission should not be wholly negative, since there is a need for during which Mrs Tostmann broke the law.



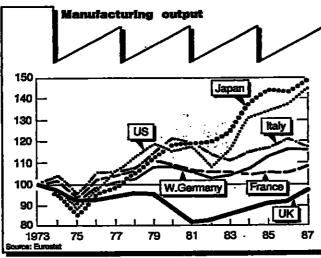
Resolution 598 shows, it is far from indifferent - and so would strengthen the argument of other developed countries. ending the war.

The Soviet foreign minister is said to have agreed to this in September when he lunched with his four colleagues and the Secretary-General in New York.

Successful of the many that is nearly 10 per cent, is respectable by international standards, if not outstanding. those in Tehran who do favour Labour productivity is rising at ending the war.

Labour productivity is rising at ending the war. outstanding.
Are ministers therefore right

to claim that Britain no longer has a "manufacturing problem"? Is continuing anxiety about "de-industrialisation" misplaced? Should the UK accept that it is sanct international comparisons once again an efficient and poware notoriously difficult and erful industrial force in global there are various ways of mea-



As earlier articles in this series As earner aracies in unis series have illustrated, manufacturing industry is doing better than in the early 1980s. The improvement is evident whether you look at profits, productivity or output. But the durability of the renaissance is open to question, as is the ability of manufacturers to make up much of the ground lost in previous decades.

It is often forgotten quite how far Britain fell behind. Manufacturing output in September, for example, despite the recovery of recent years, was still 2½ per cent lower than in the boom of 1973 under Mr Edward Heath. Over this period, production has risen by 49 per cent in Japan, 46 per cent in the US, 18 per cent in Italy and 16 per cent in West

Germany.
The comparison is in some ways even bleaker if 1979, the year Mrs Margaret Thatcher entered Downing Street, is taken 1½ per cent rise in manufactur-ing output in the UK contrasts with gains of, for example, around 32 per cent in Japan and 28 per cent in the US. If Britain is to regain its standing, even of the late 1960s, it will have to wut-perform its rivals for at least
decade, perhaps much longer.
Britain's productivity 'miracle'

They draw attention to the
dramatic change in the structure
of non-manufacturing trade out-perform its rivals for at least

Shopping for

freedom

VIENNA, November 29

Advent, the religious period

trap, the costs could be offset by the thousands of extra schillings a week they could make from the frustrated tourists who flock into the city for a weekend only

to find the immortal word, "Ges-chlossen" - closed, adorning the door of each lederhosen shop. Nobody, it seems, will make a decision about lengthening the

shopping hours. Dr Helmut Zilk, the ebullient socialist mayor of

Much attention has focused on three aspects of Britain's alleged industrial weakness: the emer-gence in 1983 of the first deficit and economic crisis.

Some of the concern about the

In the last of a series on British manufacturing industry, Michael Prowse suggests that alarm over the loss of a workshop economy may be exaggerated

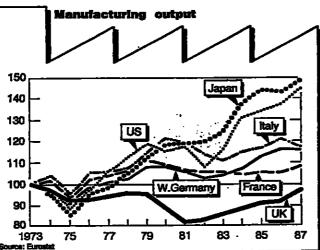
The need to bolster

also needs putting in perspective. Output per head is rising slightly faster than in the 1960s and much faster than in the 1970s, when it virtually stagnated. But in absolute terms it is still very low by international standards.

nomic and Social Research would have caused the virtual (NIESR) has recently updated its estimates of relative labour productivity in leading industrial industry been a world-beater. At countries. Slightly faster growth the same time, the smallness of of output per head in Britain compared with its rivals has led to a small narrowing of the productivity gap since the early 1980s. But the chasm is still wide. On the updated NIESR figures for 1986, output per head in Brit-ish manufacturing is still only about 37 per cent of that in the updated in manufactures to pay for essential imports of food, raw materi-

US, 48 per cent of that in West tial imports of food, raw materi-Germany, 56 per cent of that in als and fuel. It had liquidated its France and Japan, and 64 per overseas assets and incurred cent of that in Italy.

These figures are not sacronon-manufacturing trade in



not unreasonable to argue that British productivity is still only between a third and a half of that in other leading industrial countries. There is thus a lot of catching up to do.

on manufacturing trade since the Industrial Revolution; the smallness of Britain's manufacgross comestic product; and the sharp contraction of employ-ment in manufacturing. In 1985, a House of Lord select commit-tee led by Lord Aldington argued that, if nothing was done, the nation would face a major social

trade deficit, which has since widened, the shift towards ser-vices and the continuing loss of have comparatively little to do with the failure of British manufacturers: this, at least, is the thesis of a new book* by Bob Rowthorn and John Wells, two economists at Cambridge Univer-

The National Institute of Economic and Social Research would have caused the virtual employment in the non-manufacturing ment in the non-manufacturing ment in the non-manufacturing ment in the non-manufacturing ment peaked at almost exactly trade balance between 1950 and the same ratio of CP. Japan is 1983 is equivalent to a staggering 14½ per cent of gross national

These figures are not sacrosance international comparisons excess of 10 per cent of GNP.

are notoriously difficult and there are various ways of measuring output per head. But it is accept is that the post-war situation was exceptional. The importance over the post-war stronger over the po and industrialists have failed to sary that these countries should accept is that the post-war stunetion was exceptional. The importance of manufacturing for UK successful, but because it is unsuccessful, but because it does not need to specialise in widgets.

As Postborn and Welds point.

not need to specialise in widgets.

As Rowthorn and Wells point out, every major component of non-manufacturing trade - food, raw materials, fuel and nongovernment services - has steadily result not primarily of progressivengthened since the early sive industrial failure but of a strengthened since the early sive industrial failure but of a 1950s. The most dramatic turn-change in its trade specialisation round has occurred in food and. If UK industry had done better,

reduced by around 11½ per cent was 48 per cent: no capitalist of GDP over the past four country, before or since, has decades. If the less important, been more industrialised. West but still strongly positive contri-

as percent of GDP

confidence

No other leading industrial country has achieved such a pro-longed and massive improvement in all areas of non-manu-facturing trade. Indeed, many have experienced a deteriora-tion, albeit not on the scale of the UK's gain. For example, between the early 1960s and the early 1980s, the non-manufactureary Boos, the non-manuactur-ing deficits of Italy, West Ger-many and Japan increased by 5.1 per cent of GDP, 3 per cent and 1.6 per cent respectively.

round has occurred in food and raw materials; indeed the magnitude of this change quite dwarfs the impact of North Sea oil on the fuel balance.

In 1950, the UK was running a deficit on food, beverages and tobacco of almost 7 per cent of GDP. Massive investment in agriculture and the adoption of intensive farming techniques has led to a doubling of domestic food production; this, coupled with a decline in world food prices, resulted in effective self-sufficiency and the virtual elimination of the deficit by 1983.

The combined deficit on food and raw materials has been reduced by around 11½ per cent was 48 per cent: no capitalist in 1955 when a combined the magnitude of this change quite dwarfs from the food and raw materials has been reduced by around 11½ per cent was 48 per cent: no capitalist and the fact that the capitalist areas and the fact that the capitalist areas and the fact that the same of industrialisation in 1955 when industry's share in employment areas and the fact that the capitalist areas and the fact that the capitalist areas and the fact that the same token, the same token, the same token, the same token, the small share of UK manufacturing in manufacturing employment in the spectation.

By the same token, the small share of UK manufacturing in manufacturing employment in the surplus would have grown faster. But so too would imports; the surplus would still have shrunk almost to zero, if not actually gone into deficit.

By the same token, the small share of UK manufacturing in manufacturing employment in the surplus would have shrunk almost to zero, if not actually gone into deficit.

By the same token, the small share of UK manufacturing in manufacturing employment in the strate should have shrunk almost to zero, if not actually gone into deficit.

By the same token, the small share of UK manufacturing in manufacturing employment in the strate should have shrunk almost to zero, if not actually gone into deficit.

By the same token, the small share of UK manufacturing employment share of UK

Manufacturing

Non-manufacturing

ucts pilus non-govi

further behind still.

The UK experienced the lar-

gest proportionate decline in manufacturing employment of any major country precisely because it was so advanced (although not rich) in the early 1960s. While British manufacturing hear here in relative decline. ing has been in relative decline, other countries have, until other countries have, until recently, had scope to switch workers out of agriculture into industry. In 1955, agriculture's share in total employment was more than 20 per cent in Japan and Italy, and more than 10 per cent in West Germany; in the UK it was already down to about 5

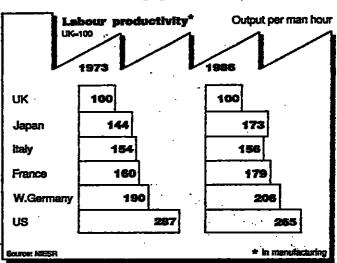
Much of the hand-wringing

Future living standards in the UK will depend in large measure on the success of manufacturing. This is both because the sector is the main source of productivity growth and because further substantial improvements in the non-manufacturing trade balance are improbable. The food and raw material belances are unlikely to strengthen further; the fuel belance will deteriorate as North Sea fields mature. The historical trends that caused the manufacturing surplus to disapmanufacturing surplus to disappear are thus partially reversing themselves.

The issue is not whether Britain can turn itself back into a 1950s workshop economy, a 1950s workshop economy, but whether the recent, encouraging trends on output, productivity and profitability can be sustained. If they can, the UK may indeed no longer have a manufacturing problem.

There is still room for plenty of scepticism. The quality of manufacturing trends to the property of scepticism.

management may have improved, but it remains unex-ceptional by West German or



about UK de-industrialisation is Japanese standards. Labour thus misplaced. The Aldington unions are subdued and willing report's alarm at the decline of to accept more sensible work the manufacturing surplus, for example, largely reflected a fail-ure to appreciate the nature of However, while UK manufac-turing's share of employment and output was bound to decline,

it did not have to trail the world in terms of output growth, pro-ductivity and profitability. These necessary structural changes were not at all inconsistent with in terms of output growth, productivity and profitability. These necessary structural changes in required if lost world markets are to be regained.

Capital formation still looks inadequate to support sustained decline in manufacturing output rapid growth: in 1886, manufacturing in the 1970s and early 1980s was unnecessary and greatly held back the growth of living standards.

The tonderer for manufacturing output to support sustained rapid growth: in 1886, manufacturing investment (including leased assets) was still 13 per cent lower in real terms than in 1879. The implication is that, despite much speaker financial.

optical illusion: because the scope for productivity gains is greater than in other sectors, the prices of manufactured goods tend to decline relative to the prices of services. This pushes down manufacturing's share of GDP in current price terms and disguises the magnitude of its contribution to real growth.

practices. But will the new co-op-erative spirit survive a substan-tial tightening of the jobs mar-

And although profitability is up, there are still worries about "short-termism." British manag-ers have become adept at cutting

ing's share of GDP and employment to decline in a mature economy does not imply that the sector is relatively "unimportant." The decline is partially an optical illustration is that in despite much greater financial security, British manufacturers still lack confidence. They are still unwilling fully to commit themselves to expansion.

*De-industrialisation and For-eign Trade by R E Rowthorn and J R Wells; Cambridge Uni-versity Press; £15 paperback, £40 hardback.

Previous articles in this series appeared on November 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27.

Men and Matters

before Christmas, has a special significance in Vienna. For four wonderful weeks, the shops remain open until six in the evening on a Saturday. For Vienna, that is a revolution. Shops normally close sharply at 12.30 and remain locked until 12.30 and remain locked until
the following Monday.

When it comes to longer or
more flexible shopping hours,
the shopkeepers complain. They
criticise the extra wages and holidays they will have to shell out.
Given that Vienna is a tourist
trap, the costs could be offset by

Dear politics

Change might be on the way under the Socialist-led coalition government of Dr Franz Vranitzky, the Chancellor. He has vowed to get rid of the notorious "Parteibuch" (party) Austrian needs more civil courage and that people should stand up and criticise. He is alluding to corruption and protectionism in Austrian politics. Chancellor Vranitzky will need much support if he wants to get rid of these old habits.

under the Socialist-led coalition government of Dr Franz Vranitzky, the Chancellor.

He has vowed to get rid of the notorious "Parteibuch" (party book) system in which it was expected that for certain jobs, applicants had to belong to one of the two main political parties - the Reds, the Socialists or the Blacks, the conservatives Since Blacks, the conservatives. Since 1945, both parties have had it more or less sewn up. The top management in banking and insurance, the ministries and state-run industry used to be shared between the two parties. This comfortable consensus-

the ebullient socialist mayor of Vienna, is afraid of upsetting the unions even though he has the power to grant Vienna the status of a tourist city which would automatically give it the right to longer shopping hours.

Meanwhile the ministries for economy and social affairs say it is up to the Kammers, the old-fashioned guilds who are extremely protective of their extremely protective of their members interests, before any huge losses, was involved in ille-gal trading on the oil markets in 1985 which led to even heavier losses. It is now being alleged that Voest-Alpine illegally sold world steel market went through recession and so was forced to

approval of its merger regula. That however, means taking on the bureaucracy. Such undue pressure must be Since 1984, she has illegally rejected. It is unthinkable that the Commission would really tourist could wish for. It is quite

The shop stewards struck up, a what Sommer calls, "an unholy alliance with politicians and resisted all change. People were recruited on the basis that they would not rock the boat or else they knew "somebody." The management, says Sommer, lived for their hefty pensions, ignoring the crumbling, uncompetitive comes round she has to pay Sch1000 (\$40) for the paper

introduce major changes, the

Voest Alpine management turned a blind eye to the situa-

work but she is unrepentant. If people want choice, we should be able to exercise it she says, undaunted by the prospect of facing the magistrates over Advent when, sin of all sins, she wants to open her shops on a Sunday too.

Dear politics

edifice which politicians refused to openly challenge.

Apparently everything is supposed to be different at Voest-Alpine since the sweeping managerial changes of 1986 and the restructuring introduced earlier this year, but Sommer is far from optimistic. He says that Austria needs more civil courage and that people should stand un

Soros support

Talking of support, George Soros, the New York-based finan-cier who lost nearly a billion dol-lars on Black Monday, maintains his good-humoured and generous nature. He is one of those many Hungarians who left the country and became successful but he has never turned his back on his

This comfortable consensusstyle politics has been cosity,
according to a fascinating book,
Das Voest Dabakel by Franz
Sommer, former press spokesman of Voest-Alpine. This is the
state-run steel and engineering
the current issue of new
vilaggazdasag, the Hungarian
economics weekly, Soros gives
an interview in which he sets
out his plans not only for Hungary but also for the Soviet
Union.

Sommer's book is revealing but depressing about the Austrian way of doing things. As the world steel market was a lifeline of support to Hungarian ministry of education budget is reduced even further. For several years Soros has given Hungarian economists, sociologists, historians and political sci-entists are looking to Soros to give them a chance to study abroad or at least to take a sab-

At Bloomington, Indiana, Hungarians practically run the eco-nomic history department, thanks to Soros. He has also financed post-graduate work for visiting Hungarians at Oxford,

there's a half page advertisement in Heti Vilaggazdasag requesting applications for next year's foun-dation grants.

In the interview, Soros says he is hoping to attract Soviet schol-ars to his foundation. He already has contacts with Tatiana Zaslavskaya, the economist from the Novisbrbirsk Institute and a great supporter of Mr Gorbachev. Soros believes in giving academics a chance to work quietly and productively. even if they have fallen out with the system, as some Hungarians have.

Rushing brides

Chancellor Vranitzky's austerity budget is running into prob-lems. The students are still strik-ing over the proposed plan to end child benefit allowances by one year to the age of 26. They are even demonstrating, an

The judges are planning a strike this week over reductions in the bureaucracy, but the pro-posed budget plans are posing an unexpected spate of work for the local magistrates in the marriage registry offices.

Each newly-married couple receives the princely sum of Sch15,000 (£750) from the state, emanating from the benevolence of Dr Bruno Kreisky, the former socialist Chancellor who once boasted that he didn't know a Alas, Dr Kreisky's generosity is

His plans are linked to the "Soros alapitvany" to give it's Hungarian title, otherwise known as the Soros foundation.

For several ways Soros foundation. The result? Hundreds of young courting couples are rushing to the registry offices to get mar-ried before the end of the year so

that they can receive their wed-ding gift from the state. "Yes, it's true. there's a queue for the weddings", sighed a little old lady in one of the magistrate's offices. "We have to get the marriages signed, sealed and registered before the end of the year. You know, the money is very important to them. I suppose they are marrying out of love as well."

Observer

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Maria Ma

Michael Provise

Tony Walker reports on how drought in east Africa has dangerous implications for Egypt

The Nile thirsts for life

WHAT THE NILE gives to the Egyptians it can also take away. The great river has rarely failed them in more than 7,000 years of civilisation, and yet persistent drought in its catchment areas is threatening disaster.
The crisis of the Nile goes to the very

heart of Egypt's existence. Nothing would be more likely to erode its image of itself, its traditions and its self confidence than further prolonged

drought.

Underlying the discussion - in dusty offices in Cairo among technicians responsible for monitoring the river's flow and in the gilded salons of senior officials - is an unspoken fear that weather patterns may be permanently changing in the country's African hir terland, source of the Nile waters.

These concerns have flowed quietly through sections of the bureaucracy and lapped at the doors of the presi-dency itself. But to the dismay of some in the higher echelons of the Egyptian Government, there is little sign that the extent of the danger is appreci-

Nobody has the courage to say the king is naked," says a senior and highly articulate Egyptian official, who has mounted something of a personal campaign to alert his colleagues to the need for stricter conservation

Images of Ethiopian peasants starv-ing to death after yet another failure of the rains should be particularly painful in Cairo, because the unland of Ethiopia, source of the Blue Nile, collect 84 per cent of the waters flow-ing through Egypt. Yet if the Egyptian enment is concerned, its worry is

A seventh year of drought in the Ethiopian catchment of the Blue Nile matching Joseph's biblical vision of seven lean years threatening the inhabitants of the Nile valley and delta - is, it seems, being realised. Rainfall in Ethiopia has been consis-tently low since 1981. Water flows at Aswan of just 28bn cubic metres in 1984-85 and the expected 42bn cu m this year are on a par with the cen-tury's previous low of 42bn cu m in

The crisis of the Nile has political. social, economic, demographic and foreign policy dimensions which are likely to come into focus if the drought persists beyond August 1989. By then, at the present rate of con-sumption, all usable reserves will have been exhausted in Lake Nasser, formed by the completion of the Aswan high dam in 1971, on the bor-

ders of Egypt and Sudan.
Egypt's irrigation year runs from the
beginning of August to the end of
July. Total yield this year, based on four months' data from the Blue Nile catchment corresponding with the July-October rainy season, is expected to reach about 60bn cn m, compared

with the average of 84bn cu m. Egypt's quota will fall well short of the 55.5bn cu m it is entitled to under a sharing agreement with Sudan.
Egypt's predicament is that it is

almost totally dependent on a single water source, which is subject to climatic fluctuations and to unpredictmatic fluctuations and to unpredictable developments upstream among the seven volatile African states (eight including Egypt), which form the Nile basin. It is perhaps unsurprising, if a little melodramatic, that Mr Boutros Ghali, Egypt's Minister of State for Foreign Affaira, should have declared recently that: The next war in our region will be over the waters of the region will be over the waters of the Nile, not politics."

Egypt's immediate problem, however, is that to maintain the standard annual flow through the Nile at Aswan of about 55.5bn cu m - the volume necessary for its livelihood - it is being forced to draw on buffer stocks in Lake Nasser was a procedure to the procedure of the stocks in Lake Nasser was a procedure to the stocks to the stocks of stocks in Lake Nasser which are already perilously low. According to Mr Abdul Hady Rady, a senior irrigation ministry official, Egypt will utilise about 10bn on m of a 17bn on m reserve in the year to July 1988 to augment available water supplies.

Usage over the 12 months of an additional 10bn are additional 10bn and 10bn are additional 10bn a

tional 10bn cu m of buffer stocks would leave Lake Nasser with just 7bn cu m in reserve for the following year (1988-89). Unless the drought breaks, Egyptians are certain to be forced for the first time in recent memory to cept restrictions on water use.

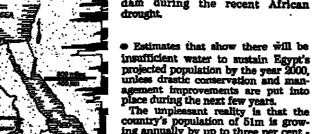
Continuing dry years into the 1990s would play havor with Egypt's ambitious land reclamation plans and make its rapid rate of population increase even more difficult to sustain. Such a development would also increase the country's already high level of depen-dence - 50 per cent - on imported foodstuffs.
Allied to these problems is the fact

that diminishing reserves in Lake Nes-ser are restricting hydroelectric power generation from the massive turbines of the Aswan high dam. According to a IIS energy expert, the waters of Lake Nasser stood at 158.27 metres above

Nasser stood at 158.27 metres above sea level on November 1, which meant that generating capacity was already down by about 25 per cent.

By the end of July next year, the dam is expected to have dropped to 151 m above sea level, which would erode generating capacity by a further seven per cent. The flow of water from Lake Nasser through the high and low dams above Aswan, near the borders with Sudan, accounts for about 28 per cent of Egypt's electricity about 28 per cent of Egypt's electricity

A shortfall in Egypt's main energy source will have serious repercussions in a country which is already exper-iencing shortages. The electric power supply failed to meet demand on at least 70 days between January and September this year, according to the



ing annually by up to three per cent about an extra million every eight months. By the year 2000, the total will have reached between 65m and 70m. A senior irrigation ministry official estimates that, by the end of the century, the country will require more than 70 in cu m annually to sustain its growing population. Where will the water come from?

water come from?

Mr Rady says the ministry's main task is to make better use of available water. Efficiency usage stands at about 50 per cent, low by international standards. He believes that this could be raised to 75 per cent by lining canals to stop seepage, using pipelines instead of canals and changing irrigation methods from the wasteful flood to more selective watering. Supplies could also be maximised by recycling. But all this takes time in a largely agrarian country, where peasants still employ ancient water management practices which, in some cases, date from the time of the Pharaohs Egypt's arable land amounts to about 6m arable land amounts to about 6m acres. Modern irrigation methods are being applied to only about 125,000 acres, little more than two per cent of

Egyptian officials most immediately concerned with making the best use of water seem almost insouclant about the dangers. Relying on ancient records, dating from before the birth Christ, they insist that present shortages are merely an aberration in the life-giving history of the world's second longest river, the main channel of which stretches for 6,700 kilo-

the total.

They report that in the past 3,000 years prolonged drought has only been experienced on a few occasions: once expensive on a few occasions once during the reign of Rameses II (1804-1237BC) and later in the eighth cen-tury AD during the Fatimid period. The completion of the Aswan high dam in 1971 was meant to give an almost absolute guarantee against

famine and drought.

Less sanguine about prospects are

American experts who have studied
the records and arrived at different conclusions. "Based on this (study) and on the current knowledge of worldwide weather patterns, it might be assumed that we are currently entering a low flow period for the next 15 or 20 years, the office of irrigation and land development report says.

dam during the recent African weather patterns and water yie Egypt could very well be changed, because of man's influence through various development and use activities in the countries within the watershed."

> Egypt is very conscious of the threats of serious interruption to its lifeline because of possible political disruptions upriver. This is one of the reasons why its foreign policy has turned increasingly towards Africa.

> A reminder of the potential danger has been the interruption, because of civil war in southern Sudan, to the Jonglei canal project to improve the flow of water through marshland impeding the White Nile, the source of which is Lake Victoria. The Jonglei project, part-funded by Egypt and the European Community, was designed to increase the volume of water flowing into Lake Nasser by about 4bn cu m a year. It was 70 per cent completed when work was halted in 1983. There is no sign of it being resumed.

> Mr Ghali estimates that the Sudanese civil war and failure to complete the Jonglei project is costing Egypt up to \$200m annually. He says that an addi-tional 1m acres of land could be irrigated if the canal had been completed as planned three years ago.

> "But," he observes, "the problem of water is linked with long-term solu-tions to political disputes in the region." Southern Sudanese rebels are receiving assistance from Kenya, Uganda and Ethiopia.

> Interruptions to the Jonglei scheme are impeding plans for other conservation projects, such as the creation of a dam on Lake Mobutu (previously Lake Albert), on the borders of Zaire and Kenya, to marshal water resources better. There is no chance of raising funds for the second project until work on the Jonglei canal resumes, he

Egypt, in its anxiety to promote economic and political co-operation among the eight Nile basin countries, co-sponsored several years ago the for-mation of the *Unduqu* Group (*Unduqu* means fraternity in Swahili). The group includes, spart from Egypt, Uganda, Tanzania, Rwanda, Burundi, Zaire, Sudan and Kenya.

water from Lake Victoria, we'll have less water in Egypt," says a senior official. "One litre of water used for their irrigation will be deducted from that design and quality play at water received in Cairo.

Lombard

The high price of low quality

By Christopher Lorenz

WHENEVER A western currency soars slides or even merely stut-ters, the local business lobby and its attendant stock market grind into action with a show of either ielizium or despair.

The dollar slides against all comers, so America readies itself for a welcome cut in its yawning trade deficit. The D-mark sours against the dollar so West Germans worry about the imminent end of exports to America - even if, as last weekend, Volkswagen chooses the same moment to announce an end to US production, and its confident reversion to direct exports from the Fed-eral Republic. Even when more marginal currency shifts occur, whether in sterling or the schilling, major trade ramifications are instantly forecast.

It has been the same for the past 15 years, ever since an unwilling world was dragged into an era of floating exchange rates. Yet whatever the lobbies, the stock markets, and their teme economists may claim, the truth is not so simple - as the VW move demonstrates. What is all too often ignored on these occasions - in public at least - is that few products sell purely on price. If they did, then VWs, Mercedes and Volvos would long since have cessed to sell in most countries, as would West German machinery, Sony televisions and countless other items.

Still higher-priced products sell shi nigher-priced products sen almost entirely on status and style significantly, it is not currency factors, but the collapse in Wall Street confidence (and bonuses), which caused the sudden US sales problems which Porsche revealed a formight ago. Price certainly plays a part in international trade, ranging from major to minor. But so, in a growing number of products and markets, does a host of "non-price factors", notably design and quality (in the form of prod-Cairo is aware not only that the potential for disputation within these countries is great, but also that they are undergoing high rates of population increase. Kenya, for example, has one of the highest birth rates in the world.

The day that Kenya decides to use the companies - VW, for one, reacted by starting production in the US. uct performance, ease of use, reliability and so on), as well as

least as great a role as price in purchasing decisions. In Britain alone the National Economic Development Office, the Science Policy Research Unit (SPRU), the Open University and several other bodies have produced a literate of attribute strains. other bodies have produced a lit-any of studies with similar results; the sectors surveyed include TVs, washing machines, office furniture, electronic busi-ness equipment, medical instru-ments, domestic heating, plastic products, and various types of

products, and various types of

machinery.

It is precisely because Japan has mastered the art of combining reasonable prices with con-siderable "differentiation" - extra quality, additional features, and so on - that many Japanese order books are already recovering from the soaring yen. This puts non-price factors increasingly at a premium for other countries, even for companies that have

always traded purely on price.

The current acceleration of this trend explains why a study on "strategic marketing" by Insead, the European business school near Paris ", has just found that most senior execu-tives in a sample of 128 leading European companies rank qual-ity of products and services as their prime strategic concern for the 1990s.

The insead results could be read as implying that Europe as a whole - including its quality laggards - is at last starting to chase the Germans, Swedes and Japanese in the quest for non-price differentiation. But research from SPRU and elsewhere sounds a cautionary warn-ing. It suggests that, in sectors such as cars, portable power tools and machine tools, the Japtools and machine tools, the Japanese are offering high quality at medium prices, while the Germans are specialising in high quality at high prices. The British are providing only medium-to-low quality, yet are trying to charge medium prices.

A generalisation, to be sure, with honourable exceptions. But such a strategy is becoming even

such a strategy is becoming even less sustainable than it used to be. In every product market, the name of the game these days must be good design and high quality at a reasonable price. Nothing less will do.

"Details from Jean-Claude Larreche, Insead, Boulevard de Constance, F-77305 Fontaine

Financial services ads and the Act

From the Chief Executive, Metal Bulletin Sir, Clive Wolman's two reports (November 23) on aspects of the troubled path to implementation of the Financial

vices advertisements placed in international publications pub-lished in the UK.

Such advertisements are now placed with a view to reaching a worldwide audience by suppliers of services who are based overseas and have no interest in being authorised in the UK. However, the UK-based publisher is enjoined by the Act from carrying any advertising lisher is enjoined by the Act from carrying any advertising material offering financial services unless it is authorised. The Act, which seems blissfully unaware of the globalisation of markets in financial instruments, assumes that all such advertisers will themselves be authorised. But - in the circumstances described above - they will not be.

We can see only one effect of a rigid application of the terms of the Act. Such advertising will be

the Act. Such advertising will be 25 per cent from one source driven out of the UK-based international publishing sector, and handed on a plate to mublisher and per cent from the range of per cent from the course of the cent from driven out of the UK-based inter-national publishing sector, and handed on a plate to publishers based elsewhere in the world. It may be that at this very moment the SIB rules on financial advertising (which will be ready "soon") are being drafted to take account of this particular point, but we have, thus far, absolutely no reason to expect this. More to the point for most of your readers, there are so many other ways in which the

'Giffen Good' means a necessity

From Mr R.A. Parker.

Sir, I was surprised at the somewhat dismissive tone with which your Observer column reported the award of a large proportion of a consumerorate to answer the question "What is a lurgery?"

The term "Giffen Good" is normally used to describe a basic necessity which takes up a such a large proportion of a consumer's income that when its price rises, demand rises, as the consumer cannot afford to purchase anything else. for example grant to answer the question What is a luxury?

Act, and its interpretation, seem headed for an Alice in Wonder-

Perhaps some of your own potatoes during the Irish Famcontributors should read a copy one.

of the findings - especially the author of the Dunhill Holdings analysis (November 19), who described a \$142 Mont Blanc Richard Parker, fountain pen as 'a prime exam-ple of a Giffen Good." City University Bu Frobisher Crescent

Letters to the Editor

services Act are timely. However, by broadly suggesting that the outstanding problems are all the Government are going to to do with securing the desired degree of investor protection, he may have to fall downstains, may be blinding your readers to the existence of problems on the other side of the coin - ie, damaging over-regulation.

As an example of this, I cite a matter we have been raising with MPs, the Minister for Consumer Affairs, the SIB and, through our trade association.

with MPs, the Minister for Consumer Affairs, the SIB and,
through our trade association,
with the DTI for some five
months, so far without practical
answer - and often without evidence that our message has even
been understood.

This concerns financial services advertisements placed in
the swell stop her being
mugged in the street.

I am really concerned that too
many people in financial services have simply not yet
thought through the full reach
and impact of all these developments - especially when they are
viewed from an international
standmitt. standpoint. T.J. Tarring.

Park Terrace, Worcester Park, Surrey

California sets an example

From The Director of the Asso-ciation for the Conservation of

per cent from the fange of renewable energy sources.

But perhaps another lesson worth drawing from California is that, before any electricity company engages upon an invest-ment project like a power sta-tion, it is required to demonstrate that it has consid-ered all alternatives, including

load management and energy conservation; and that the project proposed is the least cost option available. Such exercises neaded for an Alice in Wonder-land result. Aunt Agatha may ing half the States in the Union,

anything else - for example

ment plans are in the best interest of both utility and customer.

Andrew Warren,
Association for the Conservation of Energy, 9 Sheriock Mews, WI

Nuclear balance in accounting

in accounting

From Mr Paul A. Hendrick.

Sir, Mr Miller, chairman of the South of Scotland Electricity Board, asserts (November 18) that his nuclear power stations are chesper to run than his large efficient coal fined stations.

This claim can only be made in the context of the warped accounting policies applied by the electricity industry which effectively treat original capital cost sas "sunk cost," and fail properly to reflect this cost in their income statements by way of depreciation and financing charges. More crucially still, those income statements by way of depreciation and financing charges. More crucially still, those income statements fall to make any provision for the huge cost of decomains on the white Paper can be used to argue for higher rates of return, it is difficult to equare this with long accepted marginal pricing principles. The demand for higher profitability pays little regard to consumers' interests, and manufacturing industry is particularly disadvantaged because of the "no undue discrimination" requirement in the legislation. While admirable in the order power industry flourishes. By contrast, in the US, where generally accepted accounting principles are applied and where the nuclear power industry is not insulated from market forces, there has been no consumer should pay twice for

market forces, there has been no new investment in nuclear power stations for over a decade; and many existing stations are mothballed.

All this was, of course, implicitly accepted by Mr Miller's political master Mr Cecil Parkinson, who, speaking at the same conference, said that the high cost and low returns of nuclear power stations made them unattractive to private investors. Why investment from public funds should have a lower required rate of return than that from private investors this arrangement of the contractors' Association, Power Plant Contractors' Association, Artillery House, Artillery Row, SWI

guardian of the public purse did not make clear. Instead, Mr Parkinson resorter to vague references to the need to maintain diversity of supply. Are we now to take it that the sole remaining justification for massive investment in nuclear power is the avoidance of indus-trial relations problems with Mr

14 Park Crescent, N3

waterway which goes to the heart of Egypt's existence

United States Agency for International Development (USAID).

If Lake Nasser drops below a range of 143 to 145 m above sea level, the

turbines will have to be shut down.

This point will be reached sometime in 1989 if the drought persists, but experts point out that the level could

dissipate more quickly than anticipated because the lake's flood plain is drying up and the water level will soon begin to drop in the Nile river channel itself.

A briefing paper, prepared by USAID's office of irrigation and land

development, predicts imminent water shortages and makes ominous reading.

It says that Egypt needs to manage its limited water resources better. The

• The apparent lack of conservation

measures covering the use of the

Electricity price plans cause concern

From Mr D.R. Doubison,
Sir, The Director General of
the CBI has usefully focussed
concern over the government's
plans for electricity prices. These

industry is not insulated from the business. The idea that the market forces, there has been no consumer should pay twice for

Beaujolais Nouveau compared

Sir, Following your report on Beaujolais Nouveau, is it not time that real wine enthusiasts made their opinious known?

Is not the quality of the very cheap 'primeur' Beaujolais a confidence trick of the lowest gan and Fleurie - but then one is

is it not a fact that the French have hit upon a method of sellin a matter of hours ing over-production of a compar-atively indifferent wine to a gull-Old Timbers, Compare, for instance, Beaujo- Cookham,

lais Nouveau with, say, an ordi-nary Bulgarian red: the latter is without doubt far more acceptable. And one could go on to cite

gan and Fleurie - but then one is not expected to join in a chase to get them to the UK from France in a matter of hours. The Pound



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EVEN

Another trip to Dubei, then

another and another... But now Emirates have out you in a position to say "You're

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FLIES

A return ticket that's valid

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ON

to India and the Maldives for example) it looks as though a business trip is about to turn into an unexpected holiday for two.

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offered a feet the second

FINANCIAL TIMES

Monday 30 November 1987

Najibullah

punctuated

by rockets

MOSILEM GUERRILLAS pene-trated a tight security ring sround Kabul yesterday to rocket the Afghan capital as Soviet-backed leader Najibul-lah was condemning the reb-els at a national assembly, Reuter reports from Kabul.

armoured personnel carriers mounted with machine guns

roared through the streets. The Jirgan had been called

to approve a new constitution and apparently to confirm Najibullah, in effective power for some 15 months, as head of state. He is also leader of

the ruling People's Demo-

Foreign journalists, flown to Kabul from Moscow on Thursday to attend, heard the throb of aircraft engines and

saw Soviet-built Antonov-26 aircraft overhead, apparently trying to locate the sites from where the rockets were fired.

Soviet troops were entiato Afghanistan in December 1979 as the Muslim rebels appeared close to overthrowing a left-wing regime then near collapse as a result of bloody infighting within the

cratic Party (PDPA).

speech



Janet Bush on Wall Street

Refuge in cautious selectivity

WALL STREET may be heading for 2,000 again. On the other hand, it could test 1,800 before long. No-one is prepared to bet either way. Nevetheless, there is no shortage of advice emerging from Wall Street firms - battered but not visibly bowed - in whose interest it is to foster the notion that corporate America can still offer attractive returns.

offer attractive returns.

What now runs through circularised recommendations, however, are exhortations to caution and selectivity. Salomon Brothers provides its clients with 25 potential buys for the "aggressive investor" and 31 for the "conservative investor". Salomon was which counts itself in the conservative investor. Salomon, which counts itself in the category of those who expect a period of post-crash consolidation rather than a full-scale recovery, bases its choices on a highly-technical analysis of money flows.

Its very particular methodology comes up with stocks which cut across a varied selection of sectors. The recommended stocks, for both the conservative and the aggressive investor,

stocks, for both the conservative and the aggressive investor, range from United States Surgical, a manufacturer of surgical stapling devices, through to Helene Curtis Industries, specialising in beauty treatments and hair care, to Exxon, the largest oil company in the world.

Nevertheless, amid this catholicism, there is a fair smattering of traditional manufacturing companies, tipped to perform the

companies, tipped to perform the locomotive function for the US economy as the mighty US con-

mer loses steam. Even before the collapse in share values in late October, there had been an assumption that consumer spending, which has kept the economy growing at a healthy clip so far this year, would soon hand over the baton would soon hand over the baton to export-orientated manufactur-ing companies, which were at last responding strongly to the sharp depreciation in the dollar. Initial analysis of the post-crash environment - patchy and tentative as it is - serves to underscore this line of thinking. Data on the state of retail sales Data on the state of retail sales in the run-up to Christmas is anecdotal at best and official figare not yet available. Uncertainty about the impact of the crash is keeping consumer, leisure and luxury stocks on the defensive.

In contrast recent data, includ-ing third quarter GNP which was revised significantly healthy increase in non-defence capital goods orders, have pro-vided evidence of healthy

A simple analysis of share A simple analysis of share price movements during the crash and afterwards tells this story as clearly as anything else. Sears, Roebuck, the leading US retailer, has recouped little of its 27 per cent fall in value during the October collapse. After tumbling from a high \$52% to a low of \$26 in October, the share has managed only a modest recovery to \$33% by last Friday.

A similar picture can be drawn in those sectors associated with

A similar picture can be drawn in those sectors associated with the spending of more affluent sectors of society, which theoretically should be affected most by stock portfolio losses.

A case in point is Outboard Marine, a leading manufacturer of outboard motors for speed boats for the young and upwardly mobile. Its share price stood at a high of \$37% in October. but plummetted to only

ber, but plummetted to only \$17% as luxury retreated in the face of potential economic calamity. Since the dark days of October. Outboard Marine's share price has recouped a paltry \$%, a poor recovery in comparison with less glamorous industrial stocks.

Now take manufacturing. Bethlehem Steel has recouped more than half of its loss during October. This 50 per cent retracement is common to many heavy industrial stocks which were very hard hit by the selling as investors and institutions placed their bets on an imminent reces-

Another example is Caterpillar, manufacturer of diesel engines and earth-moving equip-ment. Its shares plummetted from a high of \$73% in October to a low of \$41%. By the close on Friday, its shares stood at nearly

These price movements suggest there is a view that the US is not heading for an all-out recession and that the panic selling of industrial stocks in October was an over-reaction. There is little doubt that pockets of industrial America so health bit industrial America, so badly hit by the overvaluation of the dollar during the early 1980s, are fighting back.
The cost-cutting and redun-

dancies have created leaner, fit-ter companies well placed to cap-italise on the competitive advantage afforded by the dollar. There are, however, some com-panies which did not so much slim down as become anorexic. Some of these face serious capacity constraints which are now being reflected in a marked recovery in capital investment.

The ability of these companies to regain lost pounds and so cope with strong demand may hold the key to price recoveries towards pre-October levels.

US confident of progress at summit on arms cuts

THE US expects to make major progress at the Washington summit on a treaty cutting the superpowers' strategic offensive weapons by 50 per cent, Mr George Shultz, the US Secretary of State, said President Reagan would negotiate personally with the Soviet leader Mr Gorbachev, building on their tentative agreement at Reykjavik last year to reduce the number of strategic warheads to 6,000 on each side.

The outline deal at Reykjavik research and testing programme.

of strategic warheads to 6,000 on each side.

The outline deal at Reykjavik collapsed over Soviet demands to curb President Reagan's Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI), the space-based defence shield against offensive missiles. In the run up to the summit, however, there are persistent reports in Washington that the Reagan Administration may be prepared to be flexible on SDI in order to secure a strategic missile pact by

with the Soviets on SDI without fatally compromising the SDI without fatally compromising the SDI in cresarch and testing programme. President Reagan, in his weekly radio address on Saturbay repeated that SDI was not a "bargaining chip" in arms continuous compromise on SDI under the 1988 Defence Authorisation Bill. This effectively limits SDI testing to what is permitted under a strict interpretation of the ABM Treaty.

Treaty.

Treaty.

Treaty.

President Reagan's conservative supporters believe that SDI is a touchstone of the Reagan on SDI or on the 1972 ABM treaty opment of missile defence about the prospect of any US concessions.

But Mr Shultz hinted that the Administration might strike a deal if it was clear that the Soviet curbs did not undermine the programme. "We will never compromise our ability to learn how to defend you against ballis-tic missles and to deploy those defences if we can find them.

Observers note that the Observers note that the Reagan Administration has, under pressure from Congress, just agreed to de facto restrictions on SDI under the 1988 Defence Authorisation Bill. This effectively limits SDI testing to what is permitted under a strict interpretation of the ABM Tresty.

France and Iran take steps to break diplomatic deadlock

FRANCE and Iran appear to the return to France of Mr Jeanhave made significant progress at the weekend in resolving their Augue, two French hostages who had been held in the Lebanon by have made significant progress at the weekend in resolving their diplomatic deadlock, which could eventually lead to the nor-malisation of relations between the two countries.

diplomatic deadlock, which had been held in the Lebenon by could eventually lead to the normalisation of relations between the two countries.

Concrete signs of a breakthrough emerged last night when Mr Wahid Gordii, believed to be the number two at the lranian embassy in Paris, finally agreed to be questioned by a French magistrate on the terrorist bombings which shook the French capital in 1985 and 1986.

Mr Gordii left the Iranian French magistrate claiming he

to be the number two at the Iranian embassy in Paris, finally agreed to be questioned by a France broke off diplomatic relations with Iran this summer is the french capital in 1985 and 1985.

Mr Gordji left the Iranian embassy, where he took refuge five months ago, for questioning last night by the French magistrate on the terrors. He was allowed to leave French therritory after his appearance before the magistrate. He was allowed to leave French the French authorities blockadity in retaliation, did the same flown out of Paris on an executive jet.

The surprise development came barely a few hours after to be fore the number two at the Iranian embassy in Paris. The blockade of the embassies could now be lifted following Mr hostages.

The release of the two French hostages and Mr Gordji suppearance before the magistrate last night suggests that France and Iran have made considerable progress in negotiating a diplomatic solution to try to normalise relations between the two french hostages and Mr Gordji's appearance before the magistrate last night suggests that France and Iran have made considerable progress in negotiating a diplomatic ountries.

However, Mr Jacques Chirac, the French prime Minister, the French Prime Minister, the French newspaper, Le Monde, that France had agreed to pay a ransom to the kidnappers of the two french hostages and Mr Gordji's appearance before the magistrate last night suggests that France and Iran have made considerable progress in negotiating a diplomatic ountries.

However, Mr Jacques Chirac, the French prime Minister, the French newspaper, Le Monde, that France had agreed to pay a ransom to the kidnappers of the two French hostages and Mr Gordji's appearance before the magistrate last night suggests that France and the magistrate last night suggests that France and progress in negotiating a diplomatic ountries.

However, Mr Jacques Chirac, the French newspaper, Le Monde, that France had agreed to pay a ransom the french embassy in Tehron progress of the two French hostages and M

adlock

Better reports from Kabul.

One of four rockets smashed into the grounds of Kabul Polytechnic, where a grand national assembly or Loya Jirgah was being held. The explosion shook the conference hall and drowned the words of Najibullah as he opened the meeting.

Afghan sources said two of the terrorist bombings. Although about two kilometres from officially only a translator, Mr Gordii was suspected to have had had links with the islamic terrorists responsible for the Paris bombings.

The four blasts, at two-min-

OECD funding threatened

THE ORGANISATION for Economic Co-operation and Develoption depends on the US for its about one-third of its total dues.

ment, the industrial countries' income in October. November The latest continuing resolution
leading economic policy instituand December of each year. leading economic policy institution, could run out of cash next
month as a result of US budget
difficulties.

Under procedures adopted by
the Reagan Administration, US
contributions to calendar-year
budgets of International organisations are paid out of US budget
gets for the following fiscal year.

Since the US is committed to
provide 25 per cent of the
OECD's FFr900m (\$160m) bud
IRCUME IN OCCODET, NOVEMEN, TOWARD TO THE MECHANIST TURN OF SINCE AND IN INCOME IN OCCODET, NOVEMEN TO THE MECHANIST TURN OUT IN MICHAEL PROPOSED.

One consequence of the prolonged budget-cutting arguments in Washington, however, is that the US does not have an agreed pardise the December pay-checks of the 1,700 staff.

A spokesman in the Secretary
General's office said: "We have a cash flow problem. We hope the ments to the OECD are well in a trears.

The next payment is expected do everything necessary to meet today or tomorrow, but this will

SAS revises draft BCal offer

SY CLAY HARRIS IN LONDON

SCANDINAVIAN Airlines System is revising its draft partial offer for British Caledonian offer for British Caledonian Group to underline its contention that the UK airline would remain British-controlled even if SAS tooks 40 per cent stake.

The Scandinavian airline will be price on which Sir Adam The Scandinavian airline will be price on which Sir Adam The Scandinavian airline will be price on which Sir Adam The Scandinavian airline will be price on which Sir Adam The Scandinavian airline will be price on which Sir Adam The Scandinavian airline will be price on which Sir Adam Thomson, BCal chairman, has insisted.

BCal's continued designation as a UK airline is a more critical issue than whether an SAS offer is referred to the Monopolies and is expected to have nine or ten members. SAS originally wanted three representatives.

SAS has not yet formally benched and yet formally benched and has an or yet formally benched and has BCal are confidence as a result of bloody infighting within the phonody infighting within the bloody infighting within the bloody infighting within the phonody infighting within the bloody infighting within the bloody infighting within the phonody infighting was a result of their resistance extinates the continued carry fewer than half as many passengers as BA.

Moreover, the Scandinavia

leader Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, replaced former President and PDPA leader Mr Bahrak Karmal, installed in power in the wake of the Soviet intervention, in May last year.

Mr Karmal is now effectively disgraced, apparently in part because he failed to prevent continued feading between rival factions of the PDPA. three representatives.

SAS has not yet formally launched a rival rescue plan for BCal, which faces a full bid from petition issues since the two air.

demanded last week by BA but Although SAS will consider reducing its target shareholding in BCal, it is unlikely to be willing to take less than 30 per cent.

Haiti cancels presidential elections

Continued from Page 1

World Weather

military of turning a blind eye to the increasing violence, allowing roving bands of Duvalier supporters to create an atmosphere of instability, which threatened the elections. In many cases, they claimed, members of the army also participated in the attacks.

The army recently refused to allow helicopters to take voting equipment and ballot papers to some rural areas, while denying protection to several thousand people who were forced to leave their homes in the capital to escape the violence.

"Many have been suggesting that a coup would take place just of that a coup would take place just of the attaches.

"Many have been suggesting that a coup would take place just of the attaches before or just after the elections before or just after t

by the military Government to the military Government to the military Government economic and military assistance, would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would now have to reconsider its attitude to develope the military assistance would not be a military assistance which we would not be a military assistance whic

Dollar may hit new lows

Continued from Page 1 antil the budget package is

implemented.
The main reason for lack of confidence in the US cur-rency has been the almost universal rejection of the deficit package by markets at home and abroad.

Congress today starts nailing down details of the two-year \$76bn budget defi-cit reduction package nego-tiated with the White

House. Most commentators expect Congress to reach agreement on a package which would avoid some \$23bn of across the board cuts mandated by the Gramm-Rudman budget reform law.
The dollar's valuerability

is underscoring growing fears about upward pres-sure on US inflation follow-ing the Administration's emergency loosening of monetary policy in late October and intensified concern that foreign investors are again losing confidence in dollar-denominated securities. While the US Treasury bond market declined sharply last week, bond prices in West Germany and Britain performed quite well. THE LEX COLUMN

Tricky times for Opec

Students of Opec are familiar with the oil price dilemma, whereby each member of the cartel tries to improve its lot by cartel tries to improve its lot by cheating and everyone ends up worse off. For most of this year members have abandoned this self-defeating dishonesty in favour of joint action, and the dilemma has not arisen. But with the gruesome memory of sub \$10 oil receding, and with the fall in the value of the dollar leaving even the strongest members needing more revenue, it could be making a comeback.

needing more revenue, it could be making a comeback. Unless Opec confronts some home truths at next week's meeting, it may find it has another oil price crisis on its hands. The agreement has proved amazingly robust since it was cobbled together under such durers a week sets but is now in duress a year ago, but is now in shreds. Members are over-produ-cing by 2m b/d, official selling prices have been cast aside, and Iran, for one, is so keen to sell its oil that it is offering discounts of up to \$2. Last week the ugly spectacle of Iran and Iraq viciously undercutting each other to win Japanese custom was proof of the extent of the problem.

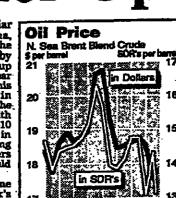
The other side of the equation

is looking equally precarious. Over production since the summer has meant that stocks are too high for the time of year, and running them down could mean a fall in demand early next year to 3m b/d less than present output. Longer term, the possi-bility of recession means that growth in oil demand of 1 per cent could be the most to be hoped for.

On price and production there

On price and production there is even less consensus among members than usual. The price rise to \$20 that is being sought by about half the cartel to compensate for the fall in the dollar seems barely worth discussing, given Opec's apparent inability to defend the present level of \$18. The setting of new quotas will not be achieved without a violent akirmish, especially as the uncharacteristic accord between Iran and Saudi Arabia which formed the basis of the present agreement is now lacking. Some members want the ing. Some members want the management ever since Ferruzzi years.

overall level to be maintained, took effective control six months others increased. Iraq demands ago will be cleared up. Mr Garmost of its rivals because it has parity with Iran if it is to be dini is also expected to move fasmo no net debt and, with liquid included in the quota, while ter on the disposals (probably resources of over SKr 21bn, most of the other members will fibres and pharmaceuticals), should be able to increase its divbe alming at least to maintain which now seem inevitable if idend by 10 per cent plus per cent plu



ers know anything, they know that Opec's second largest export is in surprises, and anyone who sold oil before the last three Opec meetings must remember what an unwise strategy that turned out to be.

Montedison

Untangling the boardroom manoeuvres of corporate Italy is like trying to pick up a soap opera plot half-way through the series. But assuming that Mr Raul Gardini, chairman of Ferruzzi, succeeds in ousting Mr Mario Schimberni from the chairmanship of Montedison, it will at least mean a reversion to familiar Dynasty themes. For familiar Dynasty themes. For good or ili, Mr Schimberni had become a symbolic champion of Italy's version of the Angio-Saxon type of public company-owned by a wide spread of physiology, and managed by pany-owned by a wide spread of shareholders and managed by salaried professionals. His removal at the hands of the son-in-law of Ferruzzi's founder appears to signify an Italian reversion to type - the ascendancy of Mediobanca and the families. Were Flat and Olivetti to enter the scene, the cast would be complete.

Montedison shareholders, who have suffered cruelly over the past year, might well benefit in the short term. The uncertainty that has hung over the senior management ever since Ferruzzi took effective control six months

dini suggests that Ferruzz's own near-100 per cent gearing com-bined with the harsher climate for equity issues might now make Montedison disposals advisable for Ferruzz's sake. advisable for Ferrizzi's sake.
And now that it is nursing a
\$700m loss on its 40 per cent
Montedison stake, Ferrizzi may
have developed a less respectful
attitude to Mr Schimberni's
long-term strategy.

If the Ferruzi stake were to rise above 50 per cent, all sorts of new financial possibilities would open up - not all of them to the advantage of Montedison minority shareholders. But a refocusing of Montedison on its chemical base would do no harm chemical base would do no name to earnings in the medium-term. The trouble is that such a shift now looks incompatible with a continuing role for Mr Schimberni himself, who has proved an excellent manager, and Mr Gawini is not not better the continuing to the continuing the c Gardini is not noticeably sur-rounded by able lieutenants.

Luxury cars

Among the higgest casualties the world crash in equities of the world crash in equities have been Europe's car manufacturers. The shares of Porsche and Jaguar are trading at less than half their end-September level, and Volvo's share price fell by close to 40 per cent as US institutions, in particular, dumped their stock on the market. Fears about the impact on export earnings of a sharp fall in the dollar and the prospects of a slowdown in US economic growth have taken a heavy toll on luxury car makers' share on luxury car makers' share

volvo, which relies on the US for 40 per cent of its car sales and even more of group profits, has cushioned itself in the short term by selling dollars forward, and its performance has been helped by very buoyant conditions in the world market for heavy trucks, where it is the second biggest producer. However, it is bracing itself for a downturn in the US car market, and 1988 earnings are expected to drop to perhaps SKr6.5bn from the average Skr 7.5bn over the last four years.

be aiming at least to maintain recent production levels. The most likely outcome seems a week or so of high living and high tempers in Vienna followed by an "agreement" to roll over quotas and re-address the problem next year.

Faced with such an unpelatable outcome the market's relative calm over the last week seems odd. However, if oil trad-

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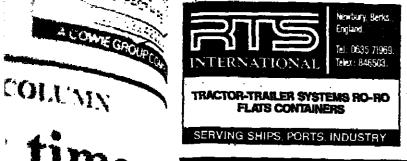
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SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS FINANCIAL TIMES Monday November 30 1987



Banesto

head quits

over bank

BY DAVID WHITE IN MADRID

BANCO DE Bilbao post-

poned its decision on a pub-lic bid for control of Banco Espanol de Credito

(Banesto) at the weekend after the resignation of the latter's vice-chairman and chief executive, Mr Jose

Maria Lopez de Letona. Further talks were being held in an effort to reach an

agreed plan for linking the two groups. Banco de Bil-bao, which ranks just

bao, which ranks just behind Banesto in terms of assets, had been preparing to announce a hostile bid on Saturday at the end of a

week of unsuccessful nego-

Mr Lopez de Letona, who was less than two weeks away from taking over as Banesto chairman, had insisted on equality between the two banks in

the new financial group. Mr Mario Conde, a recent

arrival on the Banesto board, who is believed to be more amenable to a friendly

solution, was immediately Mr Lopez de Letona, a for-mer Industry Minister and

Bank of Spain governor, was brought into Banesto

last year and took decisive steps to repair weaknesses in the group and launch a new image for the highly conservative number two

Spanish bank.

bid talks

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

Divergent views on rule changes in the Swiss bond market

announcement of changes in the ened.

rules affecting the foreign bond The main changes, effective

RESTRICTIVE or liberalising? tors out of the market, and also Diametrically opposed views to expressions of glee that they emerged on Friday from bankers in Switzerland after the their position had been weak-

rules affecting the foreign bond market's main syndicate.

The announcement had been awaited with considerable excitement in Swiss banking quarters. It had been known for allowed to lead manage an issue some time that Credit Suisse had been pressing the other two main Swiss banks - Union Bank of Switzerland and Swiss Bank Corporation - for more flexibility in the syndicate rules.

The main changes, effective from January are:

More banks will be allowed to lead manage an issue within the syndicate, subject to the restriction that none of the Big Three has already led an issue for the borrower.

Any member bank will be allowed to turn down a co-man-allowed to from January are:

• More banks will be allowed main Swiss Banks - Union Bank of Switzerland and Swiss Bank Corporation - for more flexibility in the syndicate rules.

The prime mover, bankers suggested, was Mr Hans-Joerg Rudloff, deputy chairman of Credit Suisse First Boston and doyen of the Europerkets who become

Suisse First Boston and doyen of the Euromarkets, who became a general manager of Credit Suisse in Zurich early this year. He had been thought to have run into heavy opposition from the other two, particularly Union Bank of Switzerland.

As it turned out, Thursday's hibition on members from participate in the grey market.

A key crucial omission from the other two particularly Union Bank of Switzerland.

As it turned out, Thursday's hibition on members from participating in any deals led by outsiders - a point seized upon by the bankers on Friday who saw the changes as a disguised means of enhancing the cartel-

Warburg Soditic, one of the most active lead-managers of Swissfranc foreign bonds outside the main syndicate, said: "This is not a substantial the said: "This

the measures as primarily aimed at luring banks to throw in their lot with the Big Three, thus undermining the position of their main rivals.

A number of bankers said they believed banks outside the main syndicates had been asked if they would like to defect to the

Big Three. So - taken to the logical exten-

So - taken to the logical extension - banks such as Handelsbank, the leader of the second largest syndicate, and also houses such as Citicorp and Soditic that operate with ad hoc teams of underwriters, might to gether an underwriting group.

The new members would be offered the sweetener that they would not have to join a bond issue they did not like. But this was likely to be an empty prom
So - taken to the logical extension - banks and such as Handelsbank, the leader of the second impossible for them repeatedly banks have been unofficially sounded out about whether they wish to join. However, it seemed unlikely a major plank of which has been that they would choose to do so their near-infallible placing and deprive themselves of the opportunity of getting mandates from borrowers who had already strongly like an acknowledgement of the breaking of ranks unless it became practically sumsel down a number of Union

Top Swiss Franc Bookrunners SBC Banque Paribes Citicoro Inv. Bank Public Issues Banca del Gottard

Bank, since its Swiss subsidiary won in August the right to lead-manage an issue for its parent company in which parmanent members of the big syndicate participated. An executive at Deutsche Bank (Suisse) was unable to comment on Friday.

At the other end of spectrum of Friday's reactions, Mr Brian Woolley, of Citicorp Investment Bank in Zurich, saw the changes more as a refuctant acceptance by the Big Three of the inexorable forces of competition at work on the Swiss market.

As further evidence of the weakening of the cartel, one banker said that some of the cartel, one weakening of the cartel, one weakening of the cartel, one weakening of the cartel, one was unable to comment on Friday. At the other end of spectrum of Friday's reactions, Mr Brian Woolley, of Citicorp Investment Bank in Zurich, saw the changes more as a reluctant acceptance by the Big Three of the inexorable forces of competition at work on the Swiss market.

Mr Woolley forused on the lib-

Mr Woolley focused on the lib-eralisation that allowed banks to opt out of issues they did not like. This, he said, would inevita-bly weaken the Big Three's nego-tiating position with borrowers -a major plank of which has been

The foreign bank that seemed Bank of Switzerland's deals this most likely to be approached by the main syndicate was Deutsche Bank, since its Swiss subsidiary won in August the right to lead-weakening of the cartel, one

The relaxation of the reallowance rules was seen by some as an admission by the big banks that they could no longer get away with selling paper to their clients at unrealistic prices. This is because clients are now aware that leaver rules are frequently. that lower prices are frequently quoted in the screen-based grey market trading, introduced a couple of years ago by Citicorp and Chemical Bank.

Clare Pearson

EUROCOMMERCIAL PAPER AND CREDITS

Flight to quality accentuates formation of two-tier market in names

have accentuated the market's segregation.

There are, in fact, almost two markets: that in the paper of top-rated sovereign credits and that in notes issued by lesser corporate and bank names.

The central banks' attempts to a secondary market which has prop up the US currency over the past month have left them seeking homes for dollar liquid-tity. Following the dive in US Treasury bill rates, vields on the set of the second that in notes is the US domestic commercial paper market — where there is very little secondary market activity.

This trend and the fact that there are now over 500 issuers will surely increase the importance of ratings, even for those companies with a good name recognition among investors.

At the one end, the top-rated in a market that is actively market activity.

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At the one end, the top-rated is very little secondary market activity.

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At the one end, the top-rated is very little secondary market activity.

This trend and the fact that there are now over 500 issuers will surely increase the importance of ratings.

At the same time, central bank is very little secondary market activity.

This trend and the fact that there are now over 500 issuers will surely increase the importance of ratings.

At the americal paper market activity.

This trend and the fact that there are now over 500 issuers are now over 50

seeing homes for dottar liquidity. Following the dive in US
Treasury bill rates, yields on
ECP - still pegged off interest
rates in the interbank market have looked very attractive to
them.
Central banks only invest in

Buyers of low-rated or unrated
top-rated in the top-rated
in a market that is actively
traded; at the other, lesser names
issue paper which is increasingly
held to maturity by a sector of
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issue are winning finer terms

THE COLLAPSE of share prices as that issued by French govern-last month has left few of the world's financial markets untouched. In the Eurocommercial paper market, it appears to have accentuated the market's although this margin has narrowed to 20 basis points or so markets that in the naper of the market central hank as that issued by French govern-ever banks, which are looking to pick up yield over Libor and for Japanese names one for two related borrowers - Yamaha motors Europe, with a Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank guarantee. Either can issue up to appear to the pick up yield over Libor and have their own credit assessment capabilities. This is a placement and hold-to-maturity market - where with a Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank guarantee. Either can issue up to some time central hank are retainty.

At the same time central hank which are looking to pick up yield over Libor and for Japanese names one for two related borrowers - Yamaha Motors Europe, with a Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank guarantee. Either can issue up to some time central hank are retainty. borrowing does not exceed

> Marubeni International Finance has put in place a new Finance has put in place a new \$200m programme, guaranteed by its parent, which will run side-by-side with an existing bank-guaranteed programme.
>
> Swiss Bank Corporation International arranged a \$300m ECP programme for the Gibraltar branch of Banco Hispano hand in Spain, while Warburg has arranged a \$250m programme for Tarmac.
>
> Losed terms for the \$450m deal dated for a \$150m refinancing dated for a \$150m for lands d

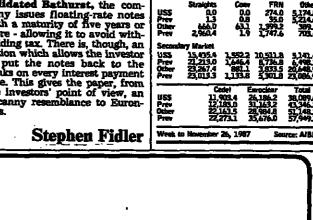
a five-year maturity, extendible drawn of 5 basis points.

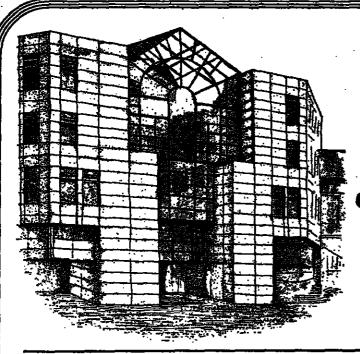
French companies continue multi-option facility for Lep their hyper-activity in the inter-company, a UK freight forwarding by Morgan Guaranty, was not so national loans market: the latest company. The five-year financis is the food group, BSN. Credit ing, \$70m of which will be company. The five-year financist in the international capital markets, as leading the group, which also comprises Barque 12.5 basis points, a margin on Nationale de Paris, Banque Paribas and Societe Generale. It has a five-wear mentity extendible drawn of 5 hasts points.

Chase Investment Bank dis-closed terms for the \$450m deal dated for a \$150m refinancing it has underwritten for Saatchi loan for Electricidade de Por-

Similar to earlier deals for

Molson, the brewers, and Con-solidated Bathurst, the company issues floating-rate notes with a maturity of five years or more - allowing it to avoid with-holding tax. There is, though, an option which allows the investor to put the notes back to the banks on every interest payment date. This gives the paper, from the investors point of view, an uncanny resemblance to Euron-







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October, 1987

Coop Aktiengesellschaft has no connection with the consumer co-operative movement in the United Kingdom.

ınk Limitel

David Owen reviews a Toronto dealer's troubled courtships and broken engagements

Wood Gundy still waiting at the altar

If the remarks made by First Chi-cago president, Mr Richard Tho-mas, following a Windy City press conference this week prove well-tounded, it will not be long before Wood Gundy, the bluest of Toronto's blue chip investment dealers, finds out whether or not it has again been left at the altar by a pro-

If the five-month old engagement is consummated, it seems certain that First Chicago will pay considerably less for its 35 per cent stake than the C\$270m (US\$207m) originally envisaged. "We are trying to see if a revised transaction is in our interest," were Mr Thomas's words last week.

The well-documented stock market crash of October 19-20 has obviously taken the wind out of every ment dealer's sails, whether on Bay Street or elsewhere. What has singled Gundy out for special attention is a series of additional misfortunes which appear to have left the firm all but becalmed. First, about 35 employees, includ-

age branch, left Gundy en masse whose Canadian tranche it lead-mato join Walwyn - a rival Toronto in-vestment dealer being groomed for Leod Young Weir and Dominion stardom by Mr Gerald Pencer, Fi-Securities. While the firm was nancial Trustco chief executive. Mr quick to announce that the wealthy Pencer, who recently moved Finan-Bronfman family, in the guise of cial Trustco to Toronto from Cal- the Great Lakes Group financial takeover of Walwyn in June.

leged conspiracy and wrongful in-paid BP shares at levels well above terference with the firm's economic interests.

The shares at levels well above the 70p Bank of England floor price interests.

shares in the company and because sold anything to the Bank of Eng-the firm's "lack of leadership" was land."

gary, completed a surprise CS35m services company, had agreed to akeover of Walwyn in June. sub-underwrite the deal by essen-Those departing initially de-tially lending Gundy the money to scribed Gundy's reaction to the de- pay for the 52.5m shares which it fection as gentlemanly. But the at committed to take, estimates of its mosphere turned sour when Gundy associated capital losses, for which filed a CS355m lawsuit against Wal- Gundy remains responsible, run as wyn, associated companies and high as C\$55m.
several former employees for alin fact, subsequent sales of part-

In a recent statement of defence, substantially lower. There have four ex-Gundy officials said that been extensive sales in the marketthey made the switch because they place at prices up to 88p," according were denied the opportunity of pur- to Mr Edward King, Gundy vice chasing a significant number of chairman. "Wood Gundy has not

successful 42nd Street retail broker- the recent BP privatisation issue, cussions involving Gundy's future if a revised deal could not be age branch, left Gundy en masse whose Canadian tranche it lead-ma-ownership have fallen through. worked out.

Royal Bank of Canada, the country's largest chartered bank, became involved in lengthy talks with Gundy earlier this year, only to cept might not be to its liking. Since withdraw days before the first countries doubts surrounding the First Chicastage of Canada's financial services stage of Canada's imancial services go deal began to surface, Gundy has deregulation cleared the way for banks to enter the securities business to enter the securities and the securities are securities and the securit banks to enter the securities business on June 30. The Royal is now said to be close to striking a deal in play," Mr King said. with Dominion Securities.

creasingly crucial importance in the newly deregulated market place, it is generally accepted that Gundy, whose current regulatory capital is cago can somehow be resolved. "We

Perhaps surprisingly, few believe that the firm would have problems locating a new suitor - even though the terms it may be obliged to accalls to inquire if the firm is back

Among the most prevalent Bay Street rumours as to what a First peared all set to merge with Gordon Capital, the brash, aggressive dealers spearheaded by Mr Jimmy Connacher, a former Gundy employee, only for the deal to founder at the eleventh hour for reasons which rejoint venture merchant bank to be formed by Gordon Capital and Ca-With a large capital base of in- nadian Imperial Bank of Com-

undermining financial perforIf the First Chicago deal does not said to stand "in excess of C\$200m." are still working towards trying to said to stand "in excess of C\$200m." are still working towards trying to conclude the right deal for all parties.

Second, Gundy was hit hard by

Murdoch poised to buy more Fairfax assets

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SYDNEY

Fairfax goes through.

The assets under consideration are the Fairfax group's stakes in Australian Associated Press (AAP), the domestic news wire service, and in Australian Newsprint Mills.

MR RUPERT Murdoch's New Cor- Mr Murdoch for some AS275m poration is expected to increase its
The reports, published by Fairlax of Mr Fairlax's need to reduce his dominance of the Australian print group newspapers, also said that borrowings. Under his original media if a proposal to acquire further plan would meet opposition scheme to take John Fairfax prither assets from rival group John from the Trade Practices Commission, the Government's anti-trust agency, if it is deemed to entail dominance of the market for wire service news and newsprint supply.

Transfer of the stakes would give News an estimated 80 per cent hold-

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

vate, he planned to raise some A\$275m by floating David Syme Holdings. The move was called off after the collapse of the share market last month.

The proposed sales are the result

Mr Robert Holmes & Court, the ing in AAP and more than 90 per Perth entrepreneur, is shortly due

Porsche maps out cuts in production

By Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

PORSCHE, the West German luxury sports car manufacturer whose sales have been hit by the whose sales have been into by the collapse of the US stock market, yesterday said its workforce would be on short-time for 47 days between next January and

July.

Because of the sharp drop in
US sales, which account for some 60 per cent of its total-turnover, Porsche announced two weeks ago that it was cut-ting production and putting its workforce on short-tin

Sales were down by 30 per cent in the US in October as a result of the price collarse on Wall Street. The company said yesterday that around 4,300 workers would be affected at its

of Stuttgart.

The company is also extending its Christmas holiday to January 8, 1988, which will take up four more working days. Porsche intends to cut its output through the short-time working by 4,900 cars at Zuffenhausen. The production cuts will also affect the Neckarsulm plant of Audi, the Volkswagen subsidiary, which also makes models for Porsche.

Peking bank to widen foreign services

CITIC Industrial Bank, just set up by China International Trust and Investment Corporation (Citic), the Peking-backed financial services group, is to collaborate with the related Ka Wah Bank in Hong Kong to provide a rare bridge for foreign investors and trading partners to channel funds into and out of China.

The group is also investigating the establishment of a broking subsidiary in response to the increasingly widespread use of bonds for fund raising by both the Chinese government and mainland enterprises. Such a broking operation - which does not yet crist in China - would try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks in Hong Kong has any retail presence on the Chinese round for being an innovator in China's still-underdeveloped financial services industry, and is inevitably at the forefront of those diverted by a secondary bord market in China and by then there should be a secondary bord market in China and by then Ka Wah will do them.

On future broking operations, Mr Xu said: Very soon there will be a secondary bord market in China and by then Ka Wah will do them.

On future broking operations throughout the country, Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and try. Initial outlets will be in the 13 Peking-controlled "sister" banks and Ka Wah Bank will be sister banks. They will c

Setback for Japanese power groups

JAPAN'S electric power industry showed a marked decline in profits for the six months to September compared with the record results achieved in the previous year.

The power companies scored unprecedented profit advances last year as a result of the year's appreciation and the drop in energy prices. Since that time, however, the electricity industry has cut its rates in order to pass on its windfall benefits to consumers.

As a result, the industry, covering Japan's nine leading electric power companies, showed a full year as it plans more rate combined drop of 26.5 per cent at the pre-tax level for the six months in the six months in the six months just than 90 per cent of their windmarked in the six months just ended.

The industry said it expects of Y3,880bn.

The industry said it expects of y1,880bn.

The industry said it expects of y1,880bn.

The industry said it expects of y3,880bn.

The industry said it expects of y1,880bn.

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The industry said it expects of y1,880bn.

The nine power companies of Japan's continued shift from power demand, in view than 90 per cent of their wind-then y1,890 per cent of y2,880bn.

The industry said it expects of y1,890 per cent of their wind-then y1,890 per cent of y2,890 per cent of y2,890 per cent of y2,890 per cent of y2,890 per ce

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This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NOVEMBER 1987

£200,000,000

Committed Revolving Credit Facility

£200,000,000 **Uncommitted Tender Panel Facility**



Woolwich Equitable Building Society (Incorporated in England under the Building Societies Act 1986)

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Lead Managers

The Fuji Bank, Limited

Barclays Bank PLC

Managers

Swiss Bank Corporation

Credit Suisse

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited

The First National Bank of Chicago

The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited

Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale

Crédit Lyonnais

The Tokai Bank, Limited

The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

TSB England & Wales plc

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro

Additional Tender Panel Members

Participants

CIC-Union Européenne, International et Cie Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Crédit Commercial de France Kredietbank N.V. Société Générale

Facility and Tender Agent

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

Financial consortium led by

D'Ieteren s.a.

of Belgium

Sale of its 44.4% interest in Locadif s.a. to

Avis Europe plc

We acted as financial advisers to D'Ieteren s.a. in this transaction.

Generale Bank

Kleinwort Benson Limited

October 1987

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

ised to by Havas sees 20% gain next year

AGENCE HAVAS, the French advertising agency which was privatised earlier this year, expects profits for 1988 to rise by around 20 per cent following as auggrading of earnings fore-casts for the current year. Plerre Dauzier, the Havas Pleare Dauxier, the Havas chairman, said group net attributable profit, excluding extraordinary items, for 1987 would rise to between FFr350m and FFr360m (\$10.4m). Earlier estimates suggested 1987 profits of around FFr357

around FFr315m. He told a shareholders' meeting that attributable earnings for the year would be between FFr530m and be between FFr330m and
FFr540m, including an
extraordinary profit of
FFr180m. This put 1987
earnings per share at
around FFr42, compared
with FFr34 in 1986
Mr Dangier said his fore-

Mr Danxier said his fore-cast of 20 per cent profits growth next year took account of an expected advertising slowdown in the second half of 1988.

He also said Havas might make a free issue of shares. He gave no details but said it would not call on shareholders to raise cash. "At present we have FFr520m in risk-free invest-ments at our disposal, in ments at our disposal, in addition to a five-year mul-ti-option facility of FFri.5bn, he added. This level of liquidity

would allow Havas to take advantage of favourable opportunities, he said.

US MONEY AND CREDIT

Budget deficit deal the focus of mistrust

giving celebrations to go home and put their troubles on the shelf for a long weekend may find a shock when they return to their screens today.

The Treasury's benchmark 30-year bond issue closed last Friday with a yield of just under 9.14 per cent, the highest close since October 21, two days after Black Monday.

since October 21, two days after
Black Monday.

The key to last week's steadily
rising yields was the weakness of
the dollar which slumped to
record low for the New York
close on Monday against the
D-Mark and the yen. Foreign
exchange dealers have always
been sceptical types and there
has been a great deal to be sceptical about.

Board flooding the banking system with money and international monetary officials falling
over backwards to look helpful
in public.

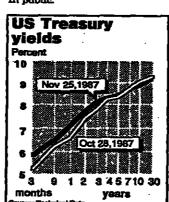
US Treasury
yields
Percent
10

tical about.
The focus of most mistrust The focus of most mistrust continues to be the deal on cutting the US budget deficit. With many forecasts looking for a deficit next year of perhaps \$170bn, the package of half-hearted and illusory cuts looks a paltry contribution to the cause of correcting global imbalances. The foreign application market broader. ing guotai impaiances. The inveign exchange market knows that as well as the alumni at the Bundesbank and Congress itself. The foreign exchange market also had the most jaded (and most probably accurate) view of last week's modest reductions in key interest rates in West Ger-many. It is unlikely that the Bundesbank's decision to edge its

THE MANY bond traders and institutional fund managers who took the opportunity of Thanksgiving celebrations to go home and put their troubles on the shelf for a long weekend may find a shock when they return to their screens today.

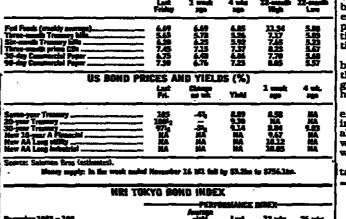
The Treasury's benchmark 30-year bond issue closed last Friday with a vield of just under

days of crisis management which saw the US Federal Reserve Board flooding the banking sys-



most probably accurate) view of last week's modest reductions in key interest rates in West Germany. It is unlikely that the Bundesbank's decision to edge its repurchase rate lower, taken on the day before the budget package was announced, had very much to do with wanting to give way to taking stock of the inflationary fears may be prema-

the measure of the calm which has descended has been important the second provides some tention of construction of the calm which should provide some tention of construction in the second provides and the second provides a



US MONEY MARKET RATES (%) Last 1 week 4 was Friday ago ago

137.91 4.90 137.66 135.67 141.26 - 5,22 523 5.85 4.87

UK GILTS

Institutions switch back to cash

Janet Bush

Janet

ion the Government's anti-inflation credentials.

Domestic economic data and of the end-of-year window dressing of portfolios, then the implications are at least two-fold. As the economy is likely to keep growing strongly into the first half of 1988 at least.

This does not appear to be an observed and a lean time. tion credentials.

Domestic economic data and business surveys indicate that: the economy is likely to keep growing strongly into the first half of 1988 at least.

This does not appear to be an environment in which a cut in interest rates would be sustainable, but it does seem to be one which argues for keeping them which argues for keeping them vive.

have stuck their heads above the parapet and estimated institutional behaviour during and after the October fall in equity prices. One of their tables is reproduced below.

The percentages relate to the value of assets, so drawing conclusions is difficult, but the trend seems suggestive of what a lot of people in the market are saying, viz the institutions are rebuilding their gilt and cash levels.

levels.

How important this is for gilts

depends on the way the balance tilts between cash and bonds. If we are witnessing a trend in

where they are.
To the more orthodox mone-tarists in the market what is Simon Holberton ASSET ALLOCATION OF UK INSTITUTIONAL PORTFOLIOS (%) March Sept Oct 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987+ 1987+ 1987+ Cash 3.0 2.8 3.3 2.9 2.6 2.8 2.4 Bonds 25.7 24.1 22.2 21.2 18.2 16.8 14.2 Equities 48.4 52.9 56.2 59.7 65.3 67.7 71.6 Domestic 37.8 39.1 42.3 44.7 47.1 49.2 53.1 Foreign 9.1 11.7 11.2 11.8 14.2 14.3 14.1 U Trusts 1.7 2.1 2.7 3.2 4.0 4.2 4.4 Others** 22.9 20.2 18.5 16.2 13.9 12.7 11.8

----This announcement is not an offering of the Notes which have been sold and appears ------

New Issue

Can. \$120,000,000

Prudential Funding Corporation (Incorporated in the State of New Jersey, U.S.A.)

A Subsidiary of

The **Prudential**



Insurance Company of America

111/2% Notes Due 1992

Prudential-Bache Capital Funding

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Wood Gundy Inc.

Bankers Trust International Limited

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

McLeod Young Weir International Limited

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Orlon Royal Bank Limited

Salomon Brothers International Limited

BankAmerica Capital Markets

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

DKB International Limited

Banque Paribas Capital Markets Limited Chase Investment Bank Daiwa Europe Limited

Dominion Securities Inc.

EBC Amro Bank Limited

IBJ International Limited Kansallis Banking Group Kidder, Peabody International Limited

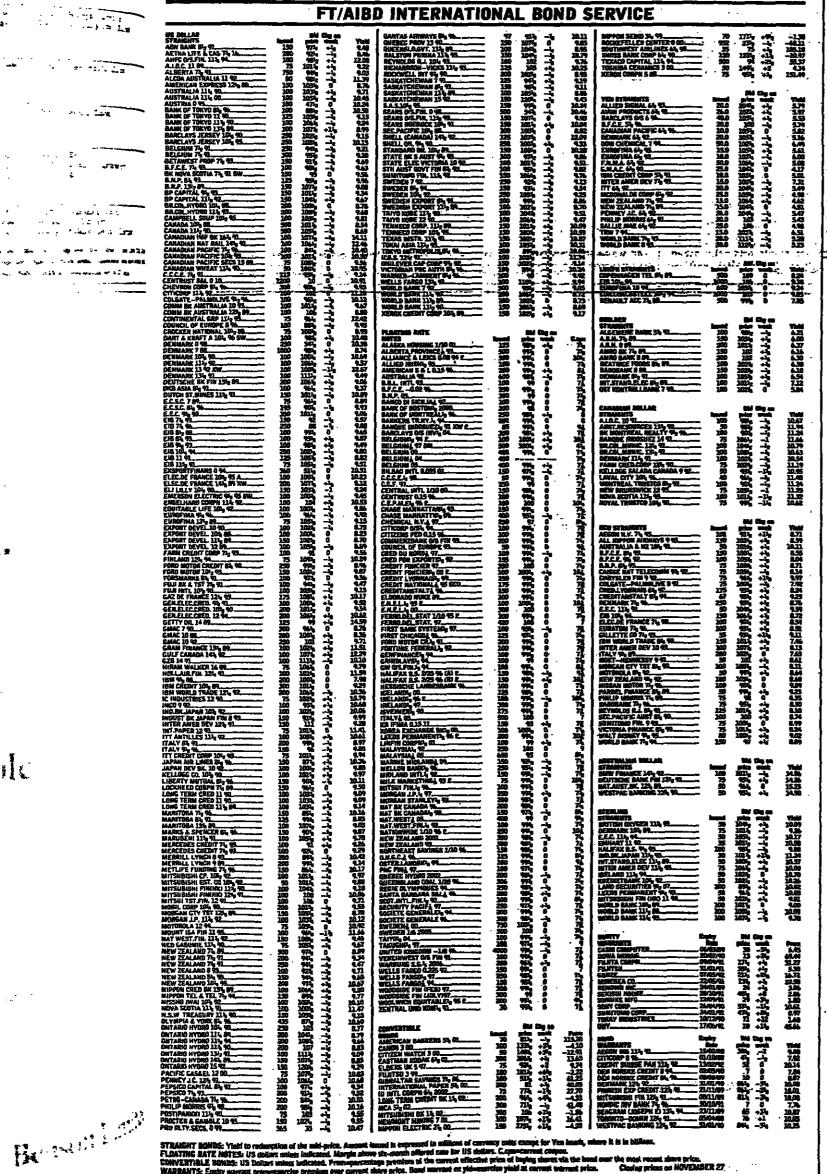
LTCB International Limited

Mitsui Finance International Limited

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Vereins- und Westbank S. G. Warburg Securities

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

November 1987



David Waller looks at Magnet - a one-time favourite with City analysts

Retailing now supplies hopes of revival generate huge sales increases from the moment they opened. Magnet acted to reduce stocks

COMMERCIAL realities and City police were investigating a possiperceptions frequently get out of ble fraud at the company's
kilter, rarely more so than in the Keighley headquarters and last
case of Magnet, the kitchen and week, Magnet disclosed that it
bedroom furniture maker and plans to dismiss 500-600 employretailer which is to sack ten per ees before the end of the year.
Cent of its workforce by the end

The shares closed at 172%p on
Friday.

Friday.

Friday.

Friday.

Friday.

Friday.

The company caught analysts exceptionally strong, said the unawares with a 71 per cent leap in interim profits; to the last when he announced a 21 per week in August this year, Magnet & Southerns - could do no wrong in See 46m, taxable profits were then known as Magnet & Profits last Wednesday. At Southerns - could do no wrong in See 46m, taxable profits were greater than those made during more than doubled over the the whole of 1984, evidence of period and were accorded a vertiginous rating.

The reason: Magnet's ambitious and risky strategy of turnwere taken in early 1985, when he announced a 21 per week in August this same profits last Wednesday. At Southerns - could do no wrong in See 56.46m, taxable profits were greater than those made during the whole of 1984, evidence of the undenlable success of Magnet's reorientation as a retailer.

Frist steps in this direction were taken in early 1985, when he announced a 21 per week in August this year, Magnet & Profits last Wednesday. At Southerns - could do no wrong in See 46m, taxable profits were greater than those made during the whole of 1984, evidence of the undenlable success of Magnet's reorientation as a retailer.

Frist steps in this direction were taken in early 1985, when

than a supplier to the building gle, Mr Duxbury won the mantrade appeared to have paid off, agement ascendancy.

Formed in 1975 as a result of a profits growth. But however well-founded the basic strategy, Duxbury's family business, and by this summer the company. Southerns Evans, Magnet and Southerns Evans, Magnet and Southerns Evans. was finding that its sales projec-tions were unduly optimistic

least of them the market crash, same time, Magnet embarked on have not helped "sentiment", a massive programme of converthat intangible arbiter of a share ing its depots to make them price. Early this month, it more accessible to the retail cusemerged that West Yorkshire tomer. Traditionally, they were

C. CREDIT LYONNAIS

U.S.\$ 300,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1995

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes notice is hereby given that for the interest period from November 30, 1987 to May 30, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 714/s% p.a.

& National Westminster Bank PLC

(Incorporated in England with limited liability)

Issue of U.S.\$ 500,000,000 PRIMARY CAPITAL FRNs (Series "C")

(Floating Rate Notes)

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given, that for the three months interest period from November 30, 1987 to February 29, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 794% per armum.

The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, February 29, 1988 against Coupon No.9 will amount to U.S.\$192.74 for Notes of U.S.\$10,000 nominal and U.S.\$1,927.43 for Notes of U.S.\$100,000 nominal.

or purchase, any securities.

Rowe & Pitman Ltd.

1 Finsbury Avenue,

London EC2M 2PA

KREDIETBANK

S.A. LUNI MBOURGEOISE

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of

The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for

MINORCO

Issued and fully paid - 170,312,074 Ordinary Shares of US\$1.40 each

. The Council of The Stock Exchange has agreed to admit to the Official List

the whole of the issued ordinary share capital by way of introduction.

Listing particulars relating to Minorco are available from the statistical

services of Extel. Copies of the listing particulars may be obtained during

usual business hours up to and including 2nd December, 1987 from the

Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton

Street, London EC2P 2BT and on any weekday (Saturdays and public

Hill Samuel Registrars Limited,

30th November, 1987

6 Greencoat Place,

London SW1P 1PL

holidays excepted) up to and including 14th December, 1987 from:

Authorised - 189,435,674 Ordinary Shares of US\$1.40 each

(Incorporated as a société anonyme in Luxembourg)

est payable on the relevant interest payment date. May 30, 1988 against coupon n°10 will be U.S.\$397.14 per Note.

> The Fiscal Agent KREDIETBANK

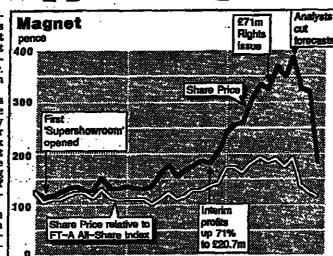
S A LUXEMBOURGEOISE

Friday.

was finding that its sales projec. Southerns still supported two tions were unduly optimistic distinct company cultures, two and trading began suffering as management structures, two a result.

The companies of the problems and a leading back-seat role, Mr Duxbury analyst at one of the company's changed all that when he took brokers remained enthusiastic control and began to turn the until, that is, he paid a visit to company's back on its traditional Magnet's headquarters in York continues here in the company's

f 406p. builders, plumbers and develop-Further developments, not ers stayed away in droves. At the



untidily stuffed full of supplies much as to deter the masses such as windows and doors with no room for even a basic display

of products.
At first, not unexpectedly, At first, not inexpectedly, demand faltered, margins tumbled and profits for 1985-86 fell. But in time, the formula proved staggeringly successful. A simple refurbishment of a depot, costing perhaps £50,000, brought about an immediate 60 to 70 per cent incress-in sales.

until, that is, he paid a visit to Magnet's headquarters in York-tustomer base in the construction industry to embrace instead an immediate 60 to 70 per cent ately, he sharply downgraded his the general public the DIY the DIY and the surprofits forecast for 1987-88.

After he made a call to his builder.

After he made a call to his builder.

After he made a call to his builder.

It was a radical step which the interim stage a year ago, followe, news of this leaked out and Magnet's shares collapsed. They discounts were abolished as its ahead by more than two-fell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday, part of a move designed to stimulation of the surprise hike at the interim stage a year ago, followed in June with pre-tax profell by 16½ per cent on Monday.

Tights issue through the issue of convertible preference shares.

Although Magnet is refuctant to disclose the break-down of its profits, the growth was powered by sales of kitchens and kitchen units. Analysts credit the company with pitching its product at exactly the right level of the market, more expensive than market, more expensive than citchens sold by MFl, but not so

retailing margins. The next step - as reflected in the redundancies is to cut back manufacturing The saga hardly reflects wel

by savage discounting in the depots; the result was unusually

high turnover and very low

on the company's foresight, but contrary to the impression given by the share price, the effect on Magnet's business has not been calamitious and analysts still expect a respectable increase in pre-tax profits to \$52m or so this

Nor has it dented manage ment's confidence in the wisdom of its strategy and Magnet's expansion plans continue apace it plans to convert a further 70 depots by April next year, bring-ing the total refurbished so far to

Capital expenditure on conver sion will in this financial year amount to \$42m; this will come from borrowings as the proceeds of the rights issue have already

een spent. Magnet's staff clearly suffer from a morale problem, particu-larly those in manufacturing who may lose their jobs, but also those in some depots who must still be wondering whether they should be selling to the trade or the public Furthermore, trading prospects must be clouded by macro-worries about consume spending - more specifically by competition from MFI which is likely to move upmarket follow-ing its management buyout and the acquisition of Hygena.

Circumstances conspired to leave Magnet seriously over-stocked by June: for a variety of reasons, supply from the facto-ries far outstripped demand in than as a glamourous niche reasons, supply from the facto-ries far outstripped demand in the depots. Sales faltered ahead retailer. Ironically, they were on the most favourable rating in the of the election, and the company found it difficult to get planning permission for large mega-showsummer - at the point of the company's greatest commercial rooms" which were supposed to difficulty.

TODAY

Eurotunnel issue hangs on French response

Eurotunnel, Anglo-French company building the Channel Tun-nel, is today expected to reveal whether it has found willing buyers for the whole of its \$770m share issue. The UK offering of 101m Eurotunnel units (each com-prising one UK and one French share) is almost cur-tainly undersubscribed. Only 100,000 to 150,000 applications were received and the average size of application is believed to have fallen well below the

The French advisers are said to be more optimistic about the response in France. But because the shares there have been dis-tributed through hundreds of High Street banks, the figures have not yet been collated.

If the French offer is expansionally the expense

expected level of 1,000

oversubscribed, the excess demand will be used to mop up the unwanted stock in the UK

the UK

A redistribution along these lines would help support the price when dealings in the units begin on Thursday December 10. However, it would also bring renewed accusations of British apathy towards the project and increase the likelihood of it being seen as French dominated.

Beaverco/Toothill

Beavereo, plastic foam and sofa bed maker, has increased its stake in Toothill by 5,000 shares to 12.93 per cent. Toothill, which manufactures furni which manufactures furniture, reported only a mod-est rise in pre-tax profits to £329,219 for the year to March 31, 1987.

FT Share Service

The following securities were added to the Share information Service in Saturday's paper:

DEX Inc. (Section: Mines-Miscellaneous); MI. Laboratories
(Third Market); Propeller
(Third Market). because of the need for addi-tional working capital, but it is intended to pay a final (last year

Duc 8 Dec 6 Dec 5 Dec 8 Dec 8

Die 4 Dec 7 Dec 4 Dec 2 Dec 8 Dec 14 Dec 8

Dec 7 Dec 7

Feb 3 Dec 15

BOARD MEETINGS

Notice of Early Redemption

Bankers Trust Overseas Finance N.V.

U.S. \$200,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate

Subordinated Notes due 1994

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bankers Trust Overseas Finance

MK rejects RTZ bid arguments

ALL HOPES of agreement between MK Electric and BTZ, which last week launched an that the document did nothing which last week launched an unwelcome \$206.5m cash offer for the electrical accessories and

on Saturday.

The document offers criticism

to persuade him that he should recommend the offer to MK doorbell manufacturer, disap- shareholders. It provides no evipeared yesterday as MK's man-agement expressed its desire to Pillar and MK; the price totally keep the company independent undervalues the business. Neiafter rejecting the arguments put their cash nor their marketforward in RTZ's offer docuing expertise would benefit us at
all - we wish to remain indepen-MK's shares ended the week at

of MK's profits and share price 289p, 49p above the value of record in recent years and argues RTZ's offer. Mauers were complituat the company would find it cated when a French electrical difficult to grow beyond the company. Legrand, emerged as a present year without access to holder of 2.6 per cent of MK's shares.

Saatchi may consider going private By Richard Tomkins

tising group whose shares have taken a severe battering recently, said yesterday it might consider going private if its price

fell any lower. Mr Victor Millar, chief execu-tive, told Channel 4's Business Programme that it was Saatchi's intention to remain a publicly quoted company because of the access this gave it to equity

"Having said that, if there is a drop significantly from this point, certainly buying the company back would have to be one of the areas that would be considered." Saatchi's shares were at 384p on Friday against a year's peak of 1199p (adjusted).

Storehouse in £10m talks for Blazer By Richard Tomkins

Storehouse, the retailing group fighting a hostile bid from Benlox, is negotiating the purchase of Blazer, a privately-owned men's fashion retailer, for

ammid \$10m. Blazer has six menswear shops, one of them in Guildford shops, one of them in Guidiora and the other five in fashionable shopping areas of London. It had planned to come to the Unlisted Securities Market in October, but postponed the flotation because of the stock market crash.

Storehouse considers that the purchase of Blazer would complement Richard Shops, its niche womenswear retailing chain. It is believed to be negotiating a deal involving an initial payment fol-lowed by further amounts dependent on performance.

Option on Ecobric stake

Prechold Trading, Jersey-ased investment group, has vately owned property and hou-een granted an option over the take held by Marier Estates, through and Ecobric shares

Freehold Trading, Jersey-based investment group, has been granted an option over the stake held by Marier Estates, property company and owner of Chelsea and Fulham football grounds, in Ecobric Holdings, USM-quoted demolition group.

Freehold advanced the \$875,000 with which Marier bought 17.5m Ecobric shares, a holding at \$14m). If the bid does not proceed, Marier stands to make a profit of \$2.15m at no risk to itself.

The option also covers Marier's right to subscribe for an additional 2.6m shares. It is condition agreement had been tional on the reverse takeover of planned since April.

DFC Overseas Investments Limited Cayman Islands Branch U.S. \$100,000,000

Guaranteed Undated Primary Capital Floating Kate Notes

Development Finance Corporation of New Zealand



Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7-8125% p.a. and, that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date. May 31, 1988 against Coupon No. 4 in respect of U.S.\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$397.14 and in respect of U.S.\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$9,928-39.

November 30, 1987, London By: Cicibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank



Bank of Tokyo (Curação) Holding N.V.'-£30,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1990 unconditionally guaranteed by

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the three months period 26th November, 1987 to 26th February, 1988, has been fixed at 9½ per cent. per annum. Coupon No. 17 will therefore be payable on 26th February, 1988 at £1.154.71 per coupon from Notes of £50,000 nominal and £115.47 per coupon from Notes of £50,000 nominal.

... S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

KLEINWORT BENSON LONSDALE DIC

US \$100 million **Primary Capital Undated Floating Rate Notes**

US \$125 million

Primary Capital Undated Floating Rate Notes (Series Two) For the interest period 30th November 1987 to 31st May 1988, all the above Notes will carry a Rate of Interest of 715/10 per cent. per

annum with a Coupon Amount of US \$403,49, CHEMICAL BANK INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Agent Bank

CITICORPS U.S. \$350,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due November 27, 2035 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been foxed at 7.0375% in respect of the Original Notes and 7.125% in respect of the Original Notes and 7.125% in respect of the Enhancement Notes, and that the interest poyable on the relevant Interest Poyment Date December 31, 1987 against Coupon No. 25 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$60.60 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$60.60 in respect of the Original Notes and US\$61.35 in respect of the Enhancement Notes. November 30, 1987, Landon By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

A.F. Bulgin, maker of electrical and electronic components, better trading conditions in the lifted its sales by 18 per cent to electronics industry. Expansion cent to \$291,000.

The company was helped by hit by escalating costs; but a reorganisation stemmed that and the company was trading profitably.

Earnings in the half year came ably.

Earnings in the half year came Barking to Broxbourne, and the cost affected the result. to 0.48p (0.38p) per share. There will not be an interim dividend

Bulgin headway in first half

who were prepared to pay more for a recognisably superior prod-

grated and manufactures some 70 per cent of the products sold through its depots. While exper-iencing an explosion in sales ear-lier this year, lower retailing

margins were more than offset by better manufacturing margins

as the company's factories thun-dered out flat-pack kitchen units

at optimum productivity.

Magnet fell into the trap of gearing up production in antici-pation of yet further increases in

demand and analysts fell into the trap of assuming profits

growth to match, forecasting \$70m for the current year.

But exceptional costs this time were up to \$80,000, against \$25,000, so the pre-tax profit for the half year ended July 31 1967 results, exports being particularly good. Cirkit Holdings was \$211,000.

cuts losses

Alpine Drinks

Reduced pre-tax losses of \$134,000 were announced by Alpine Soft Drinks for the six months to September 26 1987, compared with \$211,000 previ-ously. The improvement was ed on a lower turnover of

There was again no tax paid, and tosses per 10p share amounted to 1.13p (2.05p).

The board of directors was reconstituted in August and a cash subscription of \$2.14m made, primarily by Pedigree Group. At September 26 the company had cash resources of about \$2.9m.

The new directors said they intended to develop and expand the group's business into a broader range of consumer products through acquisition and product accounts.

roduct growth. They were aware that the unsatisfactory performance in soft drinks in recent years had to be halted and were taking action to redress the situation. That to redress the situation. That involved a rationalisation pro-gramme, they said, which would incur significant extraordinary costs during the current 12-month period.

Delaney in £4.6m deal

Delaney, the acquisitive Birsed furniture manutract markets, is to buy Christie's, a manufacturer and distributer of fitted bedroom furniture, for \$4.6m. It is Delaney's

year.

Delaney supplies reproduction furniture to the retail trade and to contract markets such as pubs and clubs. It is a bar and shop fitter and hotel refurbisher. The contract market accounts for 66 per cent of its sales, and retail the remainder.

> U.S. \$60,000,000 Caixa Geral de Depósitos

ordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for he six months 30th November, 1987 to 31st May, 1988 has been

U.S. \$500,000.000 Floating Rate Notes due 2005

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from November 30, 1987, to December 31, 1987, the Notes with the Notes carry an interest rate of 7% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, December 31, 1987, will be U.S. \$60.28 per U.S. \$10,000 nominal amount in Bearer (Cou-pon No. 27) or Registered form and U.S. \$1,506.94 per U.S. \$250,000 denomination in Bearer form (Coupon No. 27).

By: The Change Monthalton Bank, N.A. Localett, Agent Bank

facturer to the retail and conseventh, and by far its largest acquisition in the last 12 months. Delaney is to pay with 2.54m new ordinary shares and 2m new

5.8 per cent convertible redeem able preference shares of £1.
Christle's has grown substantially in the past two years, employing 140 now, compared with 49 in 1935. Pre-tax profits have grown from £71,000 that year to £215,000 last year and reached £522,000 for the 9 months to September 30 this year.

> **Floating Rate Deposit Notes 1994**

fixed at 711/16 per cent per annum and that the coupon amount payable on 31st May, 1988 will be U.S. \$397-14 per Note of U.S. \$10,000 and U.S. \$3,971-35



The Republic of Italy

November 30, 1987

N.V. will redeem all the outstanding Notes at their principal amount on the next interest payment date, 30th December 1987, when interest on the Notes will cease to accrue.

Repayment of principal will be made upon presentation and surrender of the Notes, with all unmatured coupons attached, at the offices of any of the Posting A court manifest of the Notes. offices of any of the Paying Agents mentioned thereon.

Accrued interest due 30th December, 1987 will be paid in the normal nanner on or after that date against presentation of Coupon No 21. 30th November, 1987 By: Bankers Trust Oversess Finance N.V.

British Empire Securities & General Trust pic Highlights of year ended 30th September 1987

> Growth in net assets (12 months) 57-3 per cent (from £53-7m to £84-5m)

117 per cent (Financial Times All Share Index 93 per cent) British Empire is managed by

Growth in net asset value per share (2 years).

LAURINGOD LIMITED

Bank of Tokyo (Curação) Holding N.V. U.S.\$100,000,000 GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1997



The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. (Kabushiki Kaisha Tokyo Ginko)

(National National Policy Clinico)
In accordance with the provisions of the Agent Bank Agreement between Bank of Tokyo (Curação) Holding N.V., The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd., and Cubark, N.A., dated November 27, 1985, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been flored at 77625% p.a. and that the Interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, February 29, 1988, against Coupon No. 9 will be U.S.\$196-22.

Payment of the principal of, and interest on, the Notes is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

November 30, 1987, London By: Claibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

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FINANCIAL TIMES,
10 CANNON STREET,
LONDON EC4P 4BY

Tomes Marie South Financial Times Monday November 30 1987 **DIARY DATES Business and Management Conferences** PARLIAMENT Property Services Agency (Room 16, 4.15 pm). Joint committee. Private bill procedure (Room 3a, 5 pm). The Henley Centre: The UK economy - the next five years (01-353 9961) Cavendish Conference Centre, London WEDNESDAY TODAY Centre Point, London, WC1 TOMORROW. IBC: Recent developments in EEC competition law (01-236 December 3-4 Financial Times / British Venture Capital Association: Venture capital financial forum (01- 925 Commons: Opposition debate on the burden imposed on the real economy by Government poli-cies, followed by debate on pro-tecting lives at work and in the community. Debate on the sec-Commons: Housing Bill, second Commons: Education Reform reading Bill, second reading Lords: Lerwick Harbour Order Lords: Criminal Justice Bill, London Press Centre,EC4 December 1 Confirmation Bill, third reading Coroner's Bill, committee. Copy-right, Designs and Patents Bill, third reading. Farmland and Rural Development Bill, commit-THURSDAY November 24 National Economic Development Hotel Inter-Continental, WI The Institute of Taxation: Tax Office - Consumer Electroniucs Commons: Debate on outstanding reports from the Public Accounts Committee. planning for individuals and trusts (01-235 9381) December 8-4 EDC: Automating the committee. Motion on the Mer-chant Shipping (Passenger Ship Construction) Regulations, 1987. Select committees. Public Institute of Directors: Fighting tion and appointment of Com-mons select committees. home......now and tomorrow (0273 722687) Royal Garden Hotel, London December 1-2 off the predators - or becoming one yourself (01-839 1233) 116, Pall Mall, London Select committees. Dartford-RAF Club, Piccadilly W1 Thurrock Crossing Bill. (Room 5, 10.30 am). Lords: Copyright, Designs and Patents Bill, committee. Air Nav-igation (Noise Certification) Lords: Debate on the world Leasing Digest Conferences: Looking forward with hindsight, (01-236 3288) 10.30 am). Buropean legislation. The Copenhagen package. Witnesses: Mr Peter Brooke and Treasury officials. (Room 16, 3 pm). Parliamentary Commissioner for Adminstration. Reports of the Health Service Commissioner for 1988-87. Witnesses: Bradford Family Practitioner Committee; Oxfordshire Regional Health Authority (Room 6, 4.30 pm). Select committees. Public Accounts. Subject: National Audit Office, estimates and corporate plan; Northern Ireland Audit Office Estimate. Witnesses: Sir Gordon Downey, Mr L.V. Calvert. (Room 16, 445pm). European legislation. The Copenhagen package. Witnesses. Mr John MacGregor MP and Ministry of Agriculture officials. (Room 15, 5pm). economy and its effects on the UK. Financial Times: World Telecom-munications (01-925 2323). Hotel Inter-Continental, Lon-December 7 CBI Conferences: Winning partnerships - success through academic/industry collaboration (01-379 7400) Centre Point, London WC1 December 7-8 Select committees. Dartford-Thurrock Crossing Bill (Room 5, 10.30 am). Public Accounts: The torpedo programme and design and procurement of warships; control and management of the Trident programme. Witnesses: Mr Peter Levene, Ministry of Defence, and Sir Gordon Manzie, Order, motion for approval. Grosvenor House Hotel, London Wi Select committee: Dartford November 26-27 Thurrock Crossing Bill (Room 5 Central Computer and Telecom-munications Agency, HM Trea-sury: European conference on the use of knowledge-based and 10.20 am). Waters Information Services: Technology issues in 24-hour trading (NY 607-772 8086) Hotel Parker Meridian, New The Royal Institute of Interna-tional Affairs: Energy 1987 - The-new market equilibrium? (01-930 FRIDAY. Commons: Private members expert systems in government (01-868 4466) Gatwick Hilton Hotel York City, 22 Storehous The Watt Committee on Energy: Renewable energy sources (01379 6875) The Eoyal Institution of of the above events is advised Great Britain, London W1 December 3 CBI Conferences: Financial SerCBI Conferences: Financia 10, St James Square,Londo November 27 The Textile Institute: Protecting in £10mk and exploiting creative ideas in the textile industry - conference and seminar (061-835 3087) Notice of Partial Redemption to the holders of Boliday Inn Crowne Plaza Midland Hotel, Manchester. Compagnie des Bauxites de Guinee Trade Fairs and Exhibitions: UK Current International Building and Construction Exhibition (01-485 1951)(until November 28) NEC, Birmingham December 3-6 culture Machinery Exhibition Retirement Exhibition-RETIRE. (01-235 0315) MENT (01-387 7878) Earls Court The Barbican Centre December 3-11 U.S. \$30,000,000 8% Guaranteed Bonds Due 1990 December 5-9 Telecommunications in the 90s Exhibition - TMA 20 Metropolitan Exhibition Hall Brighton Product and Manufacturing Technology Exhibition and Con-ference - AUTOTECH (021-780) International Trade and Services NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Section 5.01 of the Indenture dated December 31, 1972, the Company will redeem Exhibition and Conference -EXPORT (01-727 1929) U.S. \$3,000,000 principal amount of the 8% Guaranteed Bonds due 1990 at 100% of the principal amount (the "Redemption ess Design Centre,Lon-Price") on December 31, 1987 (the "Sinking Fund Redemption Date") when interest on the Bonds will cease to accrue. December 1-5 don World Travel Market Exhibition December 18-19 Serial numbers of the Bonds called for the Sinking Fund Redemption are as follows: Cash and Carry Fashion Fair December 7-10 Royal Smithfield Show & Agri-(01-940 6055) Overseas Exhibitions December 2-5 International Safety and Security Fair-FISP (01-499 0877) Sac Paulo November 24-27 December 9-15 Optics and Glass Exhibition (01-439 4452) World of Concrete Europe Exhibition (0923 778311) November 20-20 North European Electronics, Electrical Engineering and Power Transmission Exhibition -ELECTROTEC (0202 687070) Hamburg December 10-15 December 3-6 World Print Exhibition and Con-Heating, Refrigerating and Air conditioning Exhibition-INTER-CLIMA (01-225 5566) World Print Exhibition gress-WPE (01-940 3777) Hong Kong **FINANCIAL**

for Blazer

Section Section 25

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Do. 84% Red. Deb. 3.25pc
Whitereed Sirk Red. Deb. 87/82 3.125pc
Do. 55% Red. Deb. 88/87 3.25pc
Whitereed Sirk Red. Deb. 88/87 3.25pc
Do. 55% Red. Deb. 88/87 3.25pc
WEINESDAY DECEMBER 2
COMPANY MESTRIGSAllied London, The Irre on The Park, Hamilton Place, Park Lane, W., 12.00
Seazer (C.H.), The Guildhall, Bath, 12.00
Medminister, 3 Whitehall Court, S.W., 11.30
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Alwaen (Christen)
AMDENO & INTEREST PAYMENTSAS Electronic 10.5p
Angic American Inv. 93.68515p
BAT Ind. 1214% Una. Ln. 03/05 6.125pc
Do. Fitz. Rate Cap. Nas. 86/90 4.6083pc
Clayform Props. 2.8p Continental & Ind. 59% Ptd. 1,925p Do. 51% Red. Deb. 33/88 2.75pc Cropper (J.) 9% Uns. Ln. 94/89 4.5pc Deseco: Ind. 7% Deb. 85/90 3.5pc Do. 74% Deb. 85/90 3.75pc Do. 10% Deb. 85/90 3.75pc Durstop Plants. 8% Prf. 2.1p Durstop Plants. 8% Prf. 2.1p Durston Grp. 12% Cnw. Red. Prf. 97/02 8p Endle Hidgs. 0.75p Bed. & Gen. 10% Deb. 2011 6.375pc Fundiness 8.18p Gesptiers 10% Cm. timic of Montreal 16%% Daba, 1991 8.125pc Blanchards 2.65p Brailweste Cru. Prf. 3.164p CNA Gato 5% Prf. Sots. Canning (W.) 1.3p Castet (S.) 1.6p Case Allen 5% Prf. Sots. Lackroke 5% Ged. Une. Li Scott & Robertson 1p TSW 1.87p Third Mile inv. 1.25p THURSDAY DEC COLPANY MEETINGS Presso, The Post Hous Eact, & Gen. 101/% Dath, 2011 5.375po Fundiness 5.15p Gastetner 10% Cnv. Una, Ln. 90/95 5pc Gaschand Print 7% Cnv. Red. Pri. 3.5p Gt. Am. First Sygs. Sk. 15css, Greene King & Sona 6k% Lins. Ln. 88/93 Hanson Trus RIMP Tate & Lyte Tunatus Hill Samuel Perp. Fag. Rate Nts. \$401.48 Hollis 1p Home Bros. 7%4, Uns. Ln. \$5,2000 3.875pc Hydro-Cueboo 16% Ln. 2017 7.5pc Imp. Chem. 7%4, Uns. Ln. 88,971 3.975pc Invitos Gilt Ino. Pig. Rad. Prl. 30p Invitos Gilt Ino. Pig. Rad. Prl. 30p Invitos Gilt Ino. Pig. Rad. Prl. 30p Invitos Gilt Ino. Pig. Rad. Prl. 275p Jove Inv. Inc. 2.847p Kleitworf, Benson Gilt Fd. Pig. Rad. Prl. 23,43p Konse Exchange Bis. Fig. Rate Nis. 1894 Db. 75% Lins. Lh. Sque 3.7apa Sinh 20. Flerning Mercantile 44% Perp. Deb. 2.12 Ford Motor 100cbs. Forsign & Col. 44% Perp. Deb. 2.12Spc Do. 74% Deb. 82/87 2.12Spc Do. 74% Deb. 88/94 3.82Spc Fulltar V Fuller, Smith & Turner 74% 1et Mg. I 85/88 3.82Spc Garrion Erg. 1.2Sp Gentrence NV 11.48% A Prl. 1.487Sp Gentrence NV 11.48% Lb. 2007 (R 5.74Spc Do. 11.48% Ln. 2007 (Br.) 8.74Spc Gover Atlantic 5% Prl. 1.7Sp Do. 44% Prl. 1.87Sp Investments NV Ghd. Fig. Nts. Nov. 1986 \$39.83 London & European 10'4% Uns. Ln 1983 5.25pc McCorpusdale 64% Uns. Ln. 90/85 3.125pc Do. 11-46% Ln. 2007 (Br.) 5.746pe Govett Atlantic 5% Prf. 1.75p Do. 55% Prf. 1.825p Do. 55% Prf. 1.75p Do. 5% Prf. 1.75p Hambros Inv. Tet. 35% Prf. 1.225p Harris (P.) 775% Prf. 2.825p Do. 5% Prf. 2.8p Horris (P.) 775% Prf. 2.45p ESM Corps. 11% No. 1/12/89 5.5pc Ulm. 15cts. Singworth Morris 7% Prf. 1.225p Ingaraol-Rand 20cts. Inc. Irop. 20cts. McCorquedale 614% Une. Ln. 90/85 8.125pc Do. 81/16 Une. Ln. 94/89 4.25pc Mencora Ind. 10% Cnv. Sec. Ln. 1989 Spc. Mencora I. M. 1.8p 14% Sub. Una. Ln. 02/07 7pc Netherd 14% Sub. Ures. Ln. 02/07 7pc
Nataterin Grp. 1p
NCR Gtd. 4% Gtd. Ln. 93/98 2pc
Do. 91/16 Gtd. Ln. 93/98 425pc
Ntl. Gtd. 4% Gtd. Ln. 93/98 425pc
Ntl. West. Prim. Cap. (8er. C) \$188.04
Ntl. Keiguri A9,007
Northern Foods 7k% Deb. 85/90 3.625pc
OEE (18/0 9% Crw. Lns. Ln. 37/92 4.5po
O.K. Bazzarra 9% 2nd Pri. 6cts.
Ogling Group 21cts.
Ossory Estense 0.1p
Oeternschische Landerback AG Fig. Rate
Sub. Net 1984 \$200.74
Parings Mng. & Exp. A90.1
Patterson Zoch. 7k/% Pri. 3.75p
Do. 18% Pri. 5pc
Peal Holgs. 5k% One. NV Pri. 2.91p
Pauspeot 7sibot 7sib. Crv. Lns. Ln. 73/98 2.25pc
Radames 0.5o
Radaugh 11% 1st Mg. Deb. 2014 5.5pc
Rusterburg Pat. 90cts.
Rutterd 7sil. Fig. Rate Ure. Ln. Nts. 87/88
1.25pc
Sansbury (J.) 64% 1st Mns. Deb. Sanse Ciridees Metropolitin 11.8% 5.8pc Kleinwort Charter 8% Prf. 1.7\$p Lamont Hidgs. 2p 5.3po

Noinwort Charter 816 Prf. 1.78p

Lamont Hidgs. 2p

Law Deberburs 41:4% Perp. Deb. 2.25pc

Lev Valley Wrv. 3.5% 1.75p

Do. 2.5% 1.4p

Do. 2.5% 1.4p

Louis (J.) 5% Prf. 1.75p

Do. 71:1% Prf. 1.75p

Do. 5% Prf. 1.75p

Do. 5% Prf. 1.75p

Lombard Nth. Cantral 6% Prf. 2.1p

Do. 5% Prf. 1.75p

Lombard Nth. Cantral 6% Prf. 2.1p

Do. 5% Prf. 1.75p

London County 21:1% Cons. 1820 1.25pc

M. 4 G Ind. Inc. 1.2p

Matter Indianaya 31:1% Deb. 28/88 1.75pc

Metal Sox 2.5% Red. Prf. 1.4p

Monsanto 5% Ged. Lr. 1.2p

Monsanto 5% Ged. Lr. 1.2p

Murray Income Tet. 6% Deb. 28/88 3pc

Murray Smaller Mids. 4.1% Prf. 2.08p

Chizrio & Caubier Railway 5% Perm. Di

2.5pc

Do. 1% Cap. 3pc

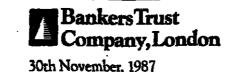
Portsmouth Wrr. 3.5% 1.76p

RMC 3.5p

RMC 3.5p Interhest
London & Oversess
Merrydown Wise
Priest Mariana
Rolls & Notian
DIVIDIEND & INTEREST
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Repayment of the principal amount will be made against presentation and surrender of the bonds with all coupons appertaining thereto after the date fixed for redemption, at the offices of any one of the following paying agents, 1) The Corporate Trust Office of Bankers Trust Company in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, 2) Bankers Trust Company, in London, 3) Bankers Trust Company, in Paris, 4) Banque Générale du Luxembourg, in Luxembourg, 5) Swiss Bank Corporation, in Basle, 6) Banque Indosuez Belgique, in Brussels, 7) Deutsche Unionbank, in Frankfurt/Main, 8) Banca Commerciale Italiana, in Milan and 9) Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank, in Amsterdam.

Accrued Interest due on December 31, 1987 will be made in the normal manner against presentation of Coupon No. 15, on the next payment date, being December 31, 1987.



\$380.78 Lilieshall 0.75p Meggitt 0.75p Miller (Stanley) 0.5p New Zeeland Fits, 7 Plumb Hidge, 1.25p Pressac 2.275p St Ives 4a

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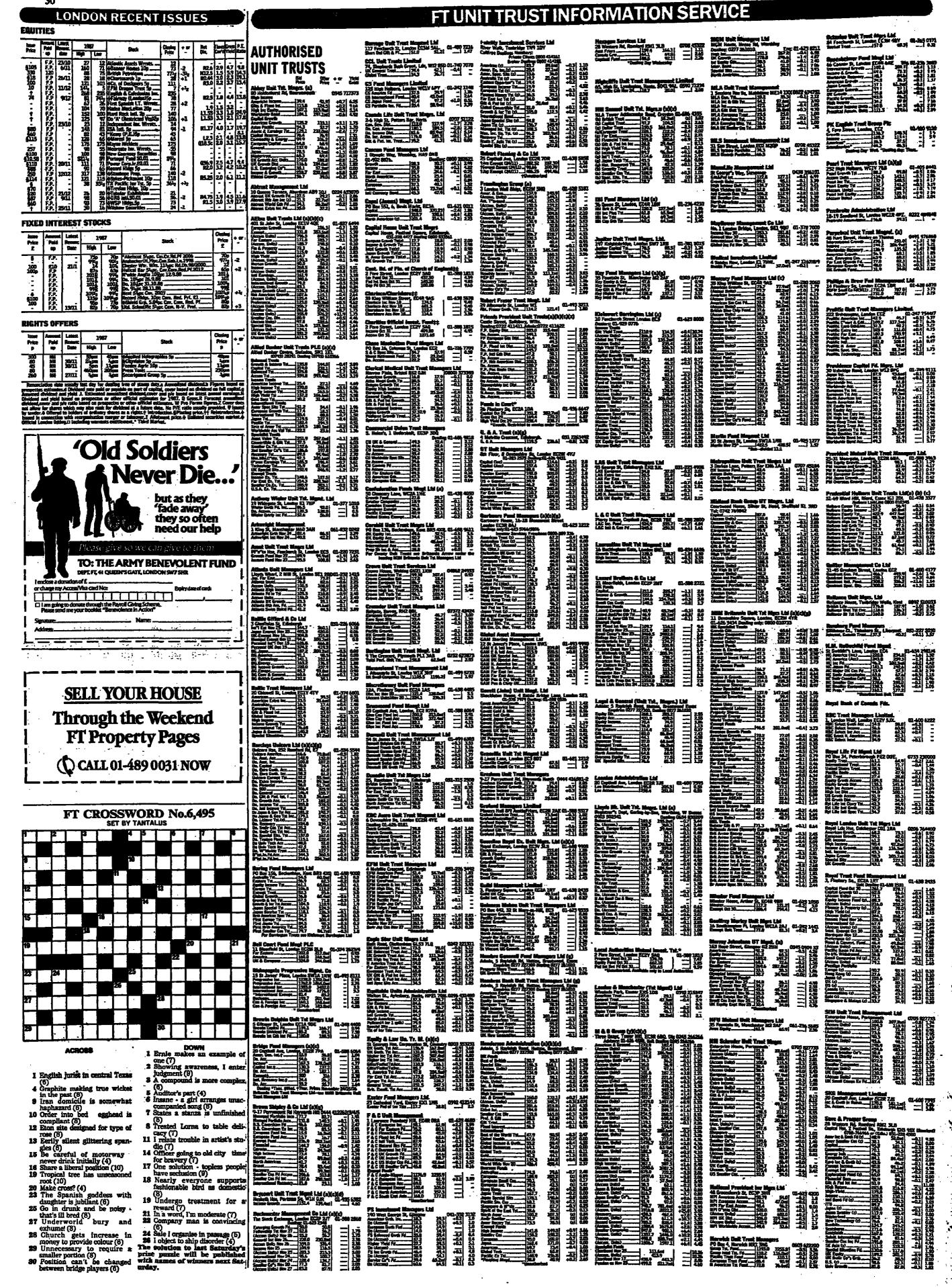
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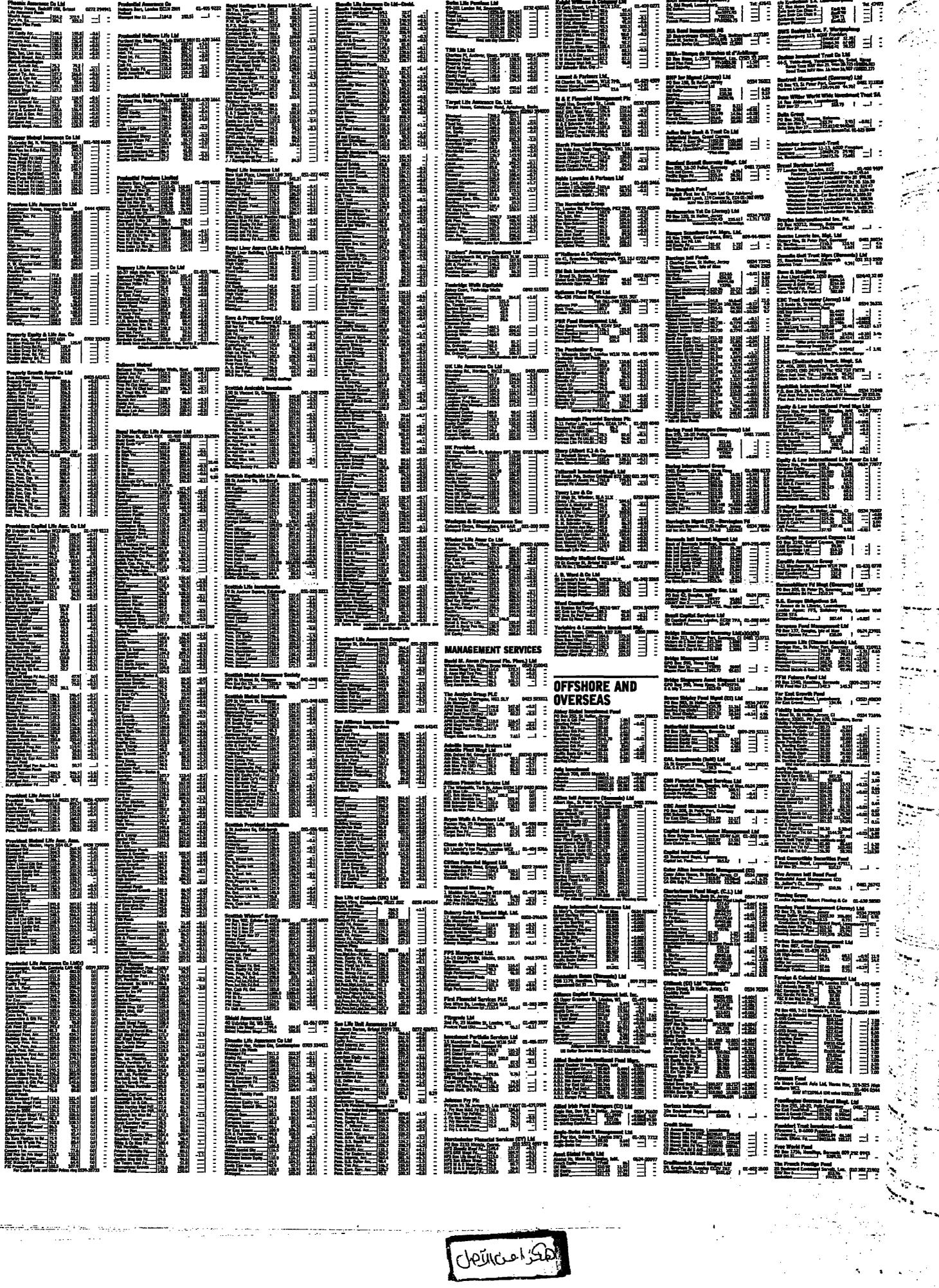
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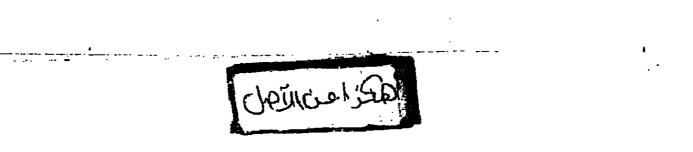
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Section 14

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Financial Times Monday November 30 1987 33 **BRITISH FUNDS** Price Last Walt 91254 914 91250 889 98258 693 12 19 934 27 14 911 27 258 900 | Five Years|
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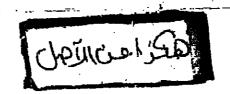
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GRANVILLE

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Capitalianios			Change	Gross	Yield			
edoo's	Conpany	Price	on wick	dy (p)	*	P/E		
6858	Ass. Brit. lad. Ord	202	+2	8.9	44	7.6		
_	Ass. Brk. Ind. CULS	207	+2	30.0	4.8	-		
800	Armitage and Rhodes	32	0	42	131	45 -		
4968	588 Design Group (USM)	60	+1	2.1	3.4	9.6		
102452	Bardos Grosp	157	-5	2.7	1.7	25.8		
8679	Bray Technologies	350	-8	4.7	31	12.0		
938	CCL Group Ordinary	268	0	11.5	4.3	6.9		
1688	CCL Group 11% Conv Pref	135	0	15.7	11.6	-		
18342	Carborosides Ord	144m	-5	5.4		12.5		
728	Carborandon 7.5% Pref	104	9	10.7	10.3	•		
2676	George Blair	145	-5	3.7	26	3.7		
6453	isis Group	81	-4	-	-	-		
9574	Jackson Group	90m2	-5	3.4	3.8	9.9		
26512	Multibouse N.V.(AustSE)	340	+20		-	135		
16250	Record Holdings (SE)	65	-2	0.1	_	13.1		
2916	Record Hidgs 10% Prf (SE)	108	-7	14.1	137	-		
592	Robert Jeskins	58	-1	-	-	26		
5 98 0	Scruttory	12 4 585	D	55	4.4	4.9		
5796	Torday & Carlisio	204	-4	6.6	3.2			
3055	Trestan Holdings (USM)	71	+1	0.8	11	65		
10000	Unifock Holdleys (SE)	50	-3	2.8	56	9.2		
45350	Walter Alexander (SE)	165	0	5.9	3.6	12.2		
4734	W. S. Yeates	202	+2	17.4	8.6	20.2		
4240	West Yorks Ind.Hosp (USM)	120	-5	55	4.6	12. 7		
	Securities designated CSE) and (USAN) are desit in subject to the rules and regulations of The Stock Exchange. Other securities listed above are dealt in subject to the rules of FINIBRA,							

Granville & Company Limited 8 Lovat Lane, London EC3R 8BP Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of FIMBRA

8 Lovat Lane, London EC3R SEP

First Chicago Overseas Finance N.V.

G

U.S. \$100,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1994

For the three months 27th November, 1987 to 29th February, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 711/6% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$200.73. The relevant interest payment date will be 29th February, 1988.

Listed on the London Stock Exchange

Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank



THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK

£100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1998

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes and the Agent Bank Agreement between The Kingdom of Denmark and Citibank, N.A., dated 22 November, 1983, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 9.1875% pa and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, February 29, 1988, against Coupon No. 17 will be £1,179.82.

November 30, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A., (CSSI Dept.), Fiscal Agent CITIBANC

CITICORPS

U.S. \$500,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes

Due October 25, 2005

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.0375% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date December 31, 1987 against Coupon No. 26 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$60.60.

November 30, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank **CITIBAN(**

The Chase Manhattan Corporation

0 U.S. \$175,000,000 Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1997

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.8125% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date February 29, 1988 against Coupon No. 9 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$197.48.

November 30, 1987, Landon By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

CITICORPO U.S. \$500,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due May 29, 1998

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.6875% revious a training system than the roles of the training steel street of 1.00/376 and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date February 29, 1988 against Coupon No. 7 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$194.32 and in respect of US\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$4,858.07.

November 30, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

Beecham director of treasury

Mr Stephen Crompton has waters. He was deputy managing been appointed director of trea-director of Tilghman Wheelbra-sury at the BEECHAM GROUP. tor. Mr John Corbishley He will be joining at the end of becomes director and general the year from Unigate, where he is group treasurer. Mr Michael bilities for projects and confinance (operations) in succession to Mr Paul Flahburn, who is retired.

THE BRITISH FRANCHISE secretary. He was finance man-ASSOCIATION has appointed Mr ager.

Tony Dutfield, who has been

HOSKYNS GROUP has appointed Mr Steve Webb as divisional director in the financial services division.

simon Engineering has appointed Mr Robin Millard as projected Mr Robin Millard as managing director of its Stoke-SYSTEMS has appointed Mr on-Trent subsidiary, Simon-Hartley, maker of specialised contachinery for the treatment of Four where he was sales and sewage and industrial waste marketing director.

and solutions.

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

The Pacific Basin, civil aviation's fastest growing air

transport arena, is the subject of the Financial Times

conference to be held in Singapore on 25 and 26 January 1988. The rapid growth in the region is already imposing strains upon the airlines, airports and the aviation infrastructure overall. It will generate a massive demand for

new aircraft and the money with which to buy them for many years to come. The aim of this '88 conference is to define thes problems and indicate possible developments

Contributors to the debate include Dr Chaong Choons

Contributors to the debate include Dr Chaong Choong Kong, Singapore Airlines, Mr Mitsunari Kawano, Japan Air Lines, Mr Frederick Bradley, Jr, Senior Vice President of Citibank NA, Mr Michael Jones, Director of the Hongkong Bank Group, Mr Horst Pohlman, Vice President of Pratt & Whitney and Mr Sydney Gillibrand, Managing Director of British Aerospace. The conference has been timed to precede the Asian Aerospace '88 Exhibition, which will be held at Singapore Changi Airport, 27-21 January

The Financial Times City Seminars have been very successful and 11, 12 & 15 February 1988 are the dates for

the sixth briefing on the changing structure of the City of London. The agenda includes discussion of the major

markets, players and developments in the business

environment. An assessment of how the City withstood the environment. An assessment of now the City with stood the storms of recent weeks will be included.

Mr Win Bishoff of Schroders returns to the platform as opening speaker and among the other contributors on this occassion are Mr John Matthews of County NatWest Ltd,

Mr Robert Guy of N M Rothschilds, Mrs Francesco, Mr Robert Guy of N M Rothschilds, Mrs Francesco, Mr Robert Guy of N M Rothschilds, Mrs Francesco, Mr Robert Guy of Morgan Guarantee Ltd, Mr John Atkin of Citibank, Mr David Suratgar of Morgan Grenfell, Mr Peter Rawlins of R W Sturge and Mr George Nissen of the Securities Association. Mr Marc Lee, Financial Times Conference Adviser, is to chair and the Rt Hon John Smith

Donaldson, formerly of ICI, are two of the non-city

speakers who will be addressing the seminar. This programme is particularly suitable for company training schemes and the Conference Organisation will be pleased to

The Financial Times sixth conference on Cable Television

and Satellite Broadcasting, to be held in London on 17 and

18 February, brings together speakers from the main European Markets to review the future of the new media at

The Rt Douglas Hurd, CBE, MP is to give the opening

address and will speak on creating a broadcasting structure for the next century. Mr Michael Checkland, Mr Anthony Simonds-Gooding, Mr Richard Dunn, M. Cyrille Du Peloux and Mr Jurgen Dotx are among the distinguished

panel of speakers who will review the changes that are

All enquiries should be addressed to:
The Financial Times Conference Organisation,
2nd Floor, 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ.
Tel: 01-925 2323 (24-hour answering service)
Telex: 27347 FT CONF G Fax: 01-925 2125

CABLE TELEVISION AND SATELLITE

a critical turning point in their development.

taking place in the whole media scene.

Opposition Treasury Spokesman and Mr J A

held at Singapore Changi Airport, 27-31 January.

THE FT CITY SEMINAR

discuss block bookings.

BROADCASTING

CIVIL AVIATION IN THE PACIFIC BASIN

processing engineers, Mr Phil McMahon has been made finance director and company

Tony Dutfield, who has been seconded to the Association from United Biscuits (UK), as its first salaried director in a full-time capacity from December 1.

HOSKYNS GROUP has appointed Mr Steve Webb as divisional becomes mane find director of the comes ma becomes managing director of Tulloch Construction and Corrie Mr Christopher Rule has been appointed company secretary of W.H.SMITH & SON (HOLD-INGS). He joined the company in 1985, and has worked in both the retail and wholesale areas of the company. He was made company secretary designate last February.

Tulloch Construction and Corrie Industrial Services. Mr Ian Beveridge, formerly chief estimator for the construction company, joins the board of Tulloch Construction. Mr Robert Hetherington is appointed to the board of Tulloch Plant and Mr Neil Cameron is promoted to the Tulloch Construction board. Tulloch Construction board.



Mr Ian Courts, who bec managing director of John Laing Developments

JOHN LAING DEVELOPMENTS has appointed Mr Ian Courts as managing director, with Mr Mark Taylor and Mr Ernest Airey as assistant managing directors. Mr Courts was assistant managing directors. Mr Courts was assistant managing directors. tant managing director. Mr Tay-lor remains finance director and Mr Airey was regional manager in Manchester.

Mr James Murray, formerly with Butterball Foods, has joined PATERSON-BRONTE as sales and marketing director.

Mr Roger Rix has been appointed chief executive of Berrows Newspaper Group and joins the board of REED REGIONAL NEWSPAPERS. He joined Berrows in 1982. Mr George Downle has been appointed chairman of the recently sequired Independent Group of Free Newspapers. He also becomes a director of Southern Counties Newspapers. He was managing director of South West Counties Newspapers. Mr Gerry Ablett, chairman and managing director of Three Counties Type-setters and Printers, has been appointed to Berrows Newspaper Group Board. Berrows newspapers publishing executives Mr Brian Devall, Mr John Hardeman, Mr Alan Josephson and Mr Roger Roach have also been appointed to the group board.

Mr Peter Yates has been appointed chief executive of SWAINS PACKAGING, part of the Jefferson Smurfit Group. He was deputy chief executive at Sanderson & Clayton.

THE BRITISH SHOE CORPORA THE BRITISH SHOE CORPORA-TION has appointed Mr Andrew Leslie and Mr Ed Spetter to the main board. Mr Leslie joins as managing director of the fash-ion sector. Mr Spetter will have responsibility for the European sector. He is managing director of BSC's Dutch companies.



Give to those who gave - please BLESMA

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WETHE LIMBLESS. LOOK TO YOU FOR HELP

We come from both world wars. We come from Korea, Karrya, Malaya, Aden, Cyprus, Uister and from the Falldands. Now, disabled, we must look to you for help. Please help by helping our Association BLESMA looks after the limbless from all the Sarvices. It helps to overcome the shock of loaing arms, or legs or an eye. And, for the saverely handicapped, it provides Residential Homes where they can live in peace and dignity.

Help the disabled by helping BLESMA. We promise you that not one panny of your donation will be wasted.



On November 17, 1987, the Board of Directors of Cellular Communications, Inc. ("CCT") declared a dividend of one Aight on each autismolog share of ICS Common Stock payable on December 7, 1987 to sheetholders of necord on that date. Each Right enables shareholders to buy one one-hundredth of one share of ICS Series A Junior Peritologing Preferred Stock, \$100 per value per share, at an exercise price per one one-hundredth share of \$80.00. The Rights will not share of \$80.00. The Rights will not share of \$80.00. The Rights will not be exerciseble, however, and no certification expressmoling the Rights will be distributed. expressing the Rights will be distributed to shareholders, until a person or group acquires 20% or more of CCFs Common Stock or majest a tender or exchange offer for 30% or more of the Common Stock, all as more hilly described in the Rights. Algorithm of persisting to the Rights. Rights will be issued in respect of all shares of Common Stock issued after December 7, 1987 but prior to the earlier of December 7, 1987 but prior to the earlier of December 7, 1987 or the date on which the Highest become exercisable. The Rights

December 7, 1997 or the date or which the Rights become exercisable. The Rights expire on December 7, 1997 and sea redeemable by CCI in certain circum-sances prior to such date for 80.05 per Right. The terms of the Rights are set forth in the Rights Agreement, a copy of which is available for inspection at CCI's principal office.

CELLILAR COMBUNICATIONS, INC. 919 Third Avenue Hear York, New York 10022 (212) 319-7014

aber 17, 1967

AMER GROUP LTD

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING

Amer Group's ordinary general meeting shall be held on Friday, 18 December 1987, starting at 2 p.m. (Finnish time), in the assembly hall C1 of the Helsinki Fair Centre at Rautatieläisenkatu 3, Itā-Pasila, 00520 Helsinki, main entrance of the Congress Hall.

The general meeting shall deal with

1 the matters specified in article 15 of the articles of association; 2 the change in the accounting period; 3 the amendments to articles 8, 12, 15 and 19 of the articles of

The amendments in substance are summarized as follows persons 64 years of age and over may not be elected to the board of directors or to the supervisory board; - the 1988 accounting period ends on 29 February 1988;

thereafter the accounting period shall commence on 1 March and end on the last day of the following February;

the time limits stipulated in articles 15 and 19 of the articles of association shall be altered in conformity with the change in the

accounting period.

Those shareholders who wish to attend the general meeting Those shareholders who wish to attend the general meeting shall notify the company to that effect not later than 15 December 1987 by telephone +358-0-7577 261 or by letter addressed to Amer Group Ltd., PO. Box 130, 00601 Helsinki. A shareholder who is not listed in the share register shall inform the company of

his title and present the respective documents. At the board proposal, the dividend determined by the general meeting, minus tax prescribed by law, shall be payable at any office of Kansallis-Osake-Pankki in Finland from 21 December

The right to an exemption from the tax deduction or to a reduced

tax expires on 21 January 1988. Copies of the documents relating to the final accounts can be inspected by shareholders at company headquarters in Käpylä from 8 December 1987. Respective copies may be sent to eholders on request.

Helsinki, 23 November 1987 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

City Federal Savings Bank U.S. \$75,000,000 Collateralized Floating Rate Notes Due 1993

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7-6125% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date, February 29, 1988 against Coupon No. 6 in respect of U.S.\$25,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$481-07.

November 30, 1987, London
By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

COMMERZBANK OVERSEAS FINANCE N.V. U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1989

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes notice is hereby given that for the three months period from November 27, 1987 to February 29, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 71/2% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S.\$ 195.83.

Frankfurt/Main, November 1987 COMMERZBANK

THE STORES 200 GREENWICH AVENUE GREENWICH CONNECTICUT

All stores fully leased to The Limited, Victoria's Secret, Brentanos and Connecticut National Bank

> TRAFALGAR HOUSE REAL ESTATE INC through

Healey & Baker Inc.

\$55 Medican America New York NY 10022 Tel: (212) \$35 7251 Fee: (212) 751-1324

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an invitation to any person to subscribe for or purchase any securities of Nestur-BNA pic.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Ordinary Shares of Nestor-BNA pic, issued and now being issued, to be admitted to the Official List. It is expected that the Ordinary Shares will be admitted to the Official List on 3 December 1987 and that dealings will

Nestor-BNA plc (Registered in England No. 1992981)

Placing by

Hambros Bank Limited

of 6,955,652 Ordinary Shares of 10p each at 75p per share

The Nestor-BNA Group is a major force in the provision of health care services, operating the largest nursing agency in the United Kingdom. It also operates and/or manages independent hospitals and nursing homes, principally in Southern England, and doctors' deputising services in North West England and the West Midlands.

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised £5,000,000

Ordinary Shares of 10p each

The Ordinary Shares now being placed will rank in full for all dividends and other distributions bereafter declared, paid or made on the Ordinary share capital of the Company in issue following the

in accordance with the Rules and Regulations of the Council of The Stock Exchange, Henderson Crosthwaite Limited and Allied Provincial Limited are placing 5,216,739 and 1,738,913 Ordinary

Listing particulars relating to Nestor-BNA pic are available in the statistical services of Extel Financial Limited and copies may be obtained for collection during normal business hours (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including 2 December 1987 from the Company Amouncements Office. The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London ECZP 2JX and up to and including 14 December 1987 from:

mbros Benk Limited, 41 Bishopsgate, London ECIP 2AA.

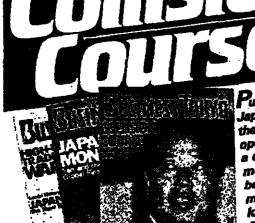
32 St Mary at Hill. London EC3F 3AJ.

Nestor-BNA pic, North Place, 82 Great North Road, Hatfield, Hertfordshire AL9 5BL. Allied Provincial Limited

100 West Nile Street, Clasgow GI 2QU.

30 November 1987

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES | Nov. | Nov. | Nov. | Nov. | Nov. | 27 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 23 | 20 | Nigh | Low | Nigh | Low | Nigh | Low | Nigh | Low | Nigh | Ni



their American assembly plants into operation. The likely result? The answer to a car buyer's fantasies—better, faster more innovative automobiles—could more competition, lower margins and companies and their strategies to see

THE PARTY Editorial Office: KEIZAIKAI AOYAMA OFFICE 2-13-18 Minami Adyama, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107 Japan

become an auto executive's nightmare. longer inventories. In the December issue, Business Tokyo examines the leading car which ones are most likely to succeed. New Prime Minister: Noboru Takeshita Special Feature Puppet or Pragmetist

U.S. \$500,000,000 CITICORP •

(Incorporated in Delawara)
Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due January 30, 1998 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.0125% and that the interest poyable on the relevant interest Payment Date December 31, 1987 against Coupon No. 23 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$60.39. November 30, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

SC • Auto Industry in Trouble Pushed oversees by the rising yen, Japanese automakers are rushing to get

U.S. \$300,000,000.

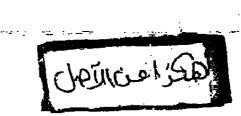
Woodside Financial Services Ltd. (Incorporated in the State of Victoria) Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due February 1997 Unconditionally Guaranteed by

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Ltd. In accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given, that for the Interest Period from November 30, 1987 to February 29, 1988 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 74/16% per annum. The amount payable on February 29, 1988 will be U.S.

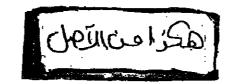
\$4,779.08 and U.S. \$191.16 respectively for Notes in denominations of

U.S. \$250,000 and U.S. \$10,000. By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

London, Agent Bank November 30, 1987



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CK MARKETS

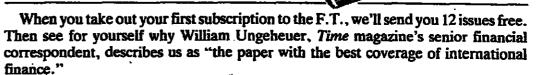
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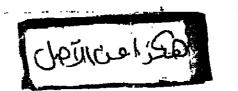


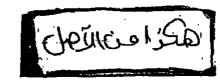
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FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar set to continue its long term slide

A SHARP weakening of the dol. two years or so, mainly because lar on Friday came as something sentiment turned against the of a surprise. Holidays in Japan currency at the time of the on Monday and the US on Thurs-Group of Five meeting in New York Junior Level Sentember 1985 day had created the impression that the market was content to that the market was content to drift until a full working week tion from the forecast economic

currency at the time of the Group of Five meeting in New York during late September 1985.

provided more trading opportunities.

This week may not give any more incentive to the market, but if Friday can be regarded as any great test of sentiment the dollar may be poised to test even lower levels.

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This week may not give any more incentive to the market, but if Friday can be regarded as any great test of sentiment the dollar may be poised to test even lower levels.

The forecast economic encourage a Group of Seven accord on a general lowering of interest rates to support the dollar.

Last week's reduction in West German, French and Dutch interest rates appeared to be interest rates appeared to be more a reaction to European lowering of interest rates to support the dollar. lower levels.

Statistical news has proved less important to determining the dollar's future over the last on the market sure of the European Monetary System, than any sign of satisfaction at the US budget package.

venting a dollar fall.

fired. Lower German rates were intended to discourage the flow of funds out of the dollar into the D-Mark, but the cut in French rates appears to have had a greater impact on the franc, which finished on Friday and distribut above the line at The deal on US budget cuts must still be ratified by Cona strong enough incentive to encourage a Group of Seven

interest rates appeared to be, LIFFE LINE GRET FUTURES OFFICES

The US budget agreement and lower European interest rates are published tomorrow, and will failed to prevent the dollar fail- show a fall according to most ing to record lows on Friday, and in the absence of a sudden discomponents of the figure change in sentiment there seems little prospect of a change of reflect past events, mainly the fall of share prices on Wall

US unemployment data for November are likely to provide the most important guide to the US economy this week, but will probably not change the tone.

LIFFE US TREASURY BOND FUTURES OFTIONS

86-27 85-30 85-05 84-12 83-22 83-05

Forecasters are generally looking for a fall of 0.3 p.c. in leading indicators, but Morgan Grenfell expects a decline of 0.5 The market expects an ties agrees with this figure, while unchanged unemployment rate of 6 p.c., and a rise in non-farm payrolls of 130,000 to 135,000, view, and Nomura Research Institute goes for an unchanged ber.

2.56

1.71

νŒ

18.18

22.31

150 R - 12 -4.50 7.50 PL 1840 FI. 60 40 FJ. 121 257 957 120 35 77 66 19 120 22 126 Pj. 118 FL 49.10 Ft. 29.90 AF 50T 40

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 21,790

BASE LENDING RATES

Hat Westminster Morthern Bank Ltd

Harwich Gen. Trest PK Fiscass. Leak COO Propincial Trest Ltd

United Sk of Knowl ... United Missale Sank ... Halty Treat Pix

Chihark NA ...

Financial & Ges. Sec ... First Mat. Fin. Corp. ... First Mat. Sec. List

HPC Trest & Springs ... Hardres Bark....... Beritable & Gen Jur Bk

£ IN NEW YORK

Nov.27	Çlese	Previous Close
£ Spot	1,8130-1,8140 0,18-0,17pm 0,58-0,55pm 1,77-1,69pm	1,7920-1,7925 0,34-0,33pm 0,66-0,63pm 1,70-1,67pm
Forward premi dollar	ons and discourts	apply to the US

dollar			
STER	LINE IN	DEX	
		Nov.27	Previous
8.30 9.00	=	76.0 76.0	75.7 75.8
10.00 11.00	30	75.9 76.0	759
Noog		760	[7 <u>\$</u> 7

CURRENCY RATES

Nov.27	Bank rate %	Special Drawing Rights	Europea Carresc Voit
Sterfing		N/A	0.68913
U.S Dollar	6		1.2456
Canadian 5	8.75		1,63051
Austrian Sch	4	N/A	14.5164
Belgian Franc _	74		43.7419
Danish Kroce	J 7 1	- '	7.9576
Deutsche Mark	3	-	2.06212
Neth-Suiter	4		2.3205
Frence Franc	127 127 8		7.0184
ــــــ ومثل بطائها	124	- '	1523.0
Japanese Yes	25	-	166.53
Morway Krane .	, a- i	-	8.0093
Spanish Pereta	1	- '	139.073
Swedsk Kronz	72 3 202	- 1	7.48492
States Franc	3 -	- i	1,69279
Greek Drack,	2012	- '	162.889
Irish Post	i I	-	0.77661

*CS/SDR rate for flow 26 N/A

CURRENCY	MOVEM	ENTS
Nov.27	Bank of England Index	Morgan Guaranty Changes %
Sterling US Dollar Committen Dollar Austrian Schilling Belgian Franc Danish Krune Deutsche hlark Swits Franc Guilder Frenck Franc Lira Ven	76.0 95.4 77.1 142.6 101.5 94.3 151.6 181.2 139.4 77.6 229.6	-17.9 -11.0 -10.4 +11.0 -4.2 +2.8 +23.9 +25.8 +15.9 -18.9 -18.8 +72.2
Moreau Guaranty	changes: &	rerage 1980

OTHE	R CURRENC	IES
Nov.27	£	- \$
Argentina . Australia	25995-26025	4.2500-4.3000 1.4385-1.4400
Brazil Finland	112.415-113.040 7.3535-7.3760	62 2350 42 546 4,0760 4,0790
Greece	233.75-237.40 14.0000-14.0300	129.45-131.45 7.7500-7.7700
Iran Korea(Seh)	122.05° 1422.85-1435.75	67.65° 793.10-800.30
Kuntait	0.50208-0.50250	0.27775-0.2776 34.60-34.70
Malaysia Merico	4,4950-4,5050 3793,25-3930,85	2.4875-2.4990 2100.00-2175.0
N. Zealand Sand Ar	6.7730-6.7790	1.5700-1.572 3.7495-3.750
Simpagore S. Al (Car)	1.5320-3.5475	2,0300-2,0350 1,9570-1,964
S. Al (Fn) Talwan	53.10-53.35	3.0350-3.1250 29.45-29.55
11 A E	LARAR A LARR	2 4725 2 4720

FORWARD RATES

AGAINST STERLING							
	Spot	1 mit	2 105	6	12 mb		
US Dollar D-mark French Fr. Swits Fr. Yen	1.8100 2.9950 10.183 2.4575 242.00	1.8083 2.9810 10.182 2.4469 241.00	1.8045 2.9574 10.182 2.4280 239.24	1.7995 2.9224 10.181 2.3986 236.36	178 285 101 231 231		

	Ecu central rates	Currency amounts against Eco Nov.27	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergesce	Divergence limit %
Belgian Frant Danish Krone German D-Mark Fryack Franc Dutch Golfder Irlst Pust Italian Ura	42,4562	43.1419	+161	+0.80	21.5344
	7,85212	7.95762	+134	+0.53	21.5404
	2,05853	2.06212	+017	-0.64	21.0981
	6,90403	7.01843	+166	+0.85	21.3674
	2,31943	2.32058	+005	-0.76	21.5012
	0,768411	0.776618	+107	+0.26	21.6684
	1463,58	1523.08	+266	+0.26	24.0752

edusiness columnid by Financial Times. POUND SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND						
Nov.27	Day's spread	Close	One mosth	% pa	Three months	% pa
S arach arac	18020-1.8110 2.5417-2.5492 3.364-3.374, 62.45-62.75 11.522-11.57 1.1065-1.1300 230-245.10 201.45-202.17 203-2216 11.583-11.64, 10.16-10.19-2 201-2-201 201-2-201 201-2-201 201-2-201 201-2-201 201-2-201 201-2-201 2105-211-2-245,	180%-1816 2367-2360 1364-3374 6265-6275 1156-1157 1126-11275 249-300 2306-24405 2007-2208- 11644-11644 10174-10184 201-242- 211-242- 2117-2116	0.19-0.14cpm 0.02-0.12cpm 12-13cpm 12-13cpm 12-13cpm 95-133cpm 95-133cpm 13-13cpm 13	19868794583 9885		123 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.0

DOLLAR SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

Mov.27	Day's spread	Clase	Que month	Į.	Three months	p.
UK†	34.60-34.71 6.384-6.402 1.6535-1.4600 135.00-135.75 111.60-111.87 12182-1226 6.391-6.444	18095-18105 1.6005-1.6015 1.3005-1.5095 1.8600-1.861 94.60-347, 0.430-347, 0.430-347, 0.430-1.545 1310-135.00 11116-111.73 1219, 1220, 6.427-6.432 6.601-6.02	0.19-0.15-cm 0.15-0.05-cm 0.15-0.15-cm 0.55-0.53-cm 1.65-0.53-cm 1.65-0.25-cm 70-95-ch 1.60-0.05-ch 1.00-0.05-ch 0.50-0.65-ch 1.00-0.80-ch 0.40-0.80-ch 0.44-0.80-ch	1.16 0.75 -1.51 3.47 1.56 -3.75 -7.78 -3.45 -7.83 -1.22 -1.20 -1.81	0.58-0.53pm 0.58-0.48pm 0.38-0.41 1.29-1.24pm 3.20-3.90ds 1.60-1.55pm 2.00-250ds 11.00-14.00ds 12.40-12.80ds 1.80-2.15ds 2.55-2.79ds 11.41-11.00ds	122 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127
Austria		1.3570-1.3560	0.49-0.42cpm of premiums and dis traces. Physicial	3.60 4.01 counts applicant 34.6	9.50-7.50pm 1.25-1.18pm sky to the US dollar 0-34.90.	2.91 3.57 and not to

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

Nov.27	Short ध्राम	7 Days estice	Ome Month	Tiree Months	Str Months	One Year	
Sterfling US Dollar US Dollar US Dollar Dollar D, Galder Sw. Franc Devischmen's Fr. Franc Trailan Live B. Fr. (Flu) H. Fr. (Flu) Yen D. Krese Asten \$Steg	55654956555573 \$5654856535555	इंड्रईईन्स्स्यून इंड्रेन्ड्ड इंड्रईईन्स्स्यून इंड्रेड्ड्ड	######################################	5.00 4 4 5.35 5.45 6.45 6.45 6.45 6.45 6.45 6.45 6.4	हर्गक्षरक्षणानुस्तरम् । जन्नकार्यकार्यन्तरम्	200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Long term Emodellars: two years 8%-3% per cent; three years 9%-3% per cent; four years 9%-5% per cent, five years 9%-9 per cent nominal. Short term rates are call for US Bollars and Japanese Yes; others, two days motion.							
EXCHANGE	CROSS R	ATES					

Nov.27	2	S	DN	Yes	F Ft.	S Fr.	K FL	Urs	C\$	8 Fr.
\$	1	1.810	2995	262.0	10.18	2.458	3.368	2208	2.368	62.70
	0.552	1	1455	133.7	5.626	1.358	1.860	1220	1.308	34.64
DM	0.334	0.604	1	80.80	3,400	0.821	1124	737.2	0.790	20.79
YEN	4.132	7.479	12.38	1000	42.08	10.15	1392	91.24	9.783	259.1
F Pr.	0.983	1,778	2.941	237.7	10	2.413	3.307	2168	2.325	61.58
S Fr.	0,407	0,737	1.219	98.47	4145	1	1.370	878.5	0.963	25.51
H FL	0.297	0.537	0.889	71.86	3.024	0.730	1	655.7	0.703	18.62
Lira	0.453	0.820	1.356	109.6	4.612	1.113	1525	1000	1.072	28.40
C S B Fr.	0.422 1.595	0,765 2,867	1.265	102.2 386.0	4.301 16.24	1.038 3.919	1422	932.6 9522	1 3.776	25.48 100

\$2m points of 100%

68 08	62.70 34.64	Jan 90.80 - Sep 90.63 - Estimated Volence 600312723)
90 83	20.73 259.1	Previous day's open lat. 38(23) (3
<u>පූ</u>	61.58 25.50	U.S. TREASURY BONDS 5% S100 DBO 32-bb of 1007
8	18.62 28.40	Close High Dec 87-15 87-19
	25,48	Mar 66-18 86-22 Jua 85-24

stigated Volume 4118(3782) Presides day's open int. 23197 (23244)

MONEY MARKETS

Strong pound points to lower rates

last week the Bank agree to a	European into led to specul of England reduction in	ation that
base rates.		2000000

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11.00 a.m. Nov.27) 3 months US delters

UK clearing bank base landing rate 9 per cen

6 months US Dollars

rest one-sixteenth, of the bid and offered rates i

whether this is desirable.

Nomura also questioned whether Mrs Thatcher, the Prime Minister, was right, when she said in a Financial Times base rates.

Such an arguement appeared to have little credibility until bouses to sell bills outright at the friday, when sterling rose above \$1.80, for the first time in 5½ Bank of England provided over years.

Faced with a very large money market shortage of \$1.75bn, and the reluctance of the discount whether this is desirable. Nomura also questioned whether Mrs Thatcher, the Prime Minister, was right, when she said in a Financial Times interview, that "everyone is geared to the D-Mark, save us."

As part of this is desirable.

ties wish to maintain exchange said the 5 p.c. premium for rate stability with the D-Mark Eurosterling over D-Marks implies little scope near term for a cut in UK rates, but questioned sterling as a risky and volatile

Volume 4353(1898) in/s open int. 6045 (6430)

67-10 86-11

currency.

It added that while the Prime Minister remains opposed to joining the EMS. the option of depresent the control of t ciating sterling at some stage, in order to boost exports and out put, is clearly near the top of the economic agenda.

MONEY RATES

FedfundsFedfunds at intervention	Mar. 186 1	Ne year		4.64 Four 5.78 Five 3 6.50 Seem 7.09 10-ye 7.83 30-ye	*	910 916
Nov.27	Oversight	Cee Month	Two Months	Months	Şix Mortis	Intervent
Frankfurt Parks Zisrich Ansterdan Tolyo Milian Brussels Dublin	310-320 8.4375 1.00 4.6875 3.53125 10.25 7.30	330-345 8.50 4.25 4.75 3.96875 11.875 6.6875 8.75	3.65-3.80 8.56.25 9.00	3.65-3.80 8.6875 4.00 4.9375 3.98625 11.625 6.9375 9.125	370-325 8.8125 9.50	4.50 8.00

WEEKLY CHANGE IN WORLD INTEREST RATES

BANK OF ENGLAND TREASURY BILL TENDER

LONDON	Nov.27	change	NEW YORK	Ngv.27	Change
Base rates	9.00 9.0625	Uach'd -0.0625	Prime rates	8.75	-0.1250 -0.03 -0.08 +0.30
7 day Interbank	9.0625	+0.625	3 Mith. Treesery Balls	6.6875	-0.1250
Treasury Bill Teader	8.4842	+0.0411	6 Mith. Treasury Bills	5.82 6.47	20.00
Band 1 Bulls	0.875	Uach'd	3 MHz. CD	7.625	+0.30
Band 2 Bilk	8.875 8.875	Clack'd	FRANKFURT		l
Band 3 Bills	8.875	Unch'd	Lomberd	450 3375 3725	Unch's
3 Mth. Treasury Bill	8.75	+0.125	One ath. Intertunk	3.375	020
1 Mrth. Bank Bills	8.84375	Upch'd	PARIS	210	40,20
3 Mith. Bank Bills	8.6875	+0.0625	Intervention Rate	9.00	ــــا
COKYO Dae monto Bills	3.96875	+01250	One rath. Interhank	8.00 8.50	41875
Three month Bills	3,90625	-0.625	Three mosts	8.6875	-0.1250
BRUSSELS			MILAN !		
One month	6.6875	Unch'd	One worth	11.875	-0.625 Veeta's
Tipree month	6.9375	Updi'd	Three mosts	11.625	Vect 1
MSTERDAM	4.75	-0.1875	DUBLIN One menth		l
One month	4.9375	-0.1075	Three month	8.75 9.125	-0.1875 -0.1250

(4pm) Prime rate	8.75 8.00 64-4	One month		13 and Burn 4.32 These 4.64 Four 5.78 Pive 3 6.50 Seem 7.09 10-ye 7.83 30-ye	81 83 87 89 91 91		
Nov.27	Oversight	Cee Month	Two Months	Three Months	Şix Mortis	Lomba Interved 4.50 8.00	
Frankfirt Paris Zerich Aussterdan Tokyo Milan Brussels Dublis	3.10-3.20 8.4375 1.00 4.6875 3.53125 10.25 7.30 7.50	330-345 8-50 425 4.75 3.96875 11.875 6.8875 8.75	3.65-3.80 8.5625 9.00	3.45-3.80 8.4875 4.00 4.9375 3.98625 11.625 6.9375 9.125	170-185 8.8125 		
LONDON MON	EY RAT	TES .			**		

Nov.27	Hen.27 Quemigis		One Month	Titree Months	Şiz Montis	One Year	
Merbank Offer	10.50	9.0625	9.00	9.0625	9.0625	9,1875	
Sterilog CDs.	7.00	8.9375	8,875	8,9975	8,9375	9125	
Local Authority Dess	8.875	8.875	9.00	8,875	8.875	8.875	
Local Aethority Book	67013	6-613	8.875 9.125	8.875 9.0625	8.9375 9.0625	9,025	
Discount Mit Dees.	0.74	8.8125	诺	الكوالا	2000	رعبد ا	
Company Denesits	9.25 8.9375	9.0625	8,9375	876	900	9.125	
Finance House Depodis.			8.9375	825 920 920 920	8.00 9.00 9.00	925	
Treasury Bills (Sev)	-		B.845750	8.75	-	1 —	
Bank Bills (Say)	- 1	l -	8.843750	86875	8.468750	-	
Fine Trace Bells (Ban)	-		9.468750	93125	9.093750	•	
Doltar CDs	-		8,00-7.95	7.65-7.60	7.65-7.60	8,00-7.95	
SDR Linked Dep Offer	- 1		6.625	6.50	6.5625	6.75	
SDR Linded Dep Bld	- 1	- 1	6.375	6.25	5.00 7.1875	6.50	
ECU Listed Dep Offer	- 1	-	7325	7,125	7,1875	7,3125	
ECU Linked Dep Bid	-	-	7.00	7.0625	7.0625	7.1875	
Treasury Bdls (sell); per cavit three months 84 Rate Starling Empart Flat January 25, 1989, Schem to Movember 30, 1987, seven days fused. Flatants seven days notice 3-3-5 pore month 7.5 per cent; or per month 7.5 per cent; or withdrawn for cash 5.00 p	per cest; T sace, Make u ne l: 10,51 p. Scheme IV: 9. Hauses Base er cest, Certif ne-three most acts, 9,50 per	reasury Bills; p day Novemb a., Schemes II 008 p.e. Láca r Rate 10.5 fr trans, of T.m.	Amerage Lendé ler 30 , 1987. & III: 10.25 p I Authority and less November Deports (Series	r rate of disco Agreed rates .c. Reference I Firstone Hous 1 , 1987: Bar . 61: Decest £	net 8.2677 p. for period De rate for period as seven days' ft Deposit Rat 100.000 and c	c.ECGO Fix comber 26, i October 1 i motice, other as for soms wer bold and	

FT - ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

0.6300 0.635 0.635 0.6300 0.605 0.606 0.6178 0.6130 0.6162 0.6300 0.6260 0.6210

ABM Bank
Aden & Comping
Allied Auch Br
Allied Bunker & Co
Allied Urish Bank
American Epu Br
American Epu Br
American Epu Br
American Epu Br
American Cap
American Cap
American Cap
American Cap
Banco & Billion
Banch Hamadin

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

IATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS	FRIDAY NOVEMBER 27 1987					THURSDAY NOVEMBER 26 1987			BOLLAR INDEX		
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1987 High	1987 Low	Year ago Cappro
ustralia (89)	100.15	+0.6	82.04	95.87	4.27	99.58	82.27	95.31	180.81	85.80	91.9
ustria (1.6)	92.98	+0.6	76.16	80.12	2.58	92.45	76.38	80.06	102.87	85.53	95.0
leigium (48) anada (127)	101.90	-0.5	83.47	87.58	5.40	102.37	84.58	88.36	134.89	96.19	95.6
anada (127)	106.52	+0.2	87.25	100.96	3.07	106.29	87.B1	100.79	141.78	98.15	99.0
lesmark (38)	113.39	+1.6	92.88	98.55	2.99	111.57	92.18	97.42	124.83	98.18	96.7
rance (120)	87.05	+0.8	72.30	76.81	3.55	86.36	71.35	76.71	121.R2	77.39	98.5
Penmark (38) rance (120) Vest Germany (93)	77.27	+1.7	63.29	66.44	2.84	75.99	62.78	65.92	104.93	68.91	97.5
long Kong (46)	85.35	+0.9	69.91	85.03	5.75	84.58	.69.88	84.45	158.68	75.82	91.5
reland (14)	103.81	+0.6	85.03	91.36	4.93	103,24	85.30	91.38	160.22	96.20	92.4
apin (497) apin (457) alaisysia (36) kerkoo (14) letkerland (37)	81.67	+2.4	66.89	74.41	2.56	79.74	65.88	73.07	112.11	72.04	96.4
agan (457)	141.77	+0.3	116.12	119.77	0.58	141.36	116.79	120.23	161.28	100.00	1 67
lalarsia (36)	103.11	+0.8	84.46	98,93	3.66	102.34	84.55	98.61	193.64	98.24	91.7 98.7
lexico (14)	123.10	-7.1	100.83	287.68	1.07	132.53	109.50	300,68	422.59	99.72	91
letherland (37)	96.72	+0.6	79.22	82.13	5.43	96.14	79.43	82.38	131.41	87.70	98.
		+23	66.79	68.03	4.91	79.72	65.86	66.96	138.99	75.99	93.6
lorway (24) lorway (24) logapore (27) outh Africa (61)	105.58	+0.0	86.48	92.15	297	105.62	87.26	92.11	185.01	96.03	103
locanore (27)	96.83	-0.2	79.31	90.69	263	96.91	80.06	91.12	174.28	90.19	97.1
outh Africa (61)	135.15	-13	110.71	90.98	2 <i>63</i> 4.73	136.89	113.09	92.08	198.09	100.00	97.0
pain (43) weden (34) witzerland (53) Inited Kingdom (332)	122.21	+17	100.10	103.41	195	120.13	99.25	102.20	168.81	100.00	92.7
weden (34)	98.79	-10	80.92	87.97	2.59	99.75	82.41	89.01	136.64	88.50	99.6
witzerland (53)	82.85	+0.5	67.86	69.72	236	82,47	68.14	69.97	iiiii	73.65	96.9
Inited Kinadam (332)	121.84	+0.4	99,80	99.80	458	121.33	100.24	100.24	162.67	73.03 99.65	94.4
ISA (582)	98.05	-14	80.32	98.05	2.59 2.36 4.58 3.76	99.50	82.20	99.50	137.42	92.83	103.0
urope (946) acific Basin (675)	100.25	+0.8	82.11	84.79	3.94	99.42	82.14	84.75	130.02	92.25	96.3
acitic Basin (675)	138,03	+0.3	113.06	117.58	0.78	137.61	113.69	. 117.98	158.77	100.00	91.3
uro-Pacific (1621)	122.95	+0.5	100.71	104.50	1.82 3.72	122.36	101.10	104.72	143.65	100.00	93.3
lorth America (709)	98.50	-14	80.68	98.24	3.72	99.86	82.50	99.59	137.55	93.20	102.6
urope Ex. UK (614)	86.85	+1.2	71.14	75.47	3.38	85.83	70.91	75.10	111.97	78.89	97.4
acific Ex. Japan (218)	92.95	+0.8	76.14	89.12	4.68	92.24	76.21	88.57	164.03	83.17	l 92.3
Vorid Ex. US (1823)	122.52	+0.4	100.35	104.38	1.89	121.97	100.77	104.60	143.38	100.00	93.5
Verld Ex. UK (2073)	112.19	-0.3	91.90	102.54	2.29	112.49	92.93	103.21	138.82	100.00	93.5 97.5
Vorid Ex. So. Af. (2344)	112.89	-0.2	92.47	102.30	1.89 2.29 2.50 3.84	113.11	93.45	102.94	139.47	100.00	97.2
Vorld Ex. Japan (1948)	99.28	-0.5	- 81.32	93.27	3.84	99.81	82.46	94,02	134.22	95.64	100.1
be World index (2405)	113.04	-0.2	92.59	102.24	2.51	113.26	93.57	102.89	139.73	100.00	97.2



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NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

TDK CORPORATION Bearer Warrants to Subscribe

for Shares of Common Stock of TDK Corporation in conjunction with an issue of U.S. \$150,000,000 3% per cent. Bonds 1991 (the "Warrants")

Pursuant to Condition 7 of the Terras and Conditions of the Warrants, notice is beauty given that, because of the issuance of new Convertible Bonds on November 30, 1987, the subscription price of the Warrants has been adjusted as follows:

as tolows:

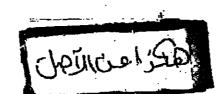
1. The subscription price of the Warrants in effect before such adjustment was Yen 3,680 per share of Common Stock, and the adjusted subscription price of the Warrants is Yen 3,667.10 per share of Common Stock. Such adjustment took effect as of November 30, 1987, Tokyo time, pursu-ant to clause 3(v) of the Instrument for the Warrants.

THE CORPORATION By: The Bank of Tokyo Trust Company on Districtment Agest Dated: November 30, 1987

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SECTION III FINANCIAL TIMES



Though the North is lagging behind two other northern

economic regions, the North-West and

Yorkshire-Humberside, in terms of recovery, there are signs of a strong fighting spirit. Nevertheless, there is still much more that needs to be done, reports lan Hamilton Fazey

Perspective on 'success'

LENDING RATES

Development Company. Venture capital funds are discovering many small companies worth investing in Porsche sales are up and among the highest in Britain. The MetroCentre has

caused a retailing revolution.
One Cabinet Minister, opening a factory this month, wondered aloud when the massive Government and that is there to encour-age identition the region could be tapered wiff.

ome who heard him, and he was joking, this illustrated the dangers of hyping small successes, for the North-East portion of the stan-

The picture becomes worse when the performance of the North-East is matched with Cumbria's, for unemployment west of the North Pennines is now down to 9.2 per cent. Grouping Cumbris into the "standard North" therefore con-



40,000 a month.

At 3.25m people the "standard Department of Employment's North" is only the size of Wales and half as big as the the armed forces from the Gov-North-West. But it would need to do 10 times better to match the the regional unemployment rate North-West's performance, an from 13.7 per cent to 15.3 per

This, and the now statistically yorkshire, teach people the general problem-solving skills they need to go it alone.

The dependence of the North-East's community at large on principal problems is a deeply anti-entrepreneurial culture on the statistically. principal problems is a deepty anti-entrepreneurial culture on signalled by the general industryneside, Wearside and Teesside.

This is not fertile territory for sector is the biggest employer, self-employment. Succeeding accounting for 60 per cept of generations have worked for big jobs on Tyneside. Because it is employers, whether state or pri-

and medium-sized business, which make up the major portion of employment in the increasingly buoyant areas of Greater Manchester and West

The dependence of the NorthEast's community at large on having work found for them is signalled by the general industrial infrastructure. The public sector is the biggest employer, accounting for 60 per cent of jobs on Tyneside. Because it is the biggest customer for most be attractive to footloose industrial.

world in a range of manual activities from complicated 100.
maintenance to simple cleaning.
It its against this background this with a proud industrial, that most Cumbrian people and industry want to be in the North-West, not the "standard North-Cumbria County Council belongs to Inward, the Northrecovering part of the North as a whole - the North-West region of Greater Manchester, Merseyside, Cheshire and Lancashire, where unemployment has been falling at a sustained rate of nearly 40,000 a month.

At 3.25m people the "standard At 3.25m people the "standard of Wales are not the breeding conditions, excluding them and calculations, excluding them and sustained rate of Wales from the Gov.

At 3.25m people the "standard of Wales are not the breeding conditions, excluding them and the calculations, excluding them and the calculations, excluding them and the calculations are from the Gov.

At 3.25m people the "standard of Employment's these are not the breeding conditions of Employment's the standard that the standard the belongs to Inward, the North-Tasta Sandard the San

two Government departments -Environment and Trade and Industry - treating Cumbria as not in the Government's "stan-

Unemployment is not being most suc reduced by the changes, We have to manage change, help new industry to come, capitalise on itself with improve the image of the

He sees the NDC as the vital element of getting all the acts together, even though Durham of \$700,000 from the private secCounty has formed its own development company and persuaded Sir Ron Dearing, the forous funding from "the regulars." mer rost Office chief, to chair it, while British Nuclear Fuels so bitterly locally had the new (BNFL) is to fund a development initiative in West Cumbria with a massive Sim a year for 10

a massive \$1m a year for 10 first project during the same years.

The scale of BNFL's contribution sets the context for other initiatives in the North, for the same sets the context for other initiatives in the North, for the same sets the context for other initiatives in the North, for the same sets that news broke of the cantrel sets that news broke

racecourse.

Some in the job-creation business in the North-East have criticised the enterprise centre proposal as too "top-down" rather than "bottom-up" in concept. But all are much more critical of aid regimes that help more multimillion pound retail property developments while they struggle for funds. Despite all this, there is a small

CONTENTS

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plex on the disused Stockton

riverside regenerators Japanese companie

winner Education: Hesin's key ro

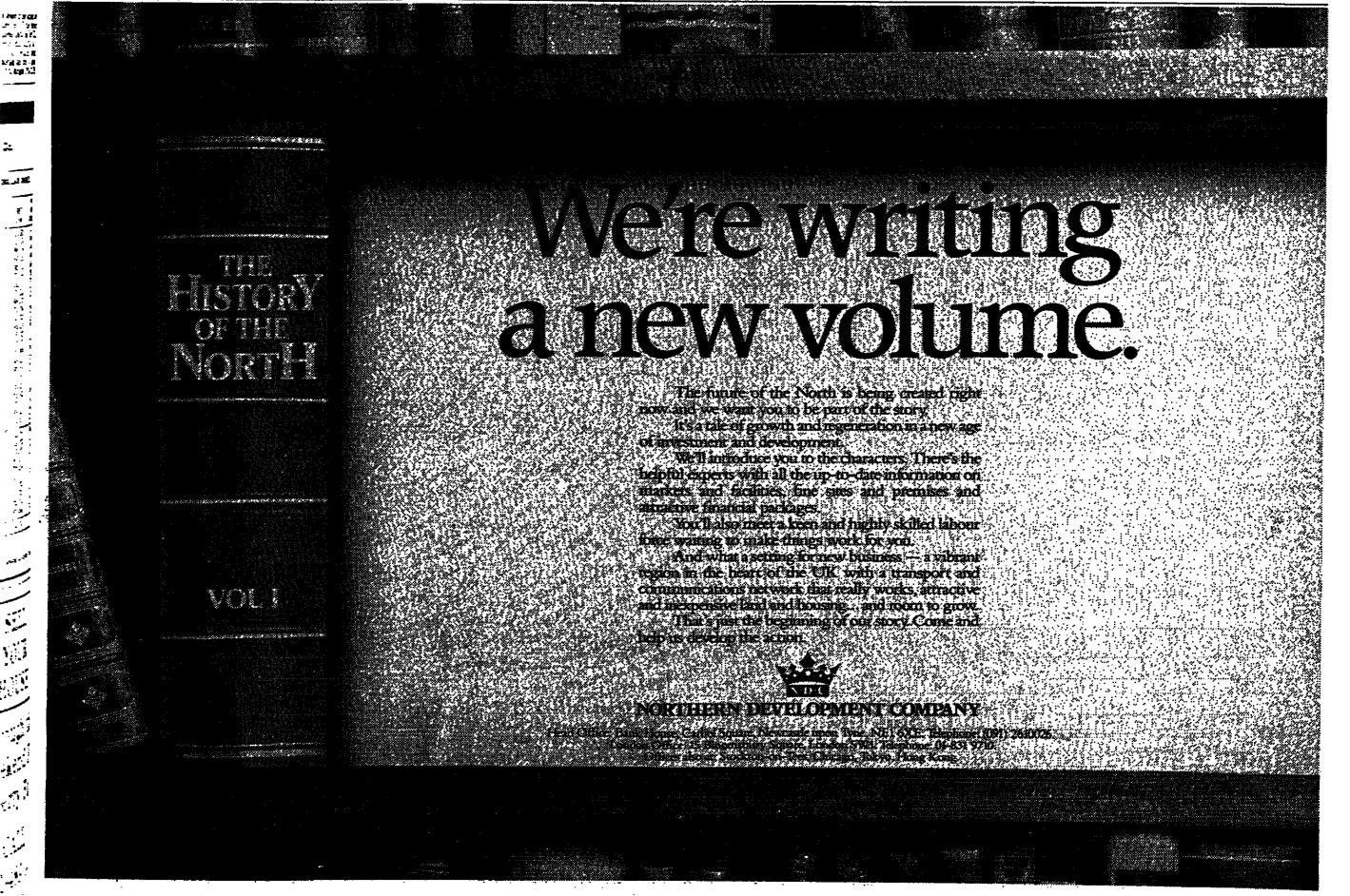
current of hope in the tide. Mr Michael Denny, who runs Northern investors, a venture capital fund, says that the anti-enterprise culture is changing slowly, though it is hard work for those

The CBI's officers say that there is optimism, though not buoyancy, and point to a 30 per cent increase since 1979 in its malling list, which now stands at about 1,000.

The NDC has identified seven good industrial areas where there is already a wide range of skills - plastics, information tech-nology, electronics, offshore, fashion and textiles, pharmaceu advanced manufacturing tech-nology. It is building a network to encourage inward investment

nd growth in all of them. All this in an area infamous for what the Prime Minister once called "Moaning Minnies" and The problem has manifested itself with difficulty in funding the proposed Cleveland Enterprise Centre - designed to combine the best in job-creation and one Southern columnist brands one Southern commiss manager regularly as full of whiners. What is plain to see, however, is a region with the massive prob-lems that flow from an economic managed workspace practice under one roof. This is well short structure that continues to be grossly imbalanced.

The efforts on the ground to change it are enthusiastic but slow in impact because of the scale of the problem. There seems little prospect of the buoy-ancy of the South spilling north under the pressure of market under the pressure of manager forces, especially with over-loaded access roads leaving much to be desired. The problem of the North-East will be with us



THE MOST striking feature of the Northern Region's economic profile is that more than 40 per cent of the working population is employed in the public sector-and because the public sector is itself the major consumer of all

Education, health and other services provide 21.6 per cent of jobs, and public administration and defence 7.9 per cent, a total of 29.5 per cent. This contrasts tellingly with manufacturing -metals, chemicals, fabricated goods, engineering, vehicles, and all other forms - which make up

only 27.7 per cent.

Prof John Goddard, head of Newcastle University's centre for urban and regional development studies, puts the proportion of Tyneside's jobs that are in the blic sector at 60 per cent. The biggest employer is the Depart-ment of Health and Social Secu-

rity, with approaching 10,000.

The private sector has special characteristics, too. There is a preponderance of hig businesses. Northern Engineering Industries
(NEI) dominates engineering,
with 7,600 of its 16,800 employees in the region. Much of its
work comes from one of Cumbria's biggest employers, British Nuclear Fuels (BNFL), with its Sellafield reprocessing complex and 8,000 jobs in the area.

Other giants include Thorn Other giants include Thorn EMI (domestic appliances and heating equipment), ICI (chemicals, plastics and petrochemicals), Vickers (engineering) and GEC (telecommunications equipment). Procter and Gamble has had its European headquarters in Newcastle since 1932.

Up-and-coming industries in the region include wholesale and retail distribution, with Tesco a single customer - the Govern-big employer in Gateshead. ment lack of orders has so far When hotels and catering are seen about 1500 inha lost of orders. When hotels and catering are seen about added, these sectors accounted privatisation for 20.6 per cent of the work-

Dominance of the public sector

No route to the top

services, it accounts for about two-thirds of gross domestic expanded by the MetroCentre at product.

North-East particularly has been expanded by the MetroCentre at Gateshead and the fight-back to keep custom by Newcastle's Eldon Square, Britain's biggest

Eldon Square, Britain's biggest city centre shopping mall.

The region's traditional industries are coal, steel and heavy engineering, all subject to labour-shedding modern technology and recession. The impact has been massive. Older mines continue to the same continues to the same con continue to face closure, with investment going into super-pits which will employ increasingly fewer for every ton of coal pro-

Most people work in organisations, doing what they are told

where, seven years ago, closures almost killed the Durham town of Consett, British Steel now points to massive investment on Teesside, where it remains a

major force and employer, though with far fewer people than before.

Meanwhile, shipbuilding strug-gles. Closures and redundancies have made most of the headlines nave made most of the headlines in the past two years. The best-known yard, Swan Hunter, was privatised from British Ship-builders last year in a manage-ment buy-out for only \$5m. Its problem is that, until it can

seen about 1,500 jobs lost since Job losses have continued even

force two years ago, and have among the successful. When NEI been growing since.

The retail sector in the recently, \$44m went in redun-

take its share

As Mr Alex Marsh, chief executive of Swan Hunter, points out, mation technology and telecom-the effect of such job losses has a munications in perticular will wider impact than at first bring about more centralisation appears. Suppliers and services of strategic decision-making in

tion of Japanese manufacturers in the UK, with 17 companies. These include giants such as Nis-san, Komatsu, Sumitomo - which took over a Dunlop tyre factory and NSK, the ball bearings man-

The US is, however, the biggest inward investor with more than 90 companies. Its giants include Black and Decker (power tools). Corning (glassware) and Sterling Winthrop (chemicals and pharmaceuticals). Mainland Europe's presence includes about 90 companies, with a large con-centration from Scandinavian

countries.
These are all either big companies, big local employers or branch factories following a business strategy decided far away. Most people work in organisations employing more than 500 people, whether in the public or private sector, doing what they are told.

The effect of this on the North

profound - it produces a pendent culture. Middle managers often have no prom route to the top unless they

move.
Prof Goddard sees worse to

dancy payments to 5,800 people. come. As new technology makes as British Telecom, now a major This was across all NEI's a growing impact on government provider of services and jobs. Offices, jobs will be lost there.

Meanwhile - and across both from which growing small busi-private and public sectors - infor-mation technology and telecom--departmental heads and direcare hit in greater numbers, at a London or in Leeds, the emer-ratio of about 4-1. gent capital of the whole East

re hit in greater many ratio of about 4-1.

The long-term strategy to replace contracting traditional and Yorkshire-Humberside.

Industries and augment a declining private sector base has been functions could disappear, extending the region's branch economy status in both public and private sectors. This scaling and private sectors. This scaling tive needs would, in turn,have an impact on organisations such

THIS SHOULD have been the

Northern Development Company's year. Formed with wide support from local authorities and the private sector, its leaders feted by Cabinet Ministers in London, it had the fairest of winds for an attention-catching leavest. Then it suffered a severe

launch. Then it suffered a sever

Mr Martin Easteal, its chief executive, quit after only five months, his family unable to set-tle in the North-East from Har-

The NDC is instead a volun-tary alliance of local authorities,

public sector industry and pri-vate business. It has, however, subsumed the old North of England Development Council

tors is bound to be affected in the long term - unless the small

enough to generate its own pool.

A lot may also depend on how the existing structure changes with the shape of the new ser-vice sector. Dr Andrew Robinson of the Northern Development Company says: "The Metro-Centre employs 7,000 already and this is comparable to mum bers employed in mining. Steel, coal and shipbulding don't hang from our necks like an albatross

Figures for December 1985 Sector Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing 14,000 Energy and water supply 52,000 71,000 Metal ming and chemicals 122,000 Metal goods, engineering, vehicles 92 96,000 Other manufacturing 45,000 Construction 100,000 11.0 Retail distribution Transport and communications 56,000 Benking, Insurance, finance Public administration and defence 86,000

83,000 226,000

1,046,000

100.0

Employment by industry northern region

Source: Dept of Employment

Education, health, other services

any more. There is a better cadre of people available now."

Preventing further deterioration of the basic infrastructure seems crucial, however. NEI's

development corporation and saw how people counted on the engineering giant for private ac-tor leadership.

"A hell of a lot of our time is spent in London with Ministers, in Whitehall, and with bankers. But we think it is very important to be in the region and to keep our main board hers," says Mr

One figure sums up the lack of balance which NEI is a major factor in trying to counter.
According to the stockbrokers
Penney Easton, the region has
only 30 listed companies based
locally. The contrast with the 144 in neighbouring Yorkshire and Humberside speaks for Itself.

Pro rata, for its size the North

ion Hamilton Fazey

Northern Development Company

Building a consensus

The effect is Government cor trol of the major purse-strings for general industrial developembarrassment was excruciating producing damaging head-lines such as "Mr North fails to persuade Mrs South."

accur while the NDC builds local consensus to get everyone in the North pulling together. This makes it unique as a bridge across the region's nollines. Mr Easteal's short tenure is the first thing that private sector leaders talk about when the NDC leaders talk about when the NDC is mentioned. The widespread consensus it has to be Labour

is mentioned. The widespread view among them, however, is that things were not working out anyway so it was better he left sooner than later. They want the damage repaired quickly so that the NDC can get on with its job. That job is to act as the Northern Region's equivalent of the Government's Scottish Development Agency (5DA) or its Welsh counterpart - though without their advantages of having Ministers to lobby for them in Cabinet and budgets worth tens of millions of pounds.

The NDC is instead a volun-

ship. It is against this back-ground that Mr Resy Atkinson, the chairman, has taken temporary charge.

Mr Atkinson used to run the

DTI in the region, understands (NEDC), the region's recipient of all the issues very well and was a (NEDC), the region's recipient of all the issues very well and was a the Government's Invest in driving force in setting up the Britain funding to promote NDC in the first place.

Inward investment from abroad. He says: "Mr Easteal's departire has been a significant hie-cup but the manner in which the What it lacks, compared with staff has responded has been the SDA or WDA, is a factory but the manner in which the the SDA or WDA, is a factory but the manner in which the magnificent. We have also had building arm and the ability to enormous practical support from the private sector, with solid incoming or expanding compa-

the private sector, with solid help offered, including second-ment of senior managers.

"None of the local authorities has used the incident to rethink its position. Government departincoming or expanding companies. Instead it works in close, but loose, collaboration with English Estates and the Department of Trade and Industry.

It will also collaborate closely with the region's two new urban and explorates the exponentiate and explorates the exponentiate and two negroups acceptances.

development corporations - both of which will be concentrating on getting thousands of derelict acres into developable shape.

Therices such as interlocking like it. Mr Atkinson believes its directorships will help keep role is central to developing an everyone in step with each overall strategy that will optim-

Mr Atkinson; 'We are only at an early stage. We have to prove ourselves'

ise use of government money in region, given the large num-of different pots it is going

He sees it offering ideas on policy as part of its job. These might relate to academic activity, development of a balance of industries, the need to get more research and development into the region, how to develop tour-

ism and other service industries. Dr Andrew Robinson, the NDC's head of corporate affairs, NDC's nead or corporate attains, takes the argument further. "Our model is the SDA and certain European regions such as Grenoble, Turin, Catalonia, Baden-Wurttemburg all areas of potential and growth we can learn force."

lead in conceptualising where we should be going. Most European countries are organised on regional lines, and the regions compete against each other. They can teach us a lot.

Dr Robinson says that the NDC is targetting on seven good industrial areas for growth -plastics, information technology, plastics, intomated estations, electronics, offshore, fashion and textiles, pharmaceuticals and biotechnology, and advanced manufacturing technology.

It is also looking at how to get more money out of the European Community. "What is the best practice? Other countries do bet-ter than us. We are the loudest in asking for money, but the effort is fragmented," he says.

Where the NDC has an outstand ing track record already is in overseas promotion. It has the subsumed NEDC to thank for this, which brought with it offices in Chicago, Tokyo and Hong Kong.

Mr Chris Fraser, head of over-seas operations, is adopting a tar-getted approach in the US with getten approach in the US is telephone marketing. The US is likely to remain the UK's biggest inward investor and while the second largest input comes from West Germany, Scandinavia is a big investor in the North-East test hossure of a recognition of too because of a recognition of proximity that goes back to the

Vikings. In the Far East, Japan is the major target area, with the NDC playing on Japanese fears that future European sales may depend on manufacturing in

There are now 17 Japanese companies in the North-East, with more on the way. The 3,500 employed now will rise to 5,000 by 1990, when Japanese capital investment will be \$500m, representing more than 20 per cent of Japanese manufacturing invest-ment in the UK. The region also got the first UK manufacturing investments by Korea, Hong Kong and Singapore, all the result of targetted approaches. Taiwan, Korea and Australia are

Atkinson, who expects to see Mr Easteal's successor appointed soon. He says: "I would not do this job if I did not believe there was something the NDC could achieve. You are fighting against the idea that if you set up an organisation you have solved the problem. We are only at an early stage. We have to prove our selves. But people are more encouraged now than ever

ian Hamilton Fazey

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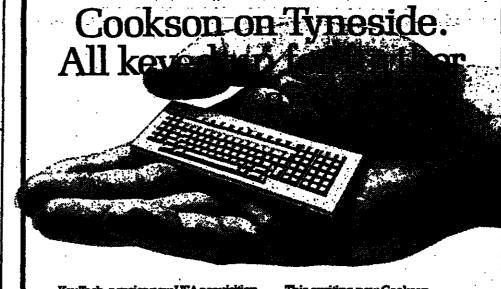
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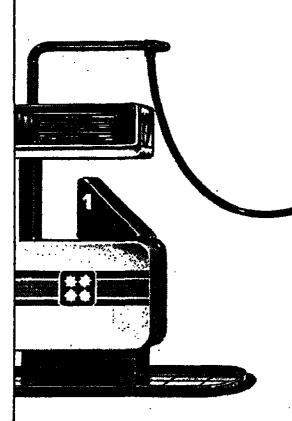
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Venture capital

Behind the nappies

and Industry Secretary, opened the new 78,000 sq ft factory of Blue Ridge Care in Consett this month, his visit marked another Blue Ridge Care in Consett this month, his visit marked another senabled the British Technology step in the remarkable emergence of a new industry in the Northern Region - venture capi-

investors in Industry (3i) - the venture and development capital provider owned by the Bank of England and the main clearers might argue that, since it has been in Newcastle for 15 years, there is nothing much new about risk capital in the area.

However, Mr Colin Chadburn, who has been with 31 since those any only for any days, says. The nature of any days, says.

These are small sums compared with the millions that 3i shift working within two months and numbers employed have fers but their significance is not grown from 15 to 180 in three so much their size as that they are there at all. All have some \$3.7m to \$9.8m and should be measure of private sector money from London in them, so success will give the City greater confi-

The growth of Northern Inves-

The growth of Northern Investors is doubly significant, for apart from about \$1m of London money - including \$100,000 from Northumbria Unit Trust - the bulk of its fund has come from local industry.

Giants such as ICI, NEI, Vsux Breweries, Tyne Tees Television, and Trafalgar House all contributed substantially in a six-week rush in 1984, doubling the \$2m-\$3m expectations of Mr Michael Denny, Northern Investors' managing director.

aging director.
One-third of his fund's \$2.3m portfolio to date is in start-ups. There have been 18 investments to date and Mr Denny expects to be fully invested with another 22 by the end of next year. He will then be looking for more money and more investments. What has been happening generally so far should encourage potential back-

Northumbria Unit Trust is one investor here with \$308,000, while another is CIN Industrial

much about what a combination of the right sort of Government aid and venture capital can do. The founder, Mr David Langston, is an American who had

been in Newcastle for 15 years, there is nothing much new about risk capital in the area.

However, Mr Colin Chadburn, who has been with 3i since those early days, says. The nature of the business has changed very much. Fifteen years ago you would not go out looking - all the business would be referred. We are much more pro-active now and competitive. His competitors include Northern Investors, a \$5m fund formed in 1984 as a private sector replacement for the Govern ment's wound-down British Technology Group, and the \$55.25m Northumbria Unit Trust, one of Lazard's regional funds. Soon, the Newcastle office of stockbrokers Penney Easton will be launching a fund for equity deals of under \$50,000.

These are small sums compared with the millions that \$3.

grown from 15 to 180 in three years. Turnover has gone from \$3.7m to \$9.8m and should be \$18m-plus this year. Meanwhile, disposable nappies now have 66 per cent of the UK market and Blue Ridge has 10 per cent of all nappy sales.

Mr Chadburn points to a string of successful investments by 31, including Northumbria Fine Foods, which started with \$30,000 of 31 money in 1977. More rounds of financing fuelled continuous growth. When the company went to the market last year, 31 sold enough to take out \$1m while retaining a 9 per cent share of the equity.

Derwent Valley Foods famous

share of the equity.

Derwent Valley Foods, famous for its Phileas Fogg cocktail snacks, is another 3i client. Its four founders came from the North-East.

scores over a bank's comfortably able nappies, is one example. secured loan capital, for the ven-

with the investee.
We do strategic planning with

client companies. It's not hands-on management - it's eyes-on management," Mr Chad-

its last investment, to exit at a profit.

The company's success says much about what a combination made. You add value by active to the state of Chapter of the state of Chapter of the state of Chapter of the state of the stat participation.;

"We help people to find customers. We don't just say, Here you are sunshine, here's XYZ pounds, we hope you do all right with it. We are in the hands-on,

remaining investments include Blue Ridge, its biggest, and Northern investors, its smallest.

But do the funds go small enough? Mr Chadburn thinks

may come from is that he also

for its Franches snacks, is another 3t care four founders came from the North-East crisp industry, though they did not have a product - only their talents - at that a stage.

BSC Industry, Barclays, and ay the DTI all helped to get them as going. The company had an early crisis but 3i gave the necessary considerably. Meanwhile, the foundations of the professional and financial network needed for venture capitalism to thrive

Industrial restructuring means changing the region's culture

Improving the enterprise climate

ONE FAST-GROWING, medium... "There are a lot of small and sized business in the North-East medium-sized fast-growing business recently raising more vennesses, but there is a skill short-ture capital to grow even faster. Its managers, all recruited locally creates a managerial bottleneck. It is going to be difficult for offered the chance to buy equity. Some to make the transition to the entrepreneur's astonishment, they declined.

In the parts of Britain where there is a stronger entrepreneur-work is spread and delegated.

there is a stronger entrepreneurial tradition, the opportunity would have been snapped up, with people borrowing to raise the money. Prof John Goddard of Newcastle University's Centre for Urban and Regional Development Studies finds the North-East response unsurprising.

He says it is more than likely that the managers concerned live

He says it is more than likely that the managers concerned live surrounded by public sector professionals and middle managers working for larger businesses. Getting rich through doing your own thing does not spring easily to the forefront of people's minds. Peer group pressure is against personal risk.

People need examples to follow and in Britain's thriving areas there are many more of them spread through submrbia.

As research by Investors in Industry (3i) has shown, smaller and medium-sized businesses footer problem-solving ability - than network here is not as good. It's

Northern Engineering Barratt Developments

T. Cowie
Sincair & Colfis
Vaux Group
Swan Hunter
Yarrow Shipbulk

Forbo UK Darchem D.S.M. Autos

Corning Rooner

Bellway Sunderland Shipbuilders Darlington & Simpson Rolling Mills Davy McKee (Stockton)

Chariton-Lesiie Engli Laws Stores Cleveland Potash British Chrome & Che Sadler and Co Walter Willson Perstorn

Perstorp Perstorp AB
Cookson Industrial Materials Cookson Group

them spread through the social ter problem-solving ability - the Prof Goddard says: "The social ter problem-solving ability - the network here is not as good. It's main entrepreneurial requirement - at all middle manager levertheal mass problem.

The North-East's top companies



who want to do their own thing.

Mr Colin Chadburn, head of 31's Newcastle office, says that one way this manifests itself in the Northern Region is in the nature of management buyouts.

where a more entrepreneurial units, a software development attitude runs throughout the enterprise. This is where people learn and develop the confidence that offers training for media to bid for their businesses. to bid for their businesses.

tendency to be branch factories, a complex of studio workspaces, do not have a full team of managers to run the business on a facilities. Marketing and brokerstand-alone basis, nor do they age support will help designers get the scope to operate outside a win orders from industry. Burlaid-down strategy to learn more laid-down st

skills.

The buyouts mostly involve amalier businesses, usually family-owned, where the range of used factory that is now a commanagerial skills is wide and plex of incubator and larger units, a software development

ingrained over generations will itself take a generation or more.

In Cleveland, the Rev Bill the well may not be deep enough for everyone to drink from has come with the postponement of sixth-formers with members of the Teesside Small Business Club. Now the sessions extend to all schools, with Durham University Business School, BSC Industry, the DTI and NatWest all offering practical or financial help.

Every Cleveland pupil has a new option on the timetable exploring what Mr Wright calls the "key life skills" of self-confidence, enthusiasm, leadership, creativity, risk-taking, problem-for pound in kind for these projects. The first, ominous sign that the well may not be deep enough for everyone to drink from has come with the postponement of a start on the Cleveland Enterprise Centre, planned as \$2.2m example of the best in job-creation practice.

ICI, BSC Industry, British Telecom, Barclays, Northern Foods, exploring what Mr Wright calls substantially short of the \$700,000-worth of private sector under the Government's "pound const." The rest of the const. Well come from a commercial substantial projects. under the Government's "pound for pound" rules. The rest of the

dence, enthusiasm, leadership, creativity, risk-taking, problemsolving and flexibility. These are aimed specifically at any young people who might be interested in self-employment later on Some start even in primary school.

Cleveland's initiatives also include support for people in self-employment, with advisers paid for by the Manpower Services Commission via the Community Programme. Youth Business Centres - one-stop shops for advice and help - are the third stade.

So, despite many examples of wanting to use videos in their so, despite many examples of successful and growing busi-marketing.

Enterprise agencies and an innovation centre are also active, industrial culture where succeed-

industrial culture where succeeding generations have grown used to working for dominant, local employers or depending on the state to support them in unemployment.

Changing this culture is a crucial to industrial restructuring, but many believe that combatting anti-entrepreneurial attitudes that have become ingrained over generations will itself take a generation or more.

The direct hese rely substantially on the private sector for support of existing big business. However, there is a problem caused by the private sector's narrow base in the area. It means that the same sources are being tapped time after time for money, secondees and other support in kind for these projects.

The first, ominous sign that

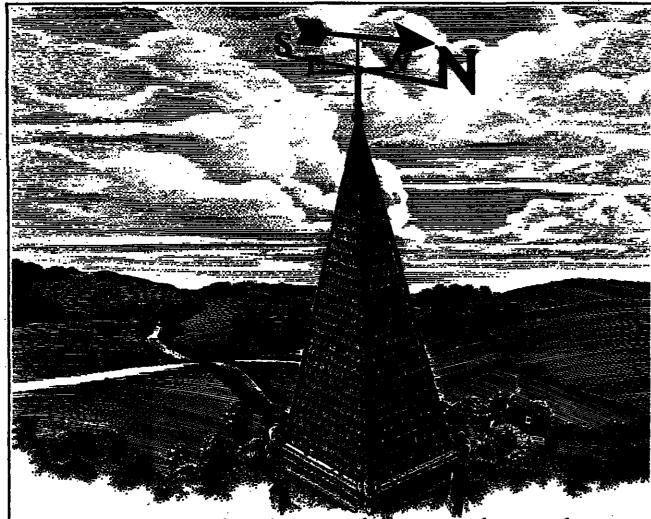
advice and help - are the third stage.

Meanwhile, other initiatives strive to keep talent in the region, for flight to London or elsewhere has been the only way for many to find channels for their abilities.

Design Works is an example. This was a clothing factory in Gateshead owned by the Burton Group. The Sir Robert McAlpine group is using Community Programme labour to convert it into

Tynesia. for further growth.





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-NORTH-

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Gateshead festival

Northern Kew takes shape

THE SITE, or rather sites, of Gateshead National Garden Festival 1990, were once among the most polluted and despoiled to be found beside

the River Tyne.

Reclamation of the former
Redheugh Gasworks, the Norwood Cokeworks, the Thomas
Ness Tarworks and the Norwood railway sidings represents a major initiative by Gateshead Metropolitan Borough Council. It spent £4m of Derelict Land Grant in under

Derelict Land Grant in under four years in accelerating a process which might otherwise have taken 30.

By June 1988 reclamation will be complete and the framework in place for festival uses to take shape. NGF90, as it is known, is set to follow Liverpool. Stoketo follow Liverpool, Stoke-on-Trent and Glasgow in the modern garden festival move-ment, which progresses to Ebbw Vale in 1992. It seems likely to be among the more memorable settings.

A prime reason is location. Gateshead could hardly have chosen a tougher prospect than the four sites, linked by a disused rail corridor and punctuated by the noxious River Team. Residual contamination included phenols, sul-phides, tars, heavy metals

coal dust.
On one flank is a 1960s municipal housing estate, whose massive tower block, known as The Rocket, dominates the skyline. On the other, gasholders protrude. The Tyne shore is dominated

by the massive silhouette of the coal statths, whose cente-nary falls in 1990.

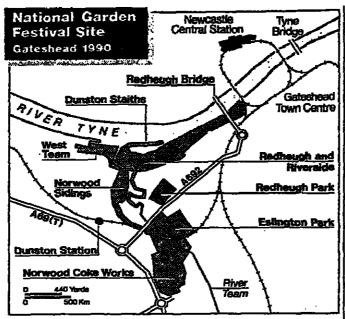
It is not the sort of place It is not the sort of place where you might expect to find hundreds of rare tree species, a Northern Kew. That is why Mr David Copeland, NGF90's executive director, is preparing for a greener look than other festivate The contrast of exploses. vals. The contrast of copious

planting with the stark envi-

ronment around promises

great visual excitement.

Mr Copeland is a planner by profession but his company, which has operational inde-pendence from the local authority, has eschewed a masterplan. Festival themes childhood, Tyne heritage, homes and gardens - link with agreed after-uses of recre-ation, leisure activities and housing. The festival itself, however splendid, is princi-pally an enabler. Without it, Gateshead would never have levered



\$6.4m in derelict land grant for the 200-acre site, let alone a further \$13.5m from other a further £13.5m from other public purse sources to multiply the borough's own £5.8m injection. Private sector contributions should add an all-important £4m to capital spending, plus £6m in sponsorship. Projected operational profits of \$5m during the summer of 1990 suggest an overall budget in excess of

That is big money, and Gateshead MBC will be guaranteeing revenue costs of up to \$8m to encourage particito sam to encourage partici-pation. On present evidence there will be no lack of tak-ers. NGF90 is in the process of negotiating main-title spon-sors; the £4m capital injec-tion will come from end-us-ers. The main problem, as ever is time. ever. is time.

Reclamation offered a par-ticular challenge on the key Redheugh site, where pollu-tion was too imbedded for the ground simply to be capped off. Given massive drainage demands, the borough's recla-mation team decided to imple-ment a capillary break blaz-ket method invented by Dr Tom Cairney of Liverpool Polytechnic. This admixture of pulverised fly ash, crushed dolomite and sand allows downward percolation but no upward movement. PFA is also being used in the sub-soil, along with straw and 100,000 cubic metres of silt dredged from the Tyne. Topsoil, stored nearby, comes from the Nissan factory site

The staiths fronting Redheugh, listed for their his-toric importance, are under restoration at a cost of £1.25m. Their gantries will be put back in working order, and track is being laid for period steam locomotives. Steam is already lined up in the presence of the Ravenglass and Eskdale narrow gauge railway, which will serve as a distributor around the two northern sites. A slow-moving monorail, pre-funded by a Belgian firm, does a similar job around the

southern sections. One established planning principle is that all motorised vehicles are segregated from pedestrians. Given the distance between sites, with car and coach parking necessarily on the fringes, balance and distribution of visitors - at least 25,000 are expected on peak days - will be crucial. To this end a continuous road train service will run on its

oday's Electrical processes can increase efficiency,

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Pedestrians can make the Pedestrians can make the same journey on a spine footpath with shelter points every 100 yards and shopping along the corridor section. The path could also accommodate a linear modern art exhibition - if there is room. Some of the early tree planting (over 1m already) is iconardised by rival uses. eopardised by rival uses.

Regionally-based landscape architect practices were awarded £1,000 each to pro-duce ideas around the existthe structure and themes. Each, says Mr Copeland, will be offered further work on merit. That is also his attitude to the nurseries and garden den centres seeking to supply plants. Where possible, all contracts are to be let locally but rarer species or specifications may have to come from further afield.

Despite NGP90's quest for excellence, its appeal will be unashamedly popular. Indeed, this combination of high horticultural and amenity of the combination of the co nity standards linked with themes like Magic and Illu-sion or The Future, is hoped to create a heady brew of local enthusiasm, regional pride and national recogni-tion

Will its success, in the end, be measured simply in num-bers? Mr Copeland points to the huge vested interests, public and private, in a \$40m project, all with different objectives and individual ways of reckoning value for money. There are bound to be those who feel unhappy.

However, he has no doubt that the festival will offer a major boost to the North-East's image and self-esteem. It will provide a legacy of exciting tourist attractions along the Tyne, of high qual-ity recreational facilities, of private and rented housing.

Perhaps the spirit of NGF90 is best summed up by a two-acre section beside the River Team in Redheugh where a Third World village is planned. Visitors will enter through an aircraft fuselage, and groups from different countries will demonstrate the realities of their everyday life. It is a symbol that a rich nation with the ability to regenerate one of its own regenerate one of its own devastated areas has not forgotten the wider perspective.

Robert Waterhouse

North by North-West

EVERYONE KNOWS where Cumbria is located on the map. Where it is located in terms of the English regions is something else. The Northern Development Company (NDC) claims it for the North; its major employers - who contribute massively to future industrial development - want it in the North-West.

Meanwhile, the county formed in the 1970s by the smal-gamation of Cumberland and Westmorland with parts of north Lancashire - pays its dues to Inward, the North-West's inward that Cumbria was in the North-

Cumbria County Council has base and it would confuse matters to change it.

Council has voted in favour but has no general support in much Council has voted in layour out-has no general support in much of industry and commerce, par-ticularly in West Cumbria. Critically, two of the most powerful elements in the indus-trial infrastructure - VSEI, the

Trident submarine yard at Bar- North-East.

row, and British Nuclear Fuels (BNFL) at Sellafield - are inter-ested in staying in the more buoyant North-West Confusion abounds, partly

because of the Government's stance Cumbria is in the North for statistical purposes but in the North-West when it comes to administration by the Depart-ments of the Environment (DoE) and Trade and Industry (DTI). ployment statistics come out, for example. The official reason is that Cumbria was in the North-

base would not be difficult. One cynical view is that Cumbria's low unemployment rate of under 10 per cent helps disguise how had things really are in the

which, although it has long since closed its West Cumbrian biast furnaces, has one of the world's leading rail making plants in the area - is very active through BSC Industry. VSEL has one of the biggest training programmes in Britain.

Memorphile BNWI has recently

Meanwhile, BNFL has recently sunounced a Sim a year contribution to the West Cumbria Initiative, aimed at widening the industrial base and fostering more small business growth. This is the sort of money the NDC could do with, but BNFL is not on its list of writers sector. not on its list of private sector

It is against this background that Mr Reay Arkinson, the NDCs chief executive, has been lobbying hard to get Cumbris

Cumbria has a problem in Workington, where 14 per cent unemployment has given it development area status, but Carliste has remained stable with United Biscuits, Pirelli and Nestle big employers, and Cavaghan and Gray, one of 31's long-term success stories as a major supplier of quiches and other high quality foods to Marks and Spencer.

The development has a problem in fully committed to his fold. He has some powerful friends in the Government, but so has in the heart of VSEL, who argues that the hear

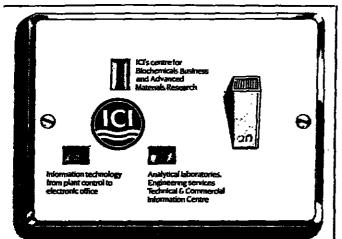
an east-west link.

Mr Atkinson concedes this, but says that Carlisle's case to link with Newcastle - 60 miles along the A69, compared with 120 miles to Manchester - makes sense. But while he says that, the same applies to all of Cumbria north of Shap fell. He admits that the natural affinity for anywhere south of Shap is with the North-West.

The people lobbying against him say the greater logic is to keep all of Cumbria in the West Pennine region, which is where it is geographically, as the high industrial guns want.

Mr Atkinson will keep fighted ing however. He says: "Cumbriated gives us a distinct advantage in promoting the Northern Region, especially regarding tourism and the strength of existing indus-

Lan Hamilton Fazey



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Penny-pinching is bad housekeeping

Tourism

TOURISM IN Cumbria and Nor-thumbria, the two ETB regions for Northern England, is a mul-ti-million pound business. Last year it was worth an estimated \$256m to Cumbria and \$230m to Northumbria, providing around 50,000 valuable jobs across the North. Yet the two tourist boards, with a combined turn-over of just \$1.07m, are battling to conserve their operational pennies for everyday survival. pennies for everyday survival.
Northumbria Tourist Board,
whose balliwick extends from
Middlesbrough to Berwick-onTweed, is currently considering
travel restrictions on its development staff. Cumbria asks journalists to kindly return back-

ground documents, or cough up the shelf price. The tourist boards claim their housekeeping practices are already stringent. They say that the ETB has indicated standstill

budgets for next financial year. Many of the local authorities which support them are rate-capped. The principal expansion route is through sponsorship, and in Cumbris at least commercial membership would be difficult to improve.

Grant aid for tourism projects, which comes from a separate ETB allocation, amounted to \$644,000 in Northumbria during 1986-87, levering \$4.27m and 256 jobs. In Cumbria \$510,000 brought an investment of \$4.59m

brought an unversal and 116 jobs.

Because they are geographically large but numerically small, Cumbria and Northumbria have most to gain from member-ship of the Northern Consortium amp of the Northern Consortium of tourist boards, whose joint overseas marketing of "England's North Country," using Manches-ter Airport as the gateway, shows great potential.

At the other end of things, Northumbria recently set up its

own community programme agency in partnership with the MSC, which led to the staffing of a bourist information centre at Newcastle Airport.

Newcastle Airport.
In comparison with the other regional board areas, Cumbria and Northumbria form the bottom league, with 15m and 16m bed nights recorded respectively during 1985 (Thames and Chilterns was the next lowest at 30m). However, tourism's importance to the Northern Region's economy is double the national average in job terms.

This is brought about by a combination of geography, topography and industrial recession. With the current agricultural crisis, farmers are also turning to tourism as a valuable

turning to tourism as a valuable source of income. Most of the region comes within rural develregion comes within frink dever-opment areas, while land over 800ft is officially a Less Favoured Area for farming Such designations bring access to Development Commission and European Community funds. The challenges - and opportuni-ties - vary widely across the region. Cumbria acknowledges that the Lake District becomes

that the Lake District becomes unhealthily full in season. Official policy is to encourage tourism in the rest of the county, and special emphasis is being placed on both Penrith and Carlisle as centres. Poor publicity about Chernobyl fall-out over the fells has been balanced in a strange sort of way by British Nuclear Fuels' successful promotion of the Windscale visitor centre.

Northumbria, with no single tourist magnet, suffers from a lack of perceived identity. But unlike Cumbris it has two major conurbations in Teesside and Tyne & Wear, whose smart business hotels offer potential for weekend breaks, Middlesbrough is only a few minutes from the North Yorkshire Moors, and its hotels are good value. Newcastle claims to be the liveliest regional centre in Britain.

Attempting to create the missing tourist identity, the North-East's local authorities are becoming enthusiastic promoters becoming enthusiastic promoters of their own patch. Durham County Council sells the theme of the Prince Bishops who once ruled the world from Durham Cathedral. South Tyneside (or South Shields) majors on Catherine Cookson, the romantic novelist. Alnwick pushes the Percy connection as the Lion Heart of Northumberland.

An irony of the present pen-

An irony of the present pen-ny-pinching is that Northumbria, especially, is so marketable. As a tourist region it has just about everything, from Hadrian's Wall to the Metro Centre, from Holy Isle to the Kielder Forest, with superb communications and space for all. Any image problems are illusory. Those who come and see for themselves know better. Yet Northumbria attracts consistently low percentages of tourists from overseas, and from elsewhere in England. Mr Stephen Gent, Northumbria TB's development officer, believes that in the long run it is

believes that in the long run it is better to have a variety of themes than a honeypot like the Lake District. He is worried that facilities could be stretched by the great influx of people expected for the Gateshead National Garden Festival in 1990. The ratity value of the North-East, something treasured by many visitors, might be dented.

It is not that tourism organisers hide themselves away. On

visitors, might be dented.

It is not that tourism organisers hide themselves away. On the contrary, they are phenomenally busy year-round. Miss Jane Paterson, Northumbria's senior marketing officer, reckons on a 10-hour day and lots of weekend work. Tourist promotion does not have much of a career structure and offers modest salary scales. It still suffers from the old slur that tourism is not a 'real' job.

Cumbria, an old hand at managing Lake District crowds, is ahead of Northumbria in producing a strategy document for the coming five years. Its long list of objectives - like opening up new areas, protecting and improving precious environments, bolstering traditional industries - ends with a plea for a first step in more realistic funding. In order to obtain maximum public and government support for the tourism industry, they should be informed about what the needs of the tourism industry are...CTB and other agencies urgently need resources to implement this strategy.'

Tourism in the North of England is more than a necessary curse. Its nrecisely-directed

England is more than a neces-sary curse. Its precisely-directed investment and its bias towards self-help have real-life implica-tions for local communities. Combris and Northumbris tour-ist boards believe they are sim-ply asking for better tools to get on with an important job.

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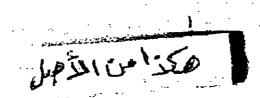
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SUPPORTING THE NDC



Belasis spots a winner

sundry to come and share their hard-won knowledge. What makes the Belasis Hall Technology Park on Teesside so unusual is that ICI has done just that. Mr George Hunter, the technology park's chief executive, explains: 'Anyone in the park will be free to knock on ICI's

"My role is to unlock the speci-alised expertise used within ICI in supporting its own businesses and make it available to the whole spectrum of tenants from

whole spectrum of tenants from small firms to hranches of international companies."

Few small firms can afford an electron microscope, but would give anything to get at one for an hour or so a month, he adds.

A joint venture between ICI and English Estates, with substantial financial backing from both central and local government, the technology park comprises 167 acres of land dedicated by the company.

by the company.
English Estates is building
50,000 sq ft of business accommodation known as Belasis
Court Finished in traditional red brick, the seven pavilions are set around a courtyard and range services up to a 10,000 sq ft block.

built premises, there are also parcels of land, up to 15 acres,

These may be constructed by English Estates to a client's spec-

The best

age of itskin in Britain

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NOT MANY companies operating to build its own property. Mr in the realm of advanced technology issue open invitations - of options for future development, almost open - to all and ment of the park. He is actively e their seeking the involvement of ven-What ture capital. The facilities ICI is willing to

make available to incoming ten-ants include information techand include intormation technology, from plant control to the electronic office, and stretch from patent agents to the whole gamut of engineering disciplines. The proximity of ICI's biological products business and the advanced materials research and advanced materials research and development operation are seen as very significant attractions.

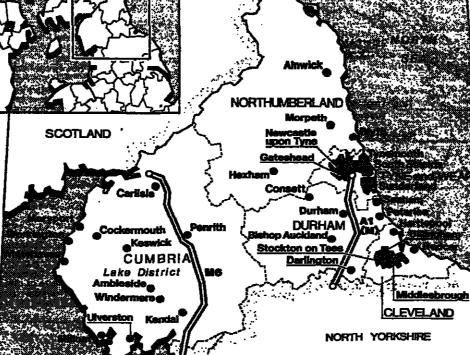
Companies setting up in the technology park will also benefit from close contact with the region's academic world. In 1983, the universities of Durham and Newcastle, together with the polytechnics of Teesside, Sunderland and Newcastle set up a collaborative working group known as Hesin (Higher Educational

as Hesin (Higher Educational Support for Industry in the North).

Significantly, as its first venture in collaboration, Hesin chose biotechnology. With the arrival in the region of several joint venture, a licensing specialised firms, such as immunodiagnostics, Mariborough Biopolymens and NBL Enzymes, and the presence of giants Boots and the rapidly expanding UK biotechnology industry.

This strength is one on which Belasis Hall Technology Park clearly hopes to capitalise. Mr

John Russell, ICI Biological Products general manager outlines men and persuading them to receive the read to the products general manager outlines are the read to the product of the original services of the original services of the original services.



relationship. This can be a simple structured collaboration, a licensing joint venture, a licensing arrangement or possibly contract ing-in date for the first tenants of the screen from within 100 miles of Teesside.

ucts general manager outlines men and persuading them to some of the options:

We focus on the success of the venture and are prepared to be of the technology park by Wimflexible about the nature of our pey has gone well and is ahead

The Northern Development Company is helping with the marketing of the park, both in other parts of the UK and abroad. US inquiries so far include specialist engineering and health care companies. How-

ing-in date for the first benants has been brought forward from ants will want to tap-in to ICI.

May to March next year.

The first company has already been signed up and talks are under way with eight others. \$500,000 is being spent at the about the facilities they require.

Forty inquiries have been the planting of \$0,000 trees and the planting of \$0,000 tre

Education and industry

Hesin's key role

have this year organised them-selves to offer joint support to industry in high technology fields and help force the pace of They formed an organisation called Hesin - Higher Education Support for Industry - in 1983, but in July they gave the body some teeth by appointing Dr

some teeth by appointing Dr Claim MacNamara to market costs of supporting him in an technology. Heatin in the region and, through the NDC's network, abroad.

The universities of Newcastle such and Durham and the polytechnics of Sunderland, Teesside and Newcastle are the organisation's members.

Heatin's record to date has been founded in biotachnology, where it has had notable success in pulling together academics and co-ordinating the resources to hard training for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line institutions pay half the for education and training for line in the region and through the line in the region and training for line in the region and training for line in the region and through the line in the region and training for line in the region and training for line in the region and the line in the region and the polytechnic and another government region and another properties for members.

The universities of Newcastle and the polytechnic and another properties for members and another properties for members.

The insti

pulling together academics and co-ordinating the resources to industry. Biotechnology is strong in the area through the pharmaceuticals industry and regional companies for exploitation."

Contrary to popular belief executive on which each institution about test tubes and small laboratories handling exotic chemicals, much biotechnology is concerned with large-scale industrial executive member is sufficient processes such as fermentation for decisions to be taken that can land antibiotics manufacture.

Because of the size of the

industry in the region and num-bers of academics already involved, the biotechnology col-laboration was a natural one. continuing education, ensuring that between them the institu-tions optimise high technology training for scientists in North-East industry. It has European money to support this But an active agency was needed to pull the strands together in other fields. In other words, Dr MacNamara.

MetroCentre's founder

The man who took on retail Newcastle

apostle of the out-of-town shop-ping lobby. He is the private developer who created the MetroCentre at Gateshead,

"Shopping can be the catalyst to reclaim derelict sites," he says. And that is what has been done at Gateshead, for the Metro-Centre has been built on the site of an old coal ash tip. The notion has been recognised in the Government's planning instructions. ernment's planning instructions for local authorities.

for local authorities.

Although cool generally to the idea of huge new shopping centres siphoning the life out of the very city centres that are the subject of major urban regeneration programmes, the latest draft circulars from the Department of the Environment nod in the direction of Mr Hall.

Very exceptionally, said the

Very exceptionally, said the Government's recent draft circular on major out-of-town developments, "they may be acceptable where they result in the reclamation of a large area of derelict land and other environments," improvements," mental improvements," and where their impact is likely to be

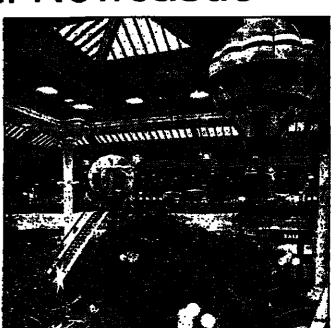
There was a degree of inevita-bility about that. The Depart-ment of Environment, regardless of the merits of the catalyst argument, was hardly likely to kick at a concept which in the North-East has won the plaudits of Cabinet Ministers and an invitation to lunch at 10 Downing

Centre has resulted in a large injection of funds to the We've cleared the dole yet another retail warehouse see on the south bank of the park into a mixed shopping cen

For some the rise of the Metro-Centre is the symbol of the rise of the North-East, an impression that the gushing publicity for the MetroCentre seeks to

devising grandiose plans to turn the former Londonderry estates into golf courses, business parks, hotels and so on. At the retail level, he wants to

MetroTees and is now consider-ing a mixed development of retail warehouses, an industrial



business park and cinema com- facts that MetroCentre continues

Mr Hall says he is a dreamer. Others see him as a visionary. But he would be the first to Street for Mr Hall.

He has noted that the Metro-MetroCentre did not come all at once one dawn. Indeed, it was only the involvement of Marks lepressed areas south of Newcas- and Spencer that turned it from

Topsy. As one surveyor who has been associated with the scheme from the early days observed, "the architect never caught up with the builder."

side as the new gateway to It started with Enterprise Zone Europe, picking up the mantle of tax advantages, which have Mr North-East. And with the given retailers a lower cost base MetroCentre under his belt, he is than they would otherwise have had. But the tax breaks run out in 1991 at around the time the

et success.

et while there has been in the lut property industry a steady drip for of rumours that the retailers at

Many of the High Street multi-ples are there and they have

gathered around them a host of smaller retailers. About £140m has been invested. But as, in October, the Metro-Centre was opening new facili-ties, so too was the Eldon Square shopping centre in the middle of Newcastle. What the Metrocentre so far has failed to do is to draw much traffic away from the established Newcastle prime

centres to the south and west. Certainly Mr Hall has been Shopping traffic in Eldon prepared to take risks. Whether the MetroCentre will provide an tored and the stores there have tored and the stores there have been reporting not a fall in their takings but, rather, an average 3-4 per cent slippage from their

targets.
This is significant because the interplay of MetroCentre and Eldon Square provides the best source of evidence on the effects of the traditional city centres. Yet it will take some time for this evidence to accumulate. MetroCentre has been active for

> Paul Cheeseright Property Correspondent

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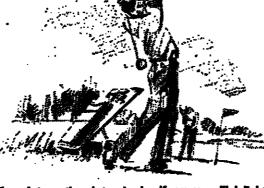
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lynesalmon catches best this

Tony Champion, Chief Fisheries Officer

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Even a few years ago, the idea that this could ever happen seemed an impossible dream. But that was before the Tyneside Sewage Treatment Scheme, a massive £150 million project being carried out by Northumbrian Water. It is the biggest estuarial clean-up in Britain and the benefits are being felt, not only by fishermen, but also be everyone who lives along its banks. The river is cleaner, sweeter and healthier and able to support an increasing marine population.

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Gateshead festival

Northern Kew takes shape

THE SITE, or rather sites, of Gateshead National Garden Festival 1990, were once among the most polluted and despoiled to be found beside the River Tyne.

Reclamation of the former Redheugh Gasworks, the Nor-wood Cokeworks, the Thomas Ness Tarworks and the Norwood railway sidings repre-sents a major initiative by Gateshead Metropolitan Borough Council. It spent £4m of Derelict Land Grant in under four years in accelerating a

process which might otherwise have taken 30.

By June 1988 reclamation will be complete and the framework in place for festival uses to take shape.

NGF90, as it is known, is set to follow Liverpool Stake. to follow Liverpool, Stoke-on-Trent and Glasgow in the modern garden festival move-ment, which progresses to Ebbw Vale in 1992. It seems ikely to be among the more

memorable settings.
A prime reason is location.
Gateshead could hardly have chosen a tougher prospect than the four sites, linked by a disusped rail corridor and punctuated by the noxious River Team. Residual contam-ination included phenols, sulphides, tars, heavy metals

coal dust.

On one flank is a 1960s municipal housing estate, whose massive tower block, known as The Rocket, dominates the skyline. On the other, gasholders protrude. The Tyne shore is dominated by the massive silhouette of the coal staiths, whose cente-nary falls in 1990. It is not the sort of place

where you might expect to find hundreds of rare tree species, a Northern Kew. That is why Mr David Copeland, NGF90's executive director, is preparing for a greener look than other festi-vals. The contrast of copious planting with the stark envi-ronment around promises great visual excitement.

Mr Copeland is a planner by

profession but his company, which has operational indewhich has operational inde-pendence from the local authority, has eschewed a masterplan. Festival themes -childhood, Tyne heritage, homes and gardens - link with agreed after-uses of recreation, leisure activities and housing. The festival itself, however splendid, is princi-

pally an enabler.
Without it, Gateshead would never have levered



transit points.

Pedestrians can make the redestrians can make the same journey on a spine footpath with shelter points every 100 yards and shopping along the corridor section. The path could also accommodate a linear modern art exhibition - if there is room. Some of the early tree planting (over 1 m already) is planting (over 1m already) is jeopardised by rival uses.

Regionally-based landscape architect practices were awarded £1,000 each to pro-duce ideas around the existing structure and themes.
Each, says Mr Copeland, will be offered further work on merit. That is also his attitude to the nurseries and garden centres seeking to supply plants. Where possible, all contracts are to be let locally but rarer species or specifica-tions may have to come from further afield.

Despite NGFM's quest for excellence, its appeal will be unashamedly popular. Indeed, this combination of high horticultural and amenity standards linked with themes like Mogic and Illu-sion or The Future, is hoped to create a heady brew of local enthusiasm, regional pride and national recogni-

Will its success, in the end, be measured simply in num-bers? Mr Copeland points to the huge vested interests, public and private, in a \$40m project, all with different objectives and individual ways of reckoning value for money. There are bound to be those who feel unhappy.

However, he has no doubt that the festival will offer a major boost to the North-East's image and self-esteem. It will provide a legacy of exciting tourist attractions along the Tyne, of high qual-ity recreational facilities, of private and routed housing private and rented housing.

Perhaps the spirit of NGF90 is best summed up by a two-acre section beside the River Team in Redheugh where a Third World village is planned. Visitors will enter through an aircraft fineless. through an aircraft fuselage, and groups from different countries will demonstrate the realities of their everyday life. It is a symbol that a rich nation with the ability to regenerate one of its own devastated areas has not forgotten the wider perspective.

Robert Waterhouse

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spending, plus £6m in spon-sorship. Projected operational profits of £5m during the summer of 1990 suggest an overall budget in excess of That is big money, and Gateshead MBC will be guar-anteeing revenue costs of up to 58m to encourage partici-pation. On present evidence there will be no lack of takers. NGF90 is in the process of negotiating main-title spon-sors; the £4m capital injec-tion will come from end-users. The main problem, as ever. is time. Reclamation offered a par ticular challenge on the key Redheugh site, where pollu-tion was too imbedded for the

public purse sources to multi-ply the borough's own \$5.8m injection. Private sector con-

tributions should add an all-important &4m to capital

ground simply to be capped off. Given massive drainage demands, the borough's recla-mation team decided to imple-ment a capillary break blan-ket method invented by Dr Tom Cairney of Liverpool
Polytechnic. This admixture
of pulverised fly ash, crushed
dolomite and sand allows downward percolation but no upward movement. PFA is also being used in the sub-soil, along with straw and 100,000 cubic metres of silt dredged from the Tyne. Topsoil, stored nearby, comes from the Nissan factory site

The staiths fronting Redheugh, listed for their his-toric importance, are under restoration at a cost of \$1.25m. Their gantries will be put back in working order, and track is being laid for period steam locomotives. Steam is already lined up in the presence of the Raven-glass and Eskdale narrow gauge railway, which will serve as a distributor around ie two northern sites. A slow-moving monorail, pre-funded by a Belgian firm, does a similar job around the southern sections.

One established planning principle is that all motorised vehicles are segregated from pedestrians. Given the distance between sites, with car and coach parking necessarily on the fringes, balance and distribution of visitors - at least 25,000 are expected on peak days - will be crucial. To this end a continuous road train service will run on its

obligation advice.

North by North-West

EVERYONE KNOWS where row, and British Nuclear Fuels Cumbria is located on the map. (BNFL) at Sellafield - are inter-Where it is located in terms of ested in staying in the more the English regions is something buoyant North-West else. The Northern Development Confusion about Company (NDC) claims it for the because of the Government's North; its major employers - who contribute massively to future in the North-West

Meanwhile, the county formed in the 1970s by the amalgamation of Cumberland and Westmorland with parts of north Lancashire - pays its dues to Inward, the North-West's inward investment agency, not the NDC.

Cumbria County Council has yet to decide whether it wants to go into the NDC as a fully paid-up member. Carlisle City council has voted in favour but and, with modern computing, that Cumbria was in the North-tender Region's original statistical base and it would confuse matters to change it.

However, Cumbria's figures are broken out easily on request confuse and with modern computing, there are resembled to of the

Confusion abounds, partly

stance. Cumbria is in the North for statistical purposes but in the North-West when it comes to administration by the Departments of the Environment (DoE) and Trade and Industry (DTI) The Government puts it in the North when the monthly unemployment statistics come out, for example. The official reason is that Cumbria was in the North-

has no general support in much of industry and conmerce, particularly in West Cumbria.

Critically, two of the most powerful elements in the industrial infrastructure - VSEL, the Trident submarine yard at Bar-North-East.

unemployment has given it in the Government, but to development area status, but Dr. Rodrey Leach, this ere Carlisle has remained stable with tire of viels, who armon t United Biscuits, Pirelli and Nesthe big employers, and Cavaghan and Gray, one of 3i's long-term success stories as a major supplier of quiches and other high quality foods to Marks and Spen-

Job creation efforts are very much locally based. British Seel - which, although it has long since closed its West Cumbrian blast furnaces, has one of the world's leading rail making plants in the area - is very active through BSC Industry. VSEL has one of the biggest training pro-

Meanwhile, BNFL has recently announced a Sim a year contribution to the West Cumbria Initiative, aimed at widening the industrial base and fostering more small business growth.
This is the sort of money the
NDC could do with, but BNFL is
not on its list of private sector

It is against this background that Mr Reay Atkinson, the NDC's chief executive, has been lobbying hard to get Cumbria

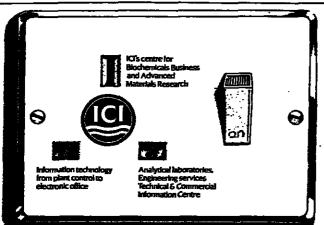
Cumbris has a problem in fully committed to his feld Workington, where 14 per cent lie has some powerful i when compared with the Mill express route into the he of Manchester, roman to Newcastie make a remains an east west link.

Mr Aukungon concedes this, 5335 that Carlisle's case to li with Newcastle - 60 miles ale the A60, compared with 1 miles to Manchester - mal miles 10 Matchesor has sense. But while he says that, is same applies to all of Camb north of Shap fell, he admithat the natural affinity for an where south of Shap is with t North West.

The people lobbying again him say the greater logic is keep all of Cumbra in the We Pennine region, which is whe it is geographically, as the t industrial gans want

Mr Atkinson will keep fig! ing however He says. "Cumbs gives us a distinct advantage promoting the Northern Regio especially regarding tourism as the strength of existing ind:

tan Hamilton Faze



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Tourism **Penny-pinching is** bad housekeeping

TOURISM IN Cumbria and Northumbris, the two ETB regions for Northern England, is a multi-million pound business. Last year it was worth an estimated \$256m to Cumbria and \$230m to Northumbria, providing around 50,000 valuable jobs across the North. Yet the two tourist boards, with a combined turn-over of just \$1.07m, are battling to conserve their operational pennies for everyday survival. Northumbria Tourist Board,

whose bailiwick extends from Middlesbrough to Berwick-on-Tweed, is currently considering travel restrictions on its development staff. Cumbria asks jour-nalists to kindly return background documents, or cough up he shelf price. The tourist boards claim their

housekeeping practices are already stringent. They say that the ETB has indicated standstill budgets for next financial year. Many of the local authorities which support them are rate-capped. The principal expansion route is through sponsorship, and in Cumbria at least commer-cial membership would be difficult to improve.

Grant aid for tourism projects. Grant sid for tourism projects, which comes from a separate ETB allocation, amounted to \$644,000 in Northumbria during 1986-87, levering \$4.27m and 256 jobs. In Cumbria \$510,000 brought an investment of \$4.59m and 116 jobs.

Because they are geographically large but numerically small Cumbria and Northumbria have most to gain from member-

have most to gain from member-ship of the Northern Consortium of tourist boards, whose joint overseas marketing of "England's North Country," using Manchester Airport as the gateway, shows great potential.
At the other end of things, Northumbria recently set up its

own community programme agency in partnership with the MSC, which led to the staffing of a tourist information centre at Newcastle Airport.

Newcastle Airport.
In comparison with the other regional board areas. Cumbria and Northumbria form the bottom league, with 15m and 16m bed nights recorded respectively during 1985 (Thames and Children's was the next learner was the next learner. terns was the next lowest at 30m). However, tourism's importance to the Northern Region's economy is double the national

average in job terms.

This is brought about by a combination of geography, topography and industrial recession. With the current agricultural crisis, farmers are also turning to tourism as a valuable source of income, Most of the region comes within rural devel-opment areas, while land over 800ft is officially a Less Favoured Area for farming. Such designations bring access to Development Commission and European Community funds. The challenges - and opportunities - vary widely across the resources to implement this region. Cumbria acknowledges that the Lake District becomes that the Lake District becomes the control of the con

Northumbria, with no single tourist magnet, suffers from a lack of perceived identity. But unlike Cumbria it has two major conurbations in Teesside and Tyne & Wear, whose smart busi-ness hotels offer potential for weekend breaks. Middlesbrough is only a few minutes from the North Yorkshire Moors, and its hotels are good value. Newcastle claims to be the liveliest regional

Attempting to create the missing tourist identity, the North-East's local authorities are becoming enthusiastic promoters of their own patch. Durham County Council sells the theme of the Prince Bishops who once cathedral. South Tyneside (or South Shields) majors on Catherine Cookson, the romantic novelist. Alnwick pushes the Percy connection as the Lion Heart of Northumberland.

Northumberland.

An irony of the present penny-pinching is that Northumbria, especially, is so marketable. As a tourist region it has just about everything, from Hadrian's Wall to the Metro Centre, from Holy isle to the Kielder Forest, with superhanders. superb communications and space for all Any image problems are illusory. Those who come and see for themselves know better. Yet Northumbria attracts consistently low percent-ages of tourists from overseas, nd from elsewhere in England. Mr Stephen Gent, Northumbria TB's development officer, believes that in the long run it is better to have a variety themes than a honeypot like the Lake District. He is worried that facilities could be stretched by the great influx of people expec-ted for the Gateshead National Garden Festival in 1990. The rar-ity value of the North-East,

something treasured by many visitors, might be dented.

It is not that tourism organisers hide themselves away. On the contrary, they are phenomenally busy year-round. Miss Jane Paterson, Northumbria's senior marketing officer reclares on a marketing officer, reckons on a 10-hour day and lots of weekend work. Tourist promotion does not have much of a career struc-ture and offers modest salary scales. It still suffers from the old slur that tourism is not a "real" job.

Cumbria, an old hand at man

aging Lake District crowds, is ahead of Northumbria in producing a strategy document for the coming five years. Its long list of objectives - like opening up new areas, protecting and improving areas, protecting and improving precious environments, bolstering traditional industries - ends with a plea for a first step in more realistic funding. In order to obtain maximum public and government support for the tourism industry, they should be informed about what the needs of the tourism industry are CTO of the tourism industry are...CTB

unhealthily full in sesson. Official policy is to encourage toursism in the rest of the county, and special emphasis is being placed on both Penrith and Carlisle as centres. Poor publicity about Chernobyl fall-out over the fells has been balanced in a strange sort of way by British Nuclear Fuels' successful promotion of the Windscale visitor centre.

England is more than a necessary curse, its precisely-directed investment and its bias towards self-help have real-life implications for local communities, cumbria and Northumbria tourist boards believe they are simply asking for better tools to get on with an important job.

Robert Watsrhouse

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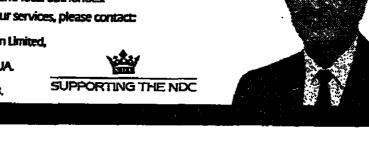
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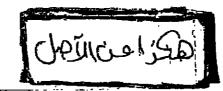
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Belasis spots a winner

sundry to come and share their hard-won knowledge. What makes the Belasis Hall Technology Park on Teesside so unusual is that ICI has done just that. Mr George Hunter, the technology park's chief executive, explains: 'Anyone in the park will be free to knock on ICI's

"My role is to unlock the speci-alised expertise used within ICI in supporting its own businesses and make it available to the whole spectrum of tenants from

whole spectrum of tenants from small firms to hranches of international companies."

Few small firms can afford an electron microscope, but would give anything to get at one for an hour or so a month, he adds.

A joint venture between ICI and English Estates, with substantial financial backing from both central and local government, the technology park comprises 167 acres of land dedicated by the company.

by the company.
English Estates is building
50,000 sq ft of business accommodation known as Belasis
Court Finished in traditional red brick, the seven pavilions are set around a courtyard and range services up to a 10,000 sq ft block.

built premises, there are also parcels of land, up to 15 acres,

These may be constructed by English Estates to a client's spec-

NOT MANY companies operating to build its own property. Mr in the realm of advanced technology issue open invitations - of options for future development, almost open - to all and ment of the park. He is actively

e their seeking the involvement of ven-What ture capital. The facilities ICI is willing to make available to incoming ten-ants include information techand include intormation technology, from plant control to the electronic office, and stretch from patent agents to the whole gamut of engineering disciplines. The proximity of ICI's biological products business and the advanced materials research and advanced materials research and development operation are seen as very significant attractions.

Companies setting up in the technology park will also benefit from close contact with the region's academic world. In 1983, the universities of Durham and Newcastle, together with the polytechnics of Teesside, Sunderland and Newcastle set up a collaborative working group known as Hesin (Higher Educational

as Hesin (Higher Educational Support for Industry in the North).

Significantly, as its first venture in collaboration, Hesin chose biotechnology. With the arrival in the region of several joint venture, a licensing specialised firms, such as immunodiagnostics, Mariborough Biopolymens and NBL Enzymes, and the presence of giants Boots and the rapidly expanding UK biotechnology industry.

This strength is one on which Belasis Hall Technology Park clearly hopes to capitalise. Mr

John Russell, ICI Biological Products general manager outlines men and persuading them to receive the read to the products general manager outlines are the read to the product of the original services of the original services of the original services.

NORTHUMBERLAND SCOTLAND DURHAM Stockton on Tea **CUMBRIA** Lake District

ucts general manager outlines men and persuading them to some of the options:

We focus on the success of the venture and are prepared to be of the technology park by Wimflexible about the nature of our pey has gone well and is ahead

relationship. This can be a simple structured collaboration, a licensing joint venture, a licensing arrangement or possibly contract ing-in date for the first tenants of the screen from within 100 miles of Teesside.

The Northern Development Company is helping with the marketing of the park, both in other parts of the UK and abroad. US inquiries so far include specialist engineering and health care companies. How-

ing-in date for the first benants has been brought forward from ants will want to tap-in to ICI.

May to March next year.

The first company has already been signed up and talks are under way with eight others. \$500,000 is being spent at the about the facilities they require.

Forty inquiries have been the planting of \$0,000 trees and the planting of \$0,000 tre

NORTH YORKSHIRE

Education and industry

Hesin's key role

have this year organised them-selves to offer joint support to industry in high technology fields and help force the pace of They formed an organisation called Hesin - Higher Education Support for Industry - in 1983, but in July they gave the body some teeth by appointing Dr

some teeth by appointing Dr Claim MacNamara to market costs of supporting him in an technology. Heatin in the region and, through the NDC's network, abroad.

The universities of Newcastle sund Durham and the polytechnics of Sunderland, Teesside and Newcastle are the organisation's members.

Heatin's record to date has been founded in biotachnology, where it has had notable success in pulling together academics and coordinating the resources to the funding in the spring.

The institutions pay half the for education and training for line in the technology.

Dr MacNamara says: "We expect to become increasingly pro-active, particularly in the engineering technologies."

IHF

pulling together academics and co-ordinating the resources to industry. Biotechnology is strong in the area through the pharmaceuticals industry and regional companies for exploitation."

Contrary to popular belief executive on which each institution about test tubes and small laboratories handling exotic chemicals, much biotechnology is concerned with large-scale industrial executive member is sufficient processes such as fermentation for decisions to be taken that can land antibiotics manufacture.

Because of the size of the

industry in the region and num-bers of academics already involved, the biotechnology col-laboration was a natural one. continuing education, ensuring that between them the institu-tions optimise high technology training for scientists in North-East industry. It has European money to support this But an active agency was needed to pull the strands together in other fields. In other words, Dr MacNamara.

MetroCentre's founder

The man who took on retail Newcastle

apostle of the out-of-town shop-ping lobby. He is the private developer who created the MetroCentre at Gateshead,

"Shopping can be the catalyst to reclaim derelict sites," he says. And that is what has been done at Gateshead, for the Metro-Centre has been built on the site of an old coal ash tip. The notion has been recognised in the Government's planning instructions. ernment's planning instructions for local authorities.

for local authorities.

Although cool generally to the idea of huge new shopping centres siphoning the life out of the very city centres that are the subject of major urban regeneration programmes, the latest draft circulars from the Department of the Environment nod in the direction of Mr Hall.

Very exceptionally, said the

Very exceptionally, said the Government's recent draft circular on major out-of-town developments, "they may be acceptable where they result in the reclamation of a large area of derelict land and other environments," improvements," mental improvements," and where their impact is likely to be

There was a degree of inevita-bility about that. The Depart-ment of Environment, regardless of the merits of the catalyst argument, was hardly likely to kick at a concept which in the North-East has won the plaudits of Cabinet Ministers and an invitation to lunch at 10 Downing

Centre has resulted in a large injection of funds to the lepressed areas south of Newcas- and Spencer that turned it from We've cleared the dole yet another retail warehouse see on the south bank of the park into a mixed shopping cen

For some the rise of the Metro-Centre is the symbol of the rise of the North-East, an impression that the gushing publicity for the MetroCentre seeks to

devising grandiose plans to turn the former Londonderry estates into golf courses, business parks, hotels and so on. At the retail level, he wants to

MetroTees and is now consider-ing a mixed development of retail warehouses, an industrial



business park and cinema com- facts that MetroCentre continues

Mr Hall says he is a dreamer. Others see him as a visionary. But he would be the first to Street for Mr Hall.

He has noted that the Metro-MetroCentre did not come all at once one dawn. Indeed, it was only the involvement of Marks

Topsy. As one surveyor who has been associated with the scheme from the early days observed, "the architect never caught up with the builder."

side as the new gateway to It started with Enterprise Zone Europe, picking up the mantle of tax advantages, which have Mr North-East. And with the given retailers a lower cost base MetroCentre under his belt, he is than they would otherwise have had. But the tax breaks run out in 1991 at around the time the

et success.

et while there has been in the lut property industry a steady drip for of rumours that the retailers at

Many of the High Street multi-ples are there and they have

gathered around them a host of smaller retailers. About £140m has been invested. But as, in October, the Metro-Centre was opening new facili-ties, so too was the Eldon Square shopping centre in the middle of Newcastle. What the Metrocentre so far has failed to do is to draw much traffic away from the established Newcastle prime

centres to the south and west. Certainly Mr Hall has been Shopping traffic in Eldon prepared to take risks. Whether the MetroCentre will provide an tored and the stores there have tored and the stores there have been reporting not a fall in their takings but, rather, an average 3-4 per cent slippage from their

targets.
This is significant because the interplay of MetroCentre and Eldon Square provides the best source of evidence on the effects of the traditional city centres. Yet it will take some time for this evidence to accumulate. MetroCentre has been active for

> Paul Cheeseright Property Correspondent

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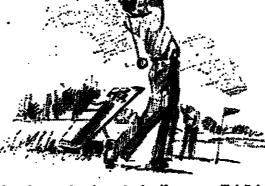
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lynesalmon catches best this Tony Champion, Chief Fisheries Officer

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